RESOLUTION

NO. R-23-507

CITY HALL: November 2, 2023

BY: COUNCILMEMBERS MORENO, MORRELL, HARRIS, GREEN AND THOMAS

RESOLUTION AND ORDER RELATED TO MADISON ENERGY INVESTMENTS, INC. MOTION TO AMEND COMMUNITY SOLAR RULES

DOCKET NO. UD-18-03

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana and the Home Rule Charter of the City of New Orleans, the Council of the City of New Orleans ("Council") is the governmental body with the power of supervision, regulation and control over public utilities providing service within the City of New Orleans; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to its powers of supervision, regulation and control over public utilities, the Council is responsible for fixing and changing rates and charges of public utilities and making all necessary rules and regulations to govern applications for the fixing and changing of rates and charges of public utilities; and

WHEREAS, Entergy New Orleans, LLC ("ENO" or "Company") is a public utility providing electric and natural gas service to all of New Orleans; and

WHEREAS, the Council has repeatedly expressed support for the efficient use of clean, sustainable technology to improve the quality of life for citizens and businesses; and

WHEREAS, the Council wishes to expand the renewable options available to New Orleans residents, particularly those who are unable to participate in the Net Energy Metering Rules for the City of New Orleans program; and
WHEREAS, on March 28, 2019, the Council adopted Resolution No. R-19-111, establishing the Community Solar Rules, and subsequently amended those Rules in Resolution Nos. R-19-390 and R-22-76; and

WHEREAS, on July 13, 2022, Madison Energy Investments ("MEI") filed its Motion to Amend the Community Solar Rules ("Motion") seeking amendments to the Community Solar Rules to (1) increase the tariff rate for all subscribers; (2) raise the minimum project size; (3) employ consolidated utility billing; (4) require ENO to enter into PPAs with developers; (5) shift ownership of renewable energy credits ("RECs") from subscribers to Subscriber Organizations; (6) increase the PPA term limit from 10 to 20 years; and (7) increase the minimum requirement for Low-Income Subscribers; and

WHEREAS, on August 18, 2022, the Council adopted Resolution R-22-370, establishing a comment period to seek input from the parties to this docket on the Motion; and

WHEREAS, on September 9, 2022, the Alliance for Affordable Energy ("AAE") filed comments (1) generally supporting or not opposing tariff changes and other measures to increase the revenues that would be generated by Community Solar facilities, increasing the maximum project size, carefully designed consolidated billing, extending the PPA term limit and increasing the low-income subscriber minimum; (2) seeking clarification of the PPA proposal; and (3) opposing the proposal to change REC ownership; and

WHEREAS, on December 7, 2022, ENO submitted comments. ENO opposed the proposed amendments, arguing that they destroy the balance of the rules that protects customers, ignore costs to customers, and ignore technical feasibility and that such wholesale changes should only be made through a full rulemaking process with participation from all interested parties; and
WHEREAS, on December 7, 2022, the Coalition for Community Solar Access ("CCSA") filed a motion to intervene and filed comments. The motion to intervene was granted and the comments were accepted into the record by the hearing officer in an Order issued December 8, 2022. CCSA’s comments promoted the benefits of a well-run community solar program and provided information on the mechanics and economic benefits of community solar; and

WHEREAS, on January 6, 2023, MEI filed reply comments to ENO’s Comments to MEI’s Motion to Amend the Community Solar Rules, reiterating its arguments in support of increasing the tariff rate, raising the maximum allowable project size, consolidated utility billing, requiring ENO to pay for electricity through a PPA, shifting the ownership of RECs to the Subscriber Organization, and increasing the PPA term limit; however, neither Council Resolution R-22-370 nor the hearing officer provided for the filing of reply comments; and

WHEREAS, on January 10, 2023, the hearing officer issued a Memorandum and Order providing that parties shall have until January 17, 2023 to submit reply comments to MEI’s reply comments submitted on January 6, 2023; and

WHEREAS, on January 17, 2023, ENO filed reply comments in response to reply comments filed by MEI on January 6, 2023, continuing to oppose MEI’s proposals and arguing for the necessity of a full rulemaking proceeding; and

WHEREAS, on February 2, 2023, Together New Orleans ("TNO") filed a Petition for Intervention and Inclusion on Service List, which was granted by the hearing officer by Order issued on February 2, 2023; and

WHEREAS, on April 6, 2023, the Council adopted Resolution R-23-130, which granted MEI’s proposal to raise the maximum Community Solar Generating ("CGS") facility size from 2MW to 5MW; denied MEI’s proposal to amend Article IV, Sec. A(6) of the Community Solar
Rules; directed the Council Utilities Regulatory Office ("CURO") to convene a technical conference by May 12, 2023 on remaining issues; and instructed parties to file comments on the remaining issues by June 16, 2023 with reply comments due by July 7, 2023; and

WHEREAS, on April 25, 2023, CURO hosted said technical conference; and

WHEREAS, on June 16, 2023, ENO filed an analysis of the cost to ratepayers of the maximum amount of CSG Facilities provided for in the Rules, and filed additional comments asserting: (1) intervenors have no justification for increasing CSG subscriber credit rates; (2) ENO will explore various system and process modifications required to implement a form of consolidated billing as well as the costs involved and allocation of those costs; (3) if Council supports ENO pursuing a low-income pilot concept without wholesale changes to the Community Solar Rules, the Company supports testing the change to a standard 20-year PPA; (4) provided limited refinements to the Community Solar Rules, ENO proposes a pilot to target 100% low-income participation without inflating Subscriber credit rates and increasing costs by non-participating customers; and (5) Subscriber Organizations should not receive RECs, and if the Council considers changing REC ownership, ENO should be allowed to receive the RECs and retire them on behalf of participating customers such that the CSG projects can be counted towards ENO’s compliance obligation under the Renewable and Clean Portfolio Standard ("RCPS"); and

WHEREAS, on June 16, 2023, AAE filed comments asserting (1) support of the adoption of a full retail tariff rate to provide an adequate incentive for community solar developers; (2) support of the broadening of the definition of "Low-Income Customers" by either increasing the percentage of Area Median Income that qualifies or by some other method; (3) if consolidated billing is adopted, the Council must ensure that customer savings flow through under the consolidated billing scheme; (4) support of the current rules where the ownership of RECs defaults
to subscribers with the option to transfer ownership to community solar developers; (5) support of the current Community Solar Rules’ position placing no limits on the minimum number of low-income subscribers per project; and (6) support of extending PPA terms under the Rules to 20 years in order to align more closely with other utility PPAs and to provide better financing option to community solar developers; and

WHEREAS, on June 16, 2023, TNO submitted comments including a report on Community Solar in New Orleans created for TNO by Gabel Associates, arguing that the tariff rate credit in the Community Solar Rules is too low and fails to capture all value created by community solar facilities, and that without an increase in the tariff rate, a community solar project would never break even; and

WHEREAS, on June 16, 2023, MEI submitted comments, again urging that the tariff rate be increased, consolidated billing be utilized, REC ownership be shifted from subscribers to Subscriber Organizations, and that the term length of the PPA be extended to 20 years; however, MEI stated that upon discussion with the stakeholders at the technical meeting, MEI agreed with ENO and other parties that raising the threshold of low-income subscribers per CSG facility is likely unnecessary and could slow down project development; and

WHEREAS, further, in MEI’s June 16, 2023 comments, MEI indicated that it has run several financial models assuming the current rules and “found that while a project may pencil with 100% LMI offtake, it simply will not be financeable without any non-LMI participation”; and

WHEREAS, on June 16, 2023, a non-party, Working Power, filed comments in this docket; however, by Order dated June 19, 2023, the hearing officer excluded the public comments
from evidence on the basis that Working Power is a non-party, and accordingly, does not possess standing to participate in this proceeding; and

WHEREAS, on June 20, 2023, ProRate Energy submitted late additional comments, which supported the adoption of an alternative rate structure of Community Solar and were accepted into the record by the hearing officer by way of Order issued June 26, 2023; and

WHEREAS, on July 7, 2023, Air Products and Chemicals ("Air Products") filed comments opposing the proposed changes to the Community Solar Rules because they would increase costs to non-participants; opposing ENO’s proposed pilot program arguing that an RFP could serve the same purpose; and supporting that Community Solar projects should count toward ENO’s RCPS compliance obligations; and

WHEREAS, on July 7, 2023, AAE submitted reply comments, arguing that ENO’s rate impact analysis ignores the benefits of local community solar and opposing the proposal to shift ownership of RECs to Subscriber Organizations; and

WHEREAS, on July 7, 2023, Pro Rate Energy filed Reply Comments criticizing the way the Community Solar Rules are published and offering ways in which the Community Solar Rules could be improved; and

WHEREAS, on July 9, 2023, TNO submitted untimely comments, which were admitted to the record by the hearing officer in an Order dated July 10, 2023. TNO’s comments included a study conducted by the National Renewable Energy Laboratory on behalf of TNO with economic modeling to determine the viability of community solar at different solar credit price points. TNO argued that the bill credit is too low for a community solar project developer to ever recoup its costs; the 2 MW size limit and PPA term limit of 10 years further harm the viability of community solar projects and that the minimum credit for a solar project to be viable would be $0.10056/kWh.
TNO argues the current tariff rate is too low, the actual value of the solar energy produced by community solar is $0.1485/kWh, including only direct energy-related benefits, and increases to $0.1818/kWh when societal benefits are included; as a result, the Council should increase the credit to at least $0.10056/kWh; and

WHEREAS, on July 7, 2023, ENO filed additional reply comments arguing that the Gabel study’s assertion that the tariff rates undervalue community solar is without merit; that if REC ownership is to be changed, ownership should be shifted to ENO, not to Subscriber Organizations and used for ENO’s RCPS compliance, that MEI’s claim a project with 100% LMI offtake would not be financeable is incorrect; and opposing ProRate Energy’s proposal; and

WHEREAS, on July 11, 2023, Pro Rate Energy filed supplemental reply comments, which were admitted to the record by the hearing officer in an Order dated July 14, 2023. ProRate Energy’s comments made further suggestion on improving the Community Solar Rules; and

WHEREAS, on August 4, 2023, CURO filed the Administrative Records Chart in this docket; and

WHEREAS, having reviewed the record, the Council has determined that revisions to the Community Solar Rules and related CSG forms and tariff schedules are appropriate; and

WHEREAS, an increase in the Subscriber credit provided for electricity generated by community solar projects, including an adder for Low-Income Subscribers, is likely to increase the deployment of community solar in New Orleans; and

WHEREAS, based on the comments in the record, the Council has determined that it is reasonable to credit all Subscribers with the full retail rate, and that a 2.0 cents/kWh adder for Low-Income Subscribers is reasonable considering the value of the benefits of community solar offered in comments; and
WHEREAS, the Council understands that any increase in the subscriber credits will increase the cost of the community solar program and its attendant impact on ratepayers, the Council also understands that the impact will occur over time and will be dependent on the rate and magnitude of CSG development in New Orleans; and

WHEREAS, the Council believes that an increase in the subscriber credits can be accomplished while still protecting ratepayers from undue burden and providing the ratepayers with the stated benefits of community solar; and

WHEREAS, the Council is aware that Article VII, F of the Rules requires annual utility reporting which will provide sufficient information for the Council to monitor the costs and benefits of the Community Solar Program; and

WHEREAS, the Parties have raised valid concerns regarding the utilization of consolidated utility billing that have not been sufficiently addressed; and

WHEREAS, while ownership of RECs should remain with the Subscribers, as initially set forth in the Community Solar Rules, more flexibility should be provided to allow Subscriber Organizations to reach agreement with Subscribers to transfer RECs to the Subscriber Organization without further regulatory hurdles; and

WHEREAS, changing the term of the PPA from ten years with two five-year automatic renewal terms for Subscriber Organizations to a term of 20 years is a minimal change to the PPA that may result in easier financing of Community Solar projects; and

WHEREAS, in light of the comments of the parties and MEI’s agreement that raising the threshold of Low-Income Subscribers per CSG facility is likely unnecessary and could slow down project development, no change should be made to that provision at this time; NOW THEREFORE
BE IT RESOLVED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, That:

1) MEI’s proposal regarding crediting all subscribers at the full retail rate, and MEI’s encouragement of a Low-Income Benefits and Public Entity Benefits adders is GRANTED IN PART. The value of the CSG per kWh credit rate for Subscribers that do not qualify as a Low-Income Subscriber shall be revised to be the full retail rate, including all applicable rider schedules that would be applicable to the Subscriber on a per kWh basis. The value of the CSG per kWh credit rate for Low-income Subscribers shall be revised to be the full retail rate, including all applicable rider schedules that would be applicable to the Low-Income Subscriber on a per kWh basis, plus 2.0 cents/kWh.

2) MEI’s proposal to eliminate “Article XIII. Consumer Protection and Disclosure – section G. Subscriber Funds” and replacing that section with a requirement that ENO manage consolidated utility billing for its subscribers is DENIED.

3) MEI’s proposal of assigning renewable energy credits (“RECs”) to Subscriber Organizations is GRANTED IN PART. Subscriber Organizations may enter into an agreement with subscriber customers to transfer ownership of RECs from the customer to the Subscriber Organization. Any such agreement to transfer ownership of the RECs must be included in the subscription agreement; and must be highlighted, clearly stated, and initialed by the customer.

4) MEI’s proposal to increase the PPA initial term from ten years to twenty years is GRANTED. ENO is directed to amend the first sentence of Article 4.1 of its Standard Offer Community Solar Power Purchase Agreement, Form CSG-4, to read: “This Agreement shall become effective upon its execution by the Parties and shall continue
in effect for a Term of 20 years from and after the Date of Commercial operation ("Initial Term"), subject to early termination as set forth herein, or until the termination of any Interconnection Agreement associated with the CSG Facility, whichever occurs first." The remainder of Article 4.1 shall remain unchanged. ENO is further directed to amend Article 4.2 to read "Renewal. If the Subscriber Organization is in compliance with the terms of this Agreement, the Agreement may be renewed by mutual agreement of the Parties. Company will send Subscriber Organization a notice of the pending expiration of the Agreement three months prior to the expiration of the Initial Term, along with an indication of whether the Company is willing to discuss renewal of the Agreement with the Subscriber Organization."

5) MEI's proposal to amend Article V, B(1)(b) of the Community Solar Rules, which establishes the minimum requirement for Low-Income Subscribers for a Community Solar Generating Facility to be classified in the Low-Income Category at 40% is DENIED.

6) The Community Solar Rules as amended and attached as Exhibit B are adopted in their entirety.
7) No later than December 29, 2023, ENO is directed to submit a revised Form CSG-4 –
Standard offer power purchase agreement and a revised Rate schedule CSGF –
Community Solar Generating Facilities consistent with this Resolution and the final,
clean version of the Community Solar Rules.

THE FOREGOING RESOLUTION WAS READ IN FULL, THE ROLL WAS
CALLED ON THE ADOPTION THEREOF, THE RESULT WAS AS FOLLOWS:
YEAS: Giarrusso, Green, Harris, King, Moreno, Morrell, Thomas – 7
NAYS: 0
ABSENT: 0
AND THE RESOLUTION WAS ADOPTED.

THE FOREGOING IS CERTIFIED
TO BE A TRUE AND CORRECT COPY

CLERK OF COUNCIL

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APPENDIX A
COMMUNITY SOLAR RULES
For the
Council of the City of New Orleans

I. OVERVIEW

The purpose of the Community Solar Rules ("Rules") is to establish the City Council of New Orleans’ rules, policies, and procedures for Community Solar Generating ("CSG") Facilities and the associated electric utility customer subscriptions in Orleans Parish, including: eligibility for participating in Community Solar Generating Facilities; developer, facility, and customer limits with respect to community solar; establishment of a bill crediting mechanism for participants; customer protection provisions; general interconnection requirements; safety and performance requirements; and contractual and reporting requirements. Further, these rules are intended to establish a clear and streamlined path to the development of Community Solar development in the City of New Orleans. The Council recognizes that these rules do not provide the only path to distributed generation development in the City of New Orleans. To the extent that the Utility or any other party has a proposed project or proposal that does not adhere to the requirements of these Rules, it may submit a proposal to the Council for review and approval. These Rules shall be cited as the "New Orleans Community Solar Rules." The Council may waive a provision of these Rules upon a showing of good cause.

II. DEFINITIONS

As used in these rules; the following words and phrases shall have the following meaning, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Agent" means a person who conducts business, including marketing or sales activities, or both, on behalf of a CSG Facility Subscriber Organization and includes an employee, a representative, an independent contractor, a subcontractor, a vendor and a representative not directly under contract with the Subscriber Organization that conducts business, including marketing or sales activities, on behalf of the Subscriber Organization.

"Baseline Annual Usage" refers to a Subscriber’s accumulated electricity use in kilowatt-hours ("kWh") for the previous 12-month period at the time the subscription is entered into, as measured at the Utility’s meter, net of any distributed generation provided by the Subscriber to the utility system at that meter. For a Subscriber that does not have a record of 12 months of electricity use at the time of the Subscriber’s most recent Subscription, an estimate of the Subscriber’s accumulated 12 months of electricity use in kWh, determined in a manner the Council approves.

"Consent" means an agreement with an action communicated by the following: a written document with Customer signature; or an electronic document with electronic signature.
“Contract Summary” means a summary of the material terms and conditions of a Community Solar Generating Facility Subscriber contract on a form provided by the Council.

“Council” refers to the Council of the City of New Orleans.

“Community Solar Generating Facility” or “CSG Facility” means a solar energy facility that:

(i) converts solar energy to electricity;
(ii) is owned by the Utility or any other for-profit or nonprofit entity or organization;
(iii) has a generating capacity/nameplate rating that does not exceed five megawatts (“MW”) as measured by the alternating current rating of the system’s inverter;
(iv) can provide power to or is connected to the Utility’s distribution system;
(v) is located in the Utility’s electric service territory;
(vi) is individually metered;
(vii) has at least three Subscribers;
(viii) sells the Output from the facility to the Utility and which the purchase of the Output from the facility shall take the form of a credit against the Subscriber’s electric bill; and
(ix) the beneficial use and renewable attributes of the Output of the facility belongs to the Subscribers.

“Community Solar Program” means a program that encompasses the facilities, entities, functions and requirements implemented by these Rules.

“Customer” means a retail electric customer account holder of the Utility.

“CURO” means Council Utilities Regulatory Office.

“Low-Income Customer” means a Customer whose gross annual household income is at or below 60 percent of Area Median Income for the year of subscription or who is certified as eligible for any federal, state, or local assistance program that limits participation to households whose income is at or below 60 percent of Area Median Income.

“Low-Income Subscriber” means a Subscriber who is a Low-Income Customer.


“Output” means the energy and power produced by a CSG Facility.

“Person” refers to any individual, firm, partnership, corporation, company, association, cooperative association, joint stock association, joint venture, governmental entity, or other legal entity.
“Personally Identifiable Information” means information that can be used to distinguish or trace an individual’s identity, either alone or when combined with other personal or identifying information that is linked or capable of being linked to a specific individual.

“Renewable Energy Credit” or “REC” means a contractual right to the full set of non-energy attributes, including any and all credits, benefits, emissions reductions, offsets, and allowances, howsoever entitled, directly attributable to a specific amount of electric energy generated from a renewable energy resource. One REC results from one MWh of electric energy generated from a renewable energy resource.

“Rules” means the Community Solar Rules established herein or as modified by subsequent action.

“Security Deposit” means any payment of money given to a Subscriber Organization by a Subscriber in order to protect the Subscriber Organization against nonpayment of future subscription fees, but does not include escrowed prepaid subscription fees.

“Service Connection” is the location on the CSG Facility’s premises/facilities at which a point of delivery of power between the Utility and the CSG Facility is established.

“Subscriber” means a Customer of the Utility that holds a Subscription to one or more CSG Facilities and has identified one or more individual meters or accounts related to electric service to which the Subscription(s) shall be attributed.

“Subscriber Organization” means a person or legal entity that owns and operates a CSG Facility, or operates a CSG Facility that is built and owned by a third party under contract with such Subscriber Organization. A Subscriber Organization may also be a Subscriber to the facility, subject to the Limitations on Subscriptions set forth herein.

“Subscription” refers to that portion or proportionate interest of Output of a CSG Facility that is allocated to a Subscriber, including the RECs associated with or attributable to the CSG Facility.

“Unsubscribed Energy” refers to any energy Output of a CSG Facility in kWh that is not allocated to a Subscriber.

“Utility” refers to the utility providing electric service to customers in the City of New Orleans and regulated by the Council.

III. CUSTOMER ELIGIBILITY

A. Customer Eligibility

1. All customer rate classes are eligible to subscribe to a CSG Facility.
2. A Customer may subscribe to a CSG Facility in the Utility’s service territory, provided that the Customer has an account for electric service with the Utility.
(3) A Customer may subscribe to CSG Facility regardless of the Customer’s participation in other Utility-sponsored renewable programs, such as NEM, provided that the Customer’s participation does not violate, individually or collectively, the eligibility limits of all applicable programs and these Rules.

B. Limitations on Subscriptions

(1) A Customer may not hold Subscriptions representing a total amount of energy in the Community Solar Program that exceeds 100 percent of the value of the Subscriber’s Baseline Annual Usage.

(2) A Customer may purchase multiple Subscriptions from one or more CSG Facilities provided that the total of the Subscriptions does not exceed the requirements in III.B.(1) of the Rules.

(3) No Customer may own more than a 40 percent interest in the beneficial use of the electricity generated by a CSG Facility, including without limitation, the renewable energy and RECs associated with or attributable to the CSG Facility.

IV. COMMUNITY SOLAR GENERATING FACILITY ELIGIBILITY

A. CSG Facility Eligibility

(1) A CSG Facility can be owned by the Utility or any other for-profit or nonprofit entity or organization.

(2) A Subscriber Organization that has registered with the Council, through CURO, that wishes to construct and operate a CSG Facility as part of the Community Solar Program shall submit an application to the Utility in accordance with the CSG Facility project application procedure established by the Utility as part of these Rules.

(3) Subscriber Organization shall be responsible for the operation and maintenance of the CSG Facility, the associated Subscription management, and any required reporting to the Utility.

(4) A CSG Facility must be located in the Utility’s service territory, must be individually metered, and must be connected to the Utility’s distribution system.

(5) A CSG Facility may be either new construction that commenced operation after the date of Council adoption of these Rules or a solar generating system that commenced operation prior to Council adoption of these Rules.

(6) The Subscriber Organization for the CSG Facility must enter into a Contract with the Utility to sell the Output from the facility to the Utility. The purchase of the Output from the CSG Facility shall take the form of a credit against the Subscriber’s electric bill.

(7) The Council may establish additional conditions limiting the number of CSG Facilities for which any single Subscriber Organization or its affiliates may apply.
B. CSG Facility Limitations

(1) The CSG Facility’s generating capacity/nameplate rating must not exceed five MW as measured by the alternating current rating of the system’s inverter.

(2) The beneficial use and renewable attributes of the Output of the CSG Facility must remain with the Subscribers.

(3) A CSG Facility must have at least three Subscribers.

(4) The total number of accounts per CSG Facility may be determined by the Subscriber Organization; however, each Subscription shall be sized to represent at least one kW of the CSG Facility’s nameplate rating. The minimum one kW sizing requirement herein shall not apply to Subscriptions owned by an eligible Low-Income Subscriber.

(5) More than one CSG Facility may be located on the same or adjacent property as an existing or proposed CSG Facility owned by the same Subscriber Organization or affiliate, provided that the combined nameplate ratings of such CSG facilities does not exceed 5000 kW.

(6) One or more Subscriber Organizations may construct multiple CSG Facilities on a single parcel of property, providing that the total MW of the multiple projects on the single parcel does not exceed 5 MW.

(7) To the extent that the analysis performed in the Utility’s processing of the CSG Facility application as described in VII.D of these Rules reveals that a proposed CSG Facility would have a negative impact on the reliability of the Utility’s system, either the CSG Facility must be reduced in size to mitigate such negative impact, or the CSG Facility developer may choose to incur the costs of necessary upgrades to the Utility’s system to enable the CSG Facility to be interconnected without jeopardizing the reliability of the system.

V. CAPACITY LIMITS

A. Community Solar Program Capacity Limits

(1) Subject to the CSG Facility category limits established in these Rules, the Utility shall accept CSG Facility applications as long as the total capacity of all CSG Facilities, as measured by the sum of the nameplate capacity of each CSG Facility’s inverter, is less than or equal to five percent of the Utility’s annual peak in MW for the first three years of the Community Solar Program. Subsequent to the first three years the Council will reconsider the total capacity limit.

(2) Prior to accepting CSG Facility applications beyond the Community Solar Program Capacity Limits or the CSG Facility Category Limits, the Utility shall seek and obtain Council approval.

B. CSG Facility Category Limits

(1) CSG Facilities shall be classified into one of two categories:
(a) Open Category: CSG Facilities of any size up to five MW as measured by the alternating current rating of the system’s inverter.

(b) Low-Income Category: CSG Facilities of any size up to five MW as measured by the alternating current rating of the system’s inverter in which a minimum of 30 percent of the CSG Facility’s Output is provided to Low-Income Subscribers.

(2) The Utility shall accept CSG Facility applications in each of the following categories up to the Community Solar Program Capacity Limits and according to the following CSG Facility Category percentages:

(a) Open Category: up to 50 percent of the Community Solar Program Capacity Limits; and

(b) The remaining 50 percent of the Community Solar Program Capacity Limit shall be reserved for Low-Income Category CSG Facilities.

VI. SUBSCRIBER ORGANIZATION REGISTRATION AND RECORDS

A. Registration with the Council

(1) A Subscriber Organization shall register with the Council, on forms authorized by the Council, prior to offering Subscriptions to a CSG Facility or operating a CSG Facility. CURO shall process the registrations and make a list of Subscriber Organizations with current, valid registrations available on the Council’s website.

(2) The Council shall assign each Subscriber Organization with an identification number.

(3) A Subscriber Organization shall maintain the registration with the Council by notifying the Council whenever certain information supplied as part of the registration with the Council becomes inaccurate, and updating their registration with accurate information. Subscriber Organizations shall renew their registration with CURO annually. If any Subscriber Organization fails to renew their registration in a timely manner, or if CURO otherwise becomes aware that the information in a Subscriber Organization’s registration is no longer accurate, CURO shall notify the Subscriber Organization of the lapse in its registration and the Subscriber Organization shall have 30 days to renew or update its registration. If the Subscriber Organization fails to renew its or update its registration within the 30-day period, its registration shall be revoked by CURO. When a Subscriber organization’s registration is revoked, CURO shall notify the Utility and the Utility shall no longer be required to purchase energy or capacity from the Subscriber Organization’s CSG Facility or to provide credits to the Subscribers of that CSG Facility.

(4) By registering with the Council, a Subscriber Organization acknowledges and agrees it is bound by the Council’s regulatory authority and jurisdiction to enforce the requirements contained in these Rules, including, but not limited to, the Council’s authority to impose penalties on the Subscriber Organization as provided for in these Rules, or otherwise allowed by law.
(5) CURO may charge a reasonable fee to Subscriber Organizations for initial registration with the Council and for annual renewal, as authorized by the Council.

B. Subscriber Organization Obligations and Records

(1) A Subscriber Organization shall maintain on file with CURO the following information for the duration of the operation of each CSG Facility:
   (a) Owner name and address.
   (b) Business address.
   (c) Name of registered agent in Orleans Parish.
   (d) General information on the facility including: location, DC and AC nameplate capacity, major equipment list, interconnection requirements, and any other relevant design details.
   (e) Proof of liability insurance in an amount reasonably adequate to protect the public and the Utility against damages caused by the operation of each CSG Facility. The Council, through CURO or other designated agency, will establish minimum levels of liability insurance that shall be deemed reasonably adequate for CSG Facilities.
   (f) Proof of registration “In Good Standing” with the Louisiana Secretary of State.
   (g) Proof of professional licenses from all applicable regulatory agencies, such as the Louisiana State Licensing Board for Contractors.
   (h) A copy of the Subscriber Organization’s Occupational or General Business License obtained from the City of New Orleans’ Bureau of Revenue.

(2) A Subscriber Organization shall maintain in its own files the following information for the duration of the operation of each CSG Facility:
   (a) Subscriber information including: name, mailing address, address at which the Subscriber has an account for electric service with the Utility, and, where relevant, the data supporting a Subscriber’s classification as a Low-Income Subscriber.
   (b) Subscription information for each Subscriber including a copy of the contract, rates, fees, and terms and conditions.

(3) A Subscriber Organization shall provide the information in Section VI.B(2) to the Council upon request.

(4) A Subscriber Organization shall provide to the Council, within 10 business days, information requested by the Council concerning the operation of its CSG Facilities.

(5) Contracts between the Subscriber Organization and the Utility shall be a matter of public record and shall be filed with the Clerk of Council by the Subscriber Organization.

(6) A Subscriber Organization, and, where relevant, the third-party owner/developer, are responsible for ensuring that its CSG Facility is constructed, maintained, and operated in compliance with all relevant local,
state, and federal laws, rules regulations and standards, including, but not limited to, reliability, safety, zoning, permitting, occupational safety and health, and environmental laws, rules, regulations and standards, as well as adherence to the Utility’s interconnection policies and procedures and these Rules.

(7) CURO shall maintain on the Council’s website a list of Subscriber Organizations registered with the Council, the names of any Subscriber Organizations whose registrations have lapsed or been revoked by the Council, a copy of these Rules, and an explanation of how consumers may submit a complaint related to these Rules to the Council.

VII. COMMUNITY SOLAR PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

A. Community Solar Program Plan

(1) Within 90 days from the effective date of the Rules, the Utility shall develop a Community Solar Plan setting forth the Utility’s plan for implementing these Rules including the Utility’s program administration plan and relevant tariffs for compliance with these Rules.

B. CSG Facility Standard Interconnection Agreement

(1) Within 90 days from the effective date of the Rules, the Utility shall develop a Standard Interconnection Agreement for CSG Facilities, which shall be subject to the review and approval of the Council.

(2) The proposed Standard Interconnection Agreement for CSG Facilities shall be consistent with the provisions of Entergy’s Distribution Design Basis/Standards DR7-01 and DR7-02.

(3) The proposed Standard Interconnection Agreement for CSG Facilities shall be consistent with the provisions of these Rules and shall describe any and all interconnection expenses, and other charges in conformity with the Rules.

C. CSG Facility Project Application Procedure

(1) Within 90 days from the effective date of the Rules, the Utility shall establish a CSG Facility application procedure in compliance with these Rules and applicable Council orders, and consistent with the CSG Facility Standard Interconnection Agreement.

(2) The Utility shall develop its CSG Facility application procedure in a manner designed to encourage achievement of the Council’s community solar guiding principles, timely project development, and equitable allocation of the Community Solar Program Capacity Limits and the CSG Facility Category Limits. In addition to CSG Facility details necessary for the application, the application procedure shall require:

(a) Proof of Subscriber Organization registration with the Council;
(b) Proof of application for all applicable permits to construct and operate the CSG Facility; and

(c) Proof of site control. The Utility shall accept as proof of site control: evidence of property ownership; an executed lease agreement; or a signed option to purchase a lease.

(3) A Subscriber Organization shall notify the Utility of the location, capacity and expected energy production of its proposed CSG Facility at the time it submits an interconnection request, or prior to soliciting subscriptions from potential Subscribers, whichever occurs first.

D. Processing of CSG Facility Applications

(1) The Utility shall process applications from Subscriber Organizations filed in accordance with the CSG Facility application procedure in the order in which the utility receives the application.

(2) Within 10 business days of receipt, the Utility shall notify the Subscriber Organization whether the application is rejected due to the capacity limits established by these Rules.

(3) Within 10 business days of receipt, the Utility shall notify the Subscriber Organization whether the application is complete. If the application is incomplete, the Utility shall provide a written list detailing all information that must be provided to complete the application.

(4) A Subscriber Organization receiving notice of an incomplete application shall revise and submit the required information within 10 business days after receipt of the list of incomplete information. Failure to submit the required information within 10 business days shall result in the Subscriber Organization losing their place in the queue, but shall not otherwise prejudice the Subscriber Organization’s ability to file a new, complete application in the future.

(5) The Utility shall notify a Subscriber Organization within 10 business days of receipt of a revised application whether the application is complete or incomplete.

(6) The Utility shall grant an extension of time of an additional 10 days to provide such information upon request from the Subscriber Organization.

(7) The Utility shall reject an application that is not submitted in accordance with CSG Facility application procedure.

(8) The Utility shall assign each CSG Facility a unique identification number.

(9) If the Utility participates as a Subscriber Organization, it will have the same rules applied to it as any other Subscriber Organization.

(10) If the Utility or any of its affiliates participate as a Subscriber Organization, the Utility may not recover any portion of its CSG Facility costs through its base rates. If a Utility or any of its affiliates participate as a Subscriber Organization, it must not offer its own CSG Facility, or that of its affiliate any preferential treatment or benefit not available to other Subscriber Organizations.
(11) If a CSG Facility fails to begin operating within 12 months of an approved application by the Subscriber Organization, the Subscriber Organization should provide to the Utility an additional deposit of $50 per kW to continue under the Community Solar Program.

(12) The Utility shall return the CSG Facility deposit upon commencement of operation, unless the CSG Facility fails to begin operating within 18 months of an approved application.

(13) Any forfeited deposits shall be credited back to Utility customers via the Fuel Adjustment Clause.

(14) The Utility’s interconnection process shall include an analysis of any potential reliability impacts, positive or negative, of the interconnection of the CSG Facility at the requested location.

E. Utility Data and Project Information

(1) The Utility shall designate a contact person, and provide contact information on its website for submission of all project application requests, and from whom information on the project application request process and the Utility’s electric distribution system can be obtained.

(2) The Utility shall provide information, updated at least quarterly, on its website about the current status of the Community Solar Program and CSG Facility applications, including: name; address; date of application; interconnection status; expected date of operation; percent of the project that is subscribed, and remaining available capacity by year in each program category. The Utility shall also include on its website a link to the Council’s Community Solar web page.

(3) The Utility shall make reasonable attempts to assist all applicants with identifying means to locate and operate CSG Facilities in a manner that minimizes adverse effects or maximizes distribution system benefits at locations identified by applicants. If the Utility or any of its affiliates choose to participate as an owner/developer of a CSG Facility and/or a Subscriber Organization, the Utility must offer other owner/developer and Subscriber Organizations equal access to the information available to the Utility and its affiliates for locating and operating CSG Facilities in a manner that minimizes adverse effects or maximizes distribution system benefits so that neither the Utility’s nor its affiliate’s CSG Facility has preferential access to information inaccessible to other Subscriber Organizations.

(4) The information provided by the Utility on its website shall include studies and other materials useful to understanding the feasibility of interconnecting a CSG Facility on the Utility’s electric distribution system, except to the extent providing the materials would violate security requirements, confidentiality agreements, or be contrary to law.

(5) The Utility may require an applicant to execute an appropriate confidentiality agreement prior to release or access to confidential or restricted information.

(6) The Utility shall monitor and review its distribution system to determine any adverse or beneficial effects resulting from each installed CSG Facility.
(7) The Utility shall maintain for the longer of twenty years or the duration of the community solar program, the following information for each CSG Facility: recorded monthly peak output, monthly energy output, aggregate annual energy credited to Subscribers by rate class; aggregate annual amount of subscription credits provided to Subscribers by rate class; annual amount of unsubscribed energy output provided to the Utility; and annual amount paid by the Utility for unsubscribed energy. Subscriber monthly billing information should be maintained by the Utility consistent with the Utility’s customer billing records retention policy.

F. Utility Reporting

(1) The Utility shall provide the Council with complete data, information, and supporting documentation necessary to monitor the Community Solar Program status, impact on operations, Subscriber and ratepayer impact, and other information upon request.

(2) By May 1 of each year, the Utility shall file an annual report with the Council on the Status of the Community Solar Program Including: (1) monthly energy (MWh) and capacity (MW) produced by the Community Solar Program, including each CSG Facility; (2) total cost of energy and capacity ENO purchases through the Community Solar Program, identifying bill credits separate from unsubscribed energy; (2) $/MW and $/MWh of the capacity and energy purchased, (3) Utility costs associated with administering the Community Solar Program; (4) tons of emissions avoided through utilization of the energy and capacity produced by the Community Solar Program; (5) any positive and negative impacts on the operation of the Utility’s distribution system; (6) any benefits provided to the Utility’s system by the Community Solar Program related to mitigating or recovering from storm events or other outages.

(3) The electric Utility shall maintain a list of projects and total program capacity, and shall provide the list to the Council by June 30 and December 31 of each year.

(4) The Utility shall publish on its website a rolling 24-month report of what the per-kWh and per-kW credit for energy and capacity was in order to assist customers seeking to evaluate whether to enter into or renew a contract with a CSG Facility.

G. Utility Cost Recovery and Charges

(1) Once the Utility’s Community Solar Plan has been reviewed and approved by the Council, the Utility shall have a fair opportunity to receive full and timely cost recovery of costs incurred to administer the Community Solar Program, and any non-reimbursed portion of program bill credit costs and unsubscribed energy costs.

(2) The Utility may not establish a separate surcharge fee or rate for recovery of any Community Solar program costs identified in Section VII.G.1. The
specific mechanisms for Community Solar program cost recovery will be approved by a Council resolution based on the Council’s review of the community solar tariffs proposed in the Community Solar Plan required under Section VII.A.1.

(3) The Utility may assess a Council-approved charge to the Subscriber Organization to cover the Utility’s incremental costs associated with integrating the generation from the CSG Facility into the Utility’s system, administering the contracts with Subscriber Organizations, and administering the CSG Facility’s Subscriber billing credits. This charge shall not reflect costs that are already recovered by the Utility from Customers through other charges. The Utility may seek a revision of this charge no more frequently than once per year.

(4) The Utility’s revenue and expenses associated with the Subscriber Organizations and the Community Solar Program Plan shall be identified separately in general ledger records and maintained in separate revenue and expense sub accounts.

VIII. SUBSCRIPTION CREDITS

A. Subscriber Organizations are required to provide real time reporting of production as specified by the Utility. For CSG Facilities greater than 250 kW, the Subscriber Organization shall provide real time electronic access to production data. The Utility may require different real time reporting for CSG Facilities 250 kW and smaller.

B. The Subscriber Organization for each CSG Facility will provide a monthly report to the Utility listing all Subscribers and the proportion of the CSG Facility Output that shall be applied to each Subscriber’s monthly electric bill. The monthly report shall follow a standard format specified by the Utility in order to integrate data into the Utility’s billing system. The monthly report shall also include the amount of the CSG Facility’s capacity that remains unsubscribed.

C. The Utility shall apply credits to each Subscriber’s monthly bill using the most recently updated monthly Subscriber list and Output data on a two-month lag where actual operational results and the associated bill credit will show up two months following the Utility’s receipt of Output data for the CSG Facility.

D. The Utility shall determine the amount of CSG Facility monthly kWh Output to be credited to each Subscriber by multiplying the Subscriber’s most recent generation proportion of the CSG Facility by the Utility metered Output of the CSG Facility.

E. The CSG per kWh credit rate for all Subscribers that do not qualify as a Low Income Subscriber will be the full retail rate, including all rider schedules that would be applicable to the Subscriber on a per kWh basis. The CSG per kWh credit rate for Low-Income Subscribers shall be the full retail rate, including all applicable rider schedules that would be applicable to the Low-Income Subscriber on a per kWh basis, plus 2.0 cents/kWh.

F. The appropriate CSG credit will be applied to the bill of each Subscriber on a kWh basis.
G. The Subscription monthly bill credit so determined will apply to each Subscriber irrespective of the customer class tariff under which the Subscriber receives service from the Utility, and will apply to all Subscribers in a CSG Facility.

H. If, in a monthly billing period, the billing credit associated with the Subscription of a Subscriber exceeds the Subscriber’s bill from the Utility, the excess billing credit will be rolled over as a dollar amount bill credit from month to month indefinitely until the Subscriber terminates service with the Utility at which time no payment shall be made from the Utility for any remaining bill credits associated with the Subscriber’s Subscription.

I. The Utility shall retain a record of CSG Facility kWh applied to each Subscriber’s account for a period of three years.

IX. UNSUBSCRIBED ENERGY

A. The Utility will pay a Subscriber Organization for up to 20 percent of the monthly energy produced by a CGS Facility and delivered to the Utility if such energy is not allocated to a Subscriber of the CSG Facility.

B. The rate per kWh to be paid for net deliveries to the Utility, pursuant to Section IX.A, shall be the Utility’s estimated avoided energy costs for the appropriate time period from the Utility’s most recent biennial filing with the Clerk of Council of the City of New Orleans pursuant to the Public Utilities Regulatory Policies Act of 1978, Section 210.

X. LOW-INCOME CUSTOMER VERIFICATION

A. The operator of a low-income multi-family dwelling unit may apply to the Council to qualify as a Low-Income Subscriber for the purposes of the Community Solar Program. The operator should demonstrate to the Council that the Subscription Credits will be credited to the tenants of the low-income multi-family dwelling.

B. A Subscriber Organization shall certify to the Utility in writing that the Subscriber Organization has verified the eligibility of all Low-Income Subscribers needed to qualify for the program prior to receiving permission to operate from the Utility.

C. The Council will provide guidelines for acceptable methods for Subscriber Organizations to verify Low-Income Customer status of Subscribers within 90 days from the effective date of these Rules.

XI. SUBSCRIPTION TRANSFERS AND PORTABILITY

A. A Subscriber may release all or part of their Subscription back to the Subscriber Organization for transfer to any person or entity who qualifies to be a Subscriber in the CSG Facility.

B. A Subscriber who desires to transfer all or part of his or her Subscription to another eligible Customer desiring to purchase a Subscription may do so only through the Subscription Organization and in compliance with the terms and conditions of the Subscription contract and the transfer will be effective in accordance therewith.
C. If the CSG Facility is fully subscribed, the Subscriber Organization shall maintain a waiting list of eligible Customers who desire to purchase Subscriptions. The Subscriber Organization shall offer the Subscription of the Subscriber desiring to transfer their interest, or a portion thereof, on a first-come, first-serve basis to Customers on the waiting list.

D. A Subscriber that moves to a different premise located within the Utility service territory may change the premises to which the Subscription is attributed, however, the Subscriber must adjust their Subscription so that it does not exceed 100 percent the Baseline Annual Usage at the new location and release any portion of their Subscription beyond that level back to the Subscriber Organization. A Subscriber Organization may not charge an unreasonable transfer fee to such a Subscriber.

E. The Subscriber Organization and the Utility shall jointly verify that each Subscriber is eligible to be a Subscriber in the CSG Facility. The CSG Facility Subscriber enrollment records shall include, at a minimum, the Subscriber’s name and Utility Account number, the percentage share owned by the Subscriber, the effective date of the ownership of that Subscription, and the premises to which the Subscription is attributed for the purpose of applying billing credits. Changes in the Subscriber enrollment records shall be communicated by the Subscriber Organization to the Utility, in written or electronic form, as soon as practicable, but on no less than a monthly basis.

F. Prices paid for Subscriptions in a CSG Facility shall not be subject to regulation by the Council. However, to ensure that Subscriber Organizations are acting fairly and transparently, the Subscriber Organizations must provide materials to the potential Subscriber clearly showing the Subscription cost.

G. To ensure fairness and transparency regarding the transfer of subscriptions and Subscription Credits, the Utility, in consultation with the Council and its Advisors, will develop a process and requirements therefor. The Subscriber Organization will be responsible for any costs associated with the transfer of subscriptions and/or Subscription Credits.

XII. RENEWABLE ENERGY CREDIT OWNERSHIP

A. Subscribers are not customer generators.

B. The ownership and title to all renewable energy attributes or Renewable Energy Credits associated with the CSG Facilities shall belong to the individual Subscribers.

C. The Subscriber Organization may enter into an agreement with Subscribers to transfer ownership of RECs from the Subscriber to the Subscriber Organization. Any such agreement to transfer ownership of the RECs must be included in the subscription agreement in terms that can be easily understood, and must be highlighted, clearly stated, and initialed by the Subscriber.
XIII. CONSUMER PROTECTION & DISCLOSURE

A. Unauthorized Subscriptions.

(1) No person shall subscribe a Customer to a community solar energy generation system without the Customer’s express written consent.

(2) A Subscriber Organization may not add a new charge for a new service, existing service, or service option not described in the Subscriber’s contract with the Subscriber Organization without first providing written notice to the Subscriber and providing them an opportunity to terminate their Subscription without penalty if the new charge is unacceptable to the Subscriber.

B. Discrimination Prohibited.

(1) A Subscriber Organization may not discriminate against any Customer, based wholly or partly on race, color, creed, national origin, or gender of an applicant for service or for any arbitrary, capricious, or unfairly discriminatory reason.

(2) A Subscriber Organization may not refuse to provide service to a Customer except by the application of standards that are reasonably related to the Subscriber Organization’s economic and business purpose.

C. Prohibition of Unfair, Deceptive, or Abusive Acts or Practices.

(1) Each Subscriber Organization shall conduct all aspects of its business that touch on Consumers or their interests without any unfair, deceptive, or abusive acts or practices.

(2) Each Subscriber Organization shall regularly examine and consider the possibility of unfair, deceptive, or abusive acts or practices violations in all aspects of its business that touch on consumers or their interests, including, but not limited to, marketing, sales, origination, contract terms, contract options, installation, servicing, and loss mitigation.

(3) Subscriber Organizations shall not harass or threaten consumers and should avoid high-pressure sales techniques. Subscriber Organizations should not take advantage of a consumer’s lack of knowledge, and if they become aware that a consumer clearly misunderstands a material issue in a community solar transaction, they should correct that misunderstanding. Consumer questions must be answered honestly. Subscriber Organizations may not make any statements to consumers that are false or without a reasonable basis in fact.

D. Limitation of Liability

(1) In the event of the failure, termination, or disqualification of a CSG Facility or Subscriber Organization, Subscribers’ liability will be limited only to loss of the funds that they commit to invest in a community solar project.
E. Advertising, Marketing, and Solicitations.

(1) Advertising Permitted.
   (a) A Subscriber Organization may advertise its services.
   (b) A Subscriber Organization may not engage in an advertising, marketing or trade practice that is unfair, false, misleading, or deceptive.
   (c) All advertising claims must be supported by factual, verifiable sources. Advertising claims should avoid underestimating costs, overestimating performance and overvaluing financial and incentive benefits.
   (d) Subscriber Organizations should be familiar with all advertising laws, rules, regulations, and guidance, including federal, state, and local guidance on advertising and marketing.
   (e) Prices quoted must be accurate and complete, including, but not limited to disclosure as to any initial pricing incentives, such as “teaser rates” that include future price increases, and whether the quoted price includes any price incentives, such as government tax incentives or utility program incentives, and the terms of eligibility for such incentives.
   (f) Any projections of future utility prices presented by a Subscriber Organization or its Agents to consumers must be based on accepted sources and methods. They must be clearly identified, verifiable, and be based on one or more of the following sources:
      (i) Energy Information Agency (“EIA”) data from the Annual Energy Review, Annual Energy Forecast, Monthly Energy Forecast, or similar EIA publications for the state in which the system is located;
      (ii) Council resolutions, orders, publications, or filings with the Council by the Utility;
      (iii) Industry experts or other qualified consultants; or
      (iv) Other similar reliable sources qualified by the Council or CURO office.
   (g) Accepted methods for Utility electricity price projections include:
      (i) If based on historical data for the utility servicing the installation site, combined average growth rate using no less than five years of data ending with the most recent year for which data is publicly available;
      (ii) If based on projections of third-party sources, then it must be an accurate representation of any data within the timeframe of the source of the data, and when projecting beyond the timeframe of the source data, a combined average growth rate projection using a time period that is the greater of source data timeframe or five years.
   (h) Any endorsements of the Subscriber Organization or its products or services by individuals used in any media format either owned by the
Subscriber Organization or initiated or sponsored by the Subscriber Organization through media owned by a third party must be authorized by the endorser, accurate, genuine, in proper context, and without misrepresentation, whether the misrepresentation is affirmative or by omission. It must be clear as to whether the endorser is providing an opinion as a consumer with true firsthand experience, as an expert, or as a spokesperson, and transparent as to whether any connections exist between the endorser and the Subscriber Organization beyond that which a consumer would ordinarily expect.

(2) Marketing.

(a) A Subscriber Organization’s marketing or solicitation information shall include the name under which the Subscriber Organization is registered with CURO.

(b) A Subscriber Organization may use an Agent to conduct marketing or sales activities. A Subscriber Organization is responsible for any fraudulent, deceptive, or other unlawful marketing performed by its Agent while marketing or selling Subscriptions on behalf of the Subscriber Organization.

(c) Subscriber Organizations and their Agents must follow all applicable marketing laws, such as the National Do Not Call Registry, the CAN-SPAM Act of 2003, etc.

(d) Door-to-door marketing and sales: A Subscriber Organization may not permit a person to conduct door-to-door marketing on its behalf until it has obtained and reviewed a criminal history record. Subscriber Organizations shall be solely responsible for carefully screening individuals used for door-to-door marketing purposes to include only those individuals having no history of fraudulent conduct or violent behavior.

(e) A Subscriber Organization must issue an identification badge to any persons conducting door-to-door sales on its behalf to be worn and prominently displayed when conducting door-to-door activities or appearing at public events on behalf of the Subscriber Organization. The badge must accurately identify the Subscriber Organization and display the employee or Agent’s full name and photograph. When conducting door-to-door activities or appearing at a public event, the Subscriber Organization’s employees and Agents may not wear apparel or accessories or carry equipment that contains branding elements, including a logo, that suggests a relationship that does not exist with a utility, government agency, or another Subscriber Organization.

(f) A Subscriber Organization shall ensure the training of its employees and Agents on the following subjects:

(i) Local, state and federal laws and regulations that govern marketing, telemarketing, consumer protection, and door-to-door sales as applicable to the relevant types of marketing and jurisdictions;
(ii) The consumer protections set forth in these Rules, including
the prohibition on unfair, deceptive, or abusive acts or
practices; and
(iii) The Subscriber Organization’s products, services, and
contracts.

(g) Geographic marketing permitted.
(i) A Subscriber Organization may market services on a
graphic basis.
(ii) A Subscriber Organization is not required to offer services
throughout an electric company’s entire service territory.
(iii) A Subscriber Organization may not refuse to provide service
to a Customer based on the economic character of a
graphic area or the collective credit reputation of the area.

F. Creditworthiness.

(1) A Subscriber Organization shall apply uniform income, security deposit, and
credit standards for the purpose of making a decision as to whether to offer a
Subscription to Customers within a given class, provided that the Subscriber
Organization may apply separate sets of uniform standards for the purpose of
promoting participation by low-income retail electric Customer.

G. Subscriber Funds

(1) Subscriber funds, including deposits, collected by the Subscriber
Organization in advance of commercial operation of a CSG Facility, shall be
held in escrow. The escrow shall be maintained by its terms until such time
as the CSG Facility commences commercial operation as certified by Utility
acceptance of energy from the CSG Facility.

H. CSG Facility Reporting

(1) Production from the CSG Facility shall be reported by the Subscriber
Organization to its Subscribers at least monthly. To facilitate the tracking of
production data by Subscribers, Subscriber Organizations are encouraged to
provide website access to Subscribers showing real time Output from the CSG
Facility, if practicable, as well as historical production data.

I. Required Disclosures.

(1) Contract Summary
(a) Prior to the time that a contract for a Subscription to a community
solar project is executed, a Subscriber Organization shall present the
Customer with a completed Contract Summary Disclosure using the
form that is approved by the Council. A Customer shall be allowed
no less than three days to review the Contract Summary Disclosure
prior to execution of the contract and the terms of the contract offered to the Customer may not be changed during that three-day period. At a minimum, the Contract Summary must include:

(i) Start and end date of the contract.
(ii) Renewal provisions, if any. If renewal provisions are automatic, explanation of when Customer may cancel renewal without penalty.
(iii) Ability of Customer to terminate early, and the corresponding early termination penalty, if any.
(iv) Ability of developer to terminate contract early, and any remedy provided to Customer.
(v) Ability of Customer to transfer Subscription to another consumer. Ability of Customer to transfer bill credit to new address in ENO service territory.
(vi) All one-time payments or charges, including any deposit.
(vii) All recurring payments or charges.
(viii) All penalties or fees to which the Customer may be subject.
(ix) Total amount to be paid by Customer under contract.
(x) Billing and payment procedure.
(xi) Whether Customer owns or leases the solar panel or capacity;
(xii) A statement regarding the disposition of all Renewable Energy Credits generated by the Subscriber’s portion of the project including whether (a) the Subscriber is retaining ownership of the Renewable Energy Credits; (b) whether the Renewable Energy Credits are being retired on behalf of the Subscriber by the Subscriber Organization or (c) whether the Subscriber is transferring the Renewable Energy Credits back to the Subscriber Organization. The REC statement must include a statement that if the Subscriber transfers the RECs back to the Subscriber Organization or sells them to a third party rather than retiring them, the Subscriber may not lawfully make any claims about the renewable energy nature of the generation at the community solar facility or any claim that its participation in the Community Solar facility satisfies any renewable energy target or goal to which it is subject.
(xiii) Contact information of developer where Customer may call with questions. Must include physical address, telephone number and email address.
(xiv) Address, phone number and email contact information for the CURO, as well as the address of the Council’s community solar webpage.
(xv) Statement that any bill credits are dependent upon the performance of the solar panels and the prevailing electric rates, which may change over time.
(xvi) Notice that the contract does not include Utility charges.
(xvii) Notice that developer makes no representations or warranties concerning the tax implications of the contract and Customer should consult a tax professional for such information and advice.

(b) The Customer shall initial a copy of the Contract Summary Disclosure to acknowledge receipt of the Contract Summary.

(2) Notice of Subscription
(a) A Subscriber Organization shall provide notice of Subscription of a Customer to the utility in a format consistent with Council orders.
(b) A Customer entering into an agreement with a Subscriber Organization shall receive written notice of enrollment from the Subscriber Organization and the Utility.
(c) Notice of enrollment shall include the following:
   (i) Customer name;
   (ii) Customer service address;
   (iii) Billing name;
   (iv) Billing service address;
   (v) Utility name;
   (vi) Utility account number;
   (vii) Subscriber Organization name;
   (viii) Subscriber Organization account number; and effective date of the enrollment.

J. Contracts for Customer Subscription in a Community Solar Project

(1) Minimum Contract Requirements: A Subscriber Organization’s Subscription contract shall contain all material terms and conditions, stated in plain language, including the following:
   (a) A description of the transaction, including:
      (i) Whether the Subscriber will own or lease a portion of the community solar project;
      (ii) A statement regarding the disposition of all Renewable Energy Credits generated by the Subscriber’s portion of the project including whether (a) the Subscriber is retaining ownership of the Renewable Energy Credits; (b) whether the Renewable Energy Credits are being retired on behalf of the Subscriber by the Subscriber Organization or (c) whether the Subscriber is transferring the Renewable Energy Credits back to the Subscriber Organization. The REC statement must include a statement that if the Subscriber transfers the RECs back to the Subscriber Organization or sells them to a third party rather than retiring them, it may not lawfully make any claims about the renewable energy nature of the generation at the community solar facility or any claim that its participation in the Community Solar facility satisfies any renewable energy
target or goal to which it is subject. The statement regarding the disposition of all Renewable Energy Credits generated by the Subscriber’s portion of the project shall be clearly stated, highlighted and initialed by the Subscriber.

(iii) A statement that any bill credits are dependent upon the performance of the solar panels and the prevailing electric rates, which may change over time; and

(iv) Notice that the contract does not include utility charges.

(b) The Subscriber Organization’s obligation to maintain its registration with the Council for the duration of the contract.

(c) Term of the contract, including:

(i) Start and end date of the contract;

(ii) Renewal provisions, if any. If renewal provisions are automatic, explanation of procedure for consumer to cancel renewal without penalty;

(iii) Ability of consumer to terminate early and the corresponding early termination penalty, if any;

(iv) Ability of developer to terminate contract early, and any corresponding remedy to be provided to the consumer, if any.

(d) Transferability and portability.

(i) The ability of the consumer to transfer Subscription to another consumer.

(ii) The ability of the consumer to transfer the bill credit to a new address within the same Utility service territory.

(e) The ability of the consumer to reduce the size of their commitment and any fees or penalties related thereto.

(f) The total amount to be paid by the consumer under the contract, including:

(i) A clear statement of the total amount;

(ii) A listing of all one-time payments or charges, including any deposit, and whether the deposit is refundable;

(iii) A listing of all recurring payments or charges (monthly, annually, etc.);

(iv) A listing of any penalties or fees to which the consumer may be subject and the conditions under which such penalties or fees would be applied.

(g) Billing and payment procedure.

(h) The data privacy policy of the Subscriber Organization, including what data will be collected, for what purpose and to whom the developer may disclose the data.

(i) Evidence of insurance.

(j) A long-term maintenance plan for the project.

(k) The current production projections for the project and a description of the methodology used to develop production projections.
(l) Contact info of Subscriber Organization where consumer may call with questions, including the physical address, telephone number and email address of the Subscriber Organization.

(m) Notice that the Subscriber Organization makes no representations or warranties concerning the tax implications of the contract and consumers should consult their tax professional.

(n) Any other terms and conditions of service.

K. Disclosure of Subscriber Information.

(1) Except as provided under these Rules, or otherwise ordered by the Council, a Subscriber Organization may not disclose energy usage or personally identifiable information about a Subscriber, or a Subscriber's billing, payment, and credit information, without the Subscriber's written consent.

(2) A Subscriber Organization may disclose a Subscriber's billing, payment, and credit information for the sole purpose of facilitating billing, bill collection, and credit reporting.

(3) A Subscriber Organization shall provide a Customer with a copy of the Subscriber Organization's Customer information privacy policy.

(4) A Subscriber Organization shall treat information received from prospective Customers, including those who do not subscribe, in accordance with provisions (a) and (c) of this section.

XIV. ENFORCEMENT OF THESE RULES

(1) CURO, with the assistance of a Hearing Officer, as necessary, may impose a penalty on the Council's behalf for any violation of these rules of up to $1000 per violation and may, if appropriate in light of the particular violation, void a Subscriber's contract with a Subscriber Organization and require the Subscriber Organization to refund any monies paid by the Subscriber as a remedy for a violation of these provisions.

(2) Any person who believes that a Subscriber Organization (including the Utility acting as a Subscriber Organization) has violated the provisions contained herein in a manner that aggrieves that person may send a written description of the alleged violation to the Council, through its CURO. The written description shall include the name of the Utility or Subscriber Organization ("Respondent"), a concise description of the alleged violation, and the complaining person's ("Complainant") name and contact information.

(3) CURO may, request and obtain additional information regarding the alleged violation from the Complainant and the Respondent. CURO shall also notify the Respondent formally of the complaint, assess whether the Complainant has informed the Respondent of his or her complaint and whether the Respondent has had an opportunity to resolve the issue to the Complainant's satisfaction without CURO or Council intervention.

(4) If, based on the information obtained by CURO, the CURO finds there is cause to believe a violation of the Council's regulations may have occurred,
the Complainant and Respondent have not been able to resolve the issue without Council intervention and the Respondent wishes to challenge the complaint, CURO shall refer the matter to a Hearing Officer who shall conduct a process to allow both parties a fair opportunity to present their evidence and arguments and the Hearing Officer will render a decision as to whether a violation occurred and what the penalty should be. If the Respondent admits to the complaint, CURO may impose the authorized penalty on the Council’s behalf.

(5) Either the Complainant or the Respondent may appeal the decision of CURO and/or the Hearing Officer to the Council.

(6) Should CURO and/or the Hearing Officer determine that the behavior complained of cannot be adequately remedied by a penalty of up to $1000 and/or voiding the contract between Subscriber and Subscription Organization and requiring refund of any monies paid by the Subscriber, either CURO or the Hearing Officer may refer the matter up to the Council for further proceedings. The Council will then set an appropriate procedural schedule, consider the matter and exercise its penalty authority as appropriate in light of the circumstances.

(7) Should CURO and/or the Hearing Officer observe a pattern of continued violations of these rules by a Subscriber Organization (including the Utility acting as a Subscriber Organization) that is undeterred by the application of the remedies the Council has authorized CURO and the Hearing Officer to impose, either CURO or the Hearing Officer may refer the matter up to the Council for further proceedings. The Council will then set an appropriate procedural schedule, consider the matter, and exercise its penalty authority as appropriate in light of the circumstances.

(8) All other contract or legal disputes that arise between a Subscriber and the Subscriber Organization not pertaining to a violation of these provisions shall be brought in the appropriate city or district court in the City of New Orleans. CURO shall provide the Council with annual reports on consumer complaints related to the program.
APPENDIX B
COMMUNITY SOLAR RULES
For the
Council of the City of New Orleans

I. OVERVIEW

The purpose of the Community Solar Rules ("Rules") is to establish the City Council of New Orleans’ rules, policies, and procedures for Community Solar Generating ("CSG") Facilities and the associated electric utility customer subscriptions in Orleans Parish, including: eligibility for participating in Community Solar Generating Facilities; developer, facility, and customer limits with respect to community solar; establishment of a bill crediting mechanism for participants; customer protection provisions; general interconnection requirements; safety and performance requirements; and contractual and reporting requirements. Further, these rules are intended to establish a clear and streamlined path to the development of Community Solar development in the City of New Orleans. The Council recognizes that these rules do not provide the only path to distributed generation development in the City of New Orleans. To the extent that the Utility or any other party has a proposed project or proposal that does not adhere to the requirements of these Rules, it may submit a proposal to the Council for review and approval. These Rules shall be cited as the "New Orleans Community Solar Rules." The Council may waive a provision of these Rules upon a showing of good cause.

II. DEFINITIONS

As used in these rules; the following words and phrases shall have the following meaning, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Agent" means a person who conducts business, including marketing or sales activities, or both, on behalf of a CSG Facility Subscriber Organization and includes an employee, a representative, an independent contractor, a subcontractor, a vendor and a representative not directly under contract with the Subscriber Organization that conducts business, including marketing or sales activities, on behalf of the Subscriber Organization.

"Baseline Annual Usage" refers to a Subscriber's accumulated electricity use in kilowatt-hours ("kWh") for the previous 12-month period at the time the subscription is entered into, as measured at the Utility's meter, net of any distributed generation provided by the Subscriber to the utility system at that meter. For a Subscriber that does not have a record of 12 months of electricity use at the time of the Subscriber's most recent Subscription, an estimate of the Subscriber's accumulated 12 months of electricity use in kWh, determined in a manner the Council approves.

"Consent" means an agreement with an action communicated by the following: a written document with Customer signature; or an electronic document with electronic signature.
“Contract Summary” means a summary of the material terms and conditions of a Community Solar Generating Facility Subscriber contract on a form provided by the Council.

“Council” refers to the Council of the City of New Orleans.

“Community Solar Generating Facility” or “CSG Facility” means a solar energy facility that:

(i) converts solar energy to electricity;
(ii) is owned by the Utility or any other for-profit or nonprofit entity or organization;
(iii) has a generating capacity/nameplate rating that does not exceed five megawatts (“MW”) as measured by the alternating current rating of the system’s inverter;
(iv) can provide power to or is connected to the Utility’s distribution system;
(v) is located in the Utility’s electric service territory;
(vi) is individually metered;
(vii) has at least three Subscribers;
(viii) sells the Output from the facility to the Utility and which the purchase of the Output from the facility shall take the form of a credit against the Subscriber’s electric bill; and
(ix) the beneficial use and renewable attributes of the Output of the facility belongs to the Subscribers.

“Community Solar Program” means a program that encompasses the facilities, entities, functions and requirements implemented by these Rules.

“Customer” means a retail electric customer account holder of the Utility.

“CURO” means Council Utilities Regulatory Office.

“Low-Income Customer” means a Customer whose gross annual household income is at or below 60 percent of Area Median Income for the year of subscription or who is certified as eligible for any federal, state, or local assistance program that limits participation to households whose income is at or below 60 percent of Area Median Income.

“Low-Income Subscriber” means a Subscriber who is a Low-Income Customer.


“Output” means the energy and power produced by a CSG Facility.

“Person” refers to any individual, firm, partnership, corporation, company, association, cooperative association, joint stock association, joint venture, governmental entity, or other legal entity.
“Person ally Identifiable Information” means information that can be used to distinguish or trace an individual’s identity, either alone or when combined with other personal or identifying information that is linked or capable of being linked to a specific individual.

“Renewable Energy Credit” or “REC” means a contractual right to the full set of non-energy attributes, including any and all credits, benefits, emissions reductions, offsets, and allowances, howsoever entitled, directly attributable to a specific amount of electric energy generated from a renewable energy resource. One REC results from one MWh of electric energy generated from a renewable energy resource.

“Rules” means the Community Solar Rules established herein or as modified by subsequent action.

“Security Deposit” means any payment of money given to a Subscriber Organization by a Subscriber in order to protect the Subscriber Organization against nonpayment of future subscription fees, but does not include escrowed prepaid subscription fees.

“Service Connection” is the location on the CSG Facility’s premises/facilities at which a point of delivery of power between the Utility and the CSG Facility is established.

“Subscriber” means a Customer of the Utility that holds a Subscription to one or more CSG Facilities and has identified one or more individual meters or accounts related to electric service to which the Subscription(s) shall be attributed.

“Subscriber Organization” means a person or legal entity that owns and operates a CSG Facility, or operates a CSG Facility that is built and owned by a third party under contract with such Subscriber Organization. A Subscriber Organization may also be a Subscriber to the facility, subject to the Limitations on Subscriptions set forth herein.

“Subscription” refers to that portion or proportionate interest of Output of a CSG Facility that is allocated to a Subscriber, including the RECs associated with or attributable to the CSG Facility.

“Unsubscribed Energy” refers to any energy Output of a CSG Facility in kWh that is not allocated to a Subscriber.

“Utility” refers to the utility providing electric service to customers in the City of New Orleans and regulated by the Council.

III. CUSTOMER ELIGIBILITY

A. Customer Eligibility

1. All customer rate classes are eligible to subscribe to a CSG Facility.
2. A Customer may subscribe to a CSG Facility in the Utility’s service territory, provided that the Customer has an account for electric service with the Utility.
(3) A Customer may subscribe to CSG Facility regardless of the Customer’s participation in other Utility-sponsored renewable programs, such as NEM, provided that the Customer’s participation does not violate, individually or collectively, the eligibility limits of all applicable programs and these Rules.

B. Limitations on Subscriptions

(1) A Customer may not hold Subscriptions representing a total amount of energy in the Community Solar Program that exceeds 100 percent of the value of the Subscriber’s Baseline Annual Usage.

(2) A Customer may purchase multiple Subscriptions from one or more CSG Facilities provided that the total of the Subscriptions does not exceed the requirements in III.B.(1) of the Rules.

(3) No Customer may own more than a 40 percent interest in the beneficial use of the electricity generated by a CSG Facility, including without limitation, the renewable energy and RECs associated with or attributable to the CSG Facility.

IV. COMMUNITY SOLAR GENERATING FACILITY ELIGIBILITY

A. CSG Facility Eligibility

(1) A CSG Facility can be owned by the Utility or any other for-profit or nonprofit entity or organization.

(2) A Subscriber Organization that has registered with the Council, through CURO, that wishes to construct and operate a CSG Facility as part of the Community Solar Program shall submit an application to the Utility in accordance with the CSG Facility project application procedure established by the Utility as part of these Rules.

(3) Subscriber Organization shall be responsible for the operation and maintenance of the CSG Facility, the associated Subscription management, and any required reporting to the Utility.

(4) A CSG Facility must be located in the Utility’s service territory, must be individually metered, and must be connected to the Utility’s distribution system.

(5) A CSG Facility may be either new construction that commenced operation after the date of Council adoption of these Rules or a solar generating system that commenced operation prior to Council adoption of these Rules.

(6) The Subscriber Organization for the CSG Facility must enter into a Contract with the Utility to sell the Output from the facility to the Utility. The purchase of the Output from the CSG Facility shall take the form of a credit against the Subscriber’s electric bill.

(7) The Council may establish additional conditions limiting the number of CSG Facilities for which any single Subscriber Organization or its affiliates may apply.
B. CSG Facility Limitations

(1) The CSG Facility’s generating capacity/nameplate rating must not exceed five MW as measured by the alternating current rating of the system’s inverter.

(2) The beneficial use and renewable attributes of the Output of the CSG Facility must remain with the Subscribers.

(3) A CSG Facility must have at least three Subscribers.

(4) The total number of accounts per CSG Facility may be determined by the Subscriber Organization; however, each Subscription shall be sized to represent at least one kW of the CSG Facility’s nameplate rating. The minimum one kW sizing requirement herein shall not apply to Subscriptions owned by an eligible Low-Income Subscriber.

(5) More than one CSG Facility may be located on the same or adjacent property as an existing or proposed CSG Facility owned by the same Subscriber Organization or affiliate, provided that the combined nameplate ratings of such CSG facilities does not exceed 5000 kW.

(6) One or more Subscriber Organizations may construct multiple CSG Facilities on a single parcel of property, providing that the total MW of the multiple projects on the single parcel does not exceed 5 MW.

(7) To the extent that the analysis performed in the Utility’s processing of the CSG Facility application as described in VII.D of these Rules reveals that a proposed CSG Facility would have a negative impact on the reliability of the Utility’s system, either the CSG Facility must be reduced in size to mitigate such negative impact, or the CSG Facility developer may choose to incur the costs of necessary upgrades to the Utility’s system to enable the CSG Facility to be interconnected without jeopardizing the reliability of the system.

V. CAPACITY LIMITS

A. Community Solar Program Capacity Limits

(1) Subject to the CSG Facility category limits established in these Rules, the Utility shall accept CSG Facility applications as long as the total capacity of all CSG Facilities, as measured by the sum of the nameplate capacity of each CSG Facility’s inverter, is less than or equal to five percent of the Utility’s annual peak in MW for the first three years of the Community Solar Program. Subsequent to the first three years the Council will reconsider the total capacity limit.

(2) Prior to accepting CSG Facility applications beyond the Community Solar Program Capacity Limits or the CSG Facility Category Limits, the Utility shall seek and obtain Council approval.

B. CSG Facility Category Limits

(1) CSG Facilities shall be classified into one of two categories:
(a) Open Category: CSG Facilities of any size up to five MW as measured by the alternating current rating of the system’s inverter.

(b) Low-Income Category: CSG Facilities of any size up to five MW as measured by the alternating current rating of the system’s inverter in which a minimum of 30 percent of the CSG Facility’s Output is provided to Low-Income Subscribers.

(2) The Utility shall accept CSG Facility applications in each of the following categories up to the Community Solar Program Capacity Limits and according to the following CSG Facility Category percentages:

(a) Open Category: up to 50 percent of the Community Solar Program Capacity Limits; and

(b) The remaining 50 percent of the Community Solar Program Capacity Limit shall be reserved for Low-Income Category CSG Facilities.

VI. SUBSCRIBER ORGANIZATION REGISTRATION AND RECORDS

A. Registration with the Council

(1) A Subscriber Organization shall register with the Council, on forms authorized by the Council, prior to offering Subscriptions to a CSG Facility or operating a CSG Facility. CURO shall process the registrations and make a list of Subscriber Organizations with current, valid registrations available on the Council’s website.

(2) The Council shall assign each Subscriber Organization with an identification number.

(3) A Subscriber Organization shall maintain the registration with the Council by notifying the Council whenever certain information supplied as part of the registration with the Council becomes inaccurate, and updating their registration with accurate information. Subscriber Organizations shall renew their registration with CURO annually. If any Subscriber Organization fails to renew their registration in a timely manner, or if CURO otherwise becomes aware that the information in a Subscriber Organization’s registration is no longer accurate, CURO shall notify the Subscriber Organization of the lapse in its registration and the Subscriber Organization shall have 30 days to renew or update its registration. If the Subscriber Organization fails to renew its or update its registration within the 30-day period, its registration shall be revoked by CURO. When a Subscriber organization’s registration is revoked, CURO shall notify the Utility and the Utility shall no longer be required to purchase energy or capacity from the Subscriber Organization’s CSG Facility or to provide credits to the Subscribers of that CSG Facility.

(4) By registering with the Council, a Subscriber Organization acknowledges and agrees it is bound by the Council’s regulatory authority and jurisdiction to enforce the requirements contained in these Rules, including, but not limited to, the Council’s authority to impose penalties on the Subscriber Organization as provided for in these Rules, or otherwise allowed by law.
(5) CURO may charge a reasonable fee to Subscriber Organizations for initial registration with the Council and for annual renewal, as authorized by the Council.

B. Subscriber Organization Obligations and Records

(1) A Subscriber Organization shall maintain on file with CURO the following information for the duration of the operation of each CSG Facility:
   (a) Owner name and address.
   (b) Business address.
   (c) Name of registered agent in Orleans Parish.
   (d) General information on the facility including: location, DC and AC nameplate capacity, major equipment list, interconnection requirements, and any other relevant design details.
   (e) Proof of liability insurance in an amount reasonably adequate to protect the public and the Utility against damages caused by the operation of each CSG Facility. The Council, through CURO or other designated agency, will establish minimum levels of liability insurance that shall be deemed reasonably adequate for CSG Facilities.
   (f) Proof of registration “In Good Standing” with the Louisiana Secretary of State.
   (g) Proof of professional licenses from all applicable regulatory agencies, such as the Louisiana State Licensing Board for Contractors.
   (h) A copy of the Subscriber Organization’s Occupational or General Business License obtained from the City of New Orleans’ Bureau of Revenue.

(2) A Subscriber Organization shall maintain in its own files the following information for the duration of the operation of each CSG Facility:
   (a) Subscriber information including: name, mailing address, address at which the Subscriber has an account for electric service with the Utility, and, where relevant, the data supporting a Subscriber’s classification as a Low-Income Subscriber.
   (b) Subscription information for each Subscriber including a copy of the contract, rates, fees, and terms and conditions.

(3) A Subscriber Organization shall provide the information in Section VI.B(2) to the Council upon request.

(4) A Subscriber Organization shall provide to the Council, within 10 business days, information requested by the Council concerning the operation of its CSG Facilities.

(5) Contracts between the Subscriber Organization and the Utility shall be a matter of public record and shall be filed with the Clerk of Council by the Subscriber Organization.

(6) A Subscriber Organization, and, where relevant, the third-party owner/developer, are responsible for ensuring that its CSG Facility is constructed, maintained, and operated in compliance with all relevant local,
state, and federal laws, rules regulations and standards, including, but not limited to, reliability, safety, zoning, permitting, occupational safety and health, and environmental laws, rules, regulations and standards, as well as adherence to the Utility’s interconnection policies and procedures and these Rules.

(7) CURO shall maintain on the Council’s website a list of Subscriber Organizations registered with the Council, the names of any Subscriber Organizations whose registrations have lapsed or been revoked by the Council, a copy of these Rules, and an explanation of how consumers may submit a complaint related to these Rules to the Council.

VII. COMMUNITY SOLAR PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

A. Community Solar Program Plan

(1) Within 90 days from the effective date of the Rules, the Utility shall develop a Community Solar Plan setting forth the Utility’s plan for implementing these Rules including the Utility’s program administration plan and relevant tariffs for compliance with these Rules.

B. CSG Facility Standard Interconnection Agreement

(1) Within 90 days from the effective date of the Rules, the Utility shall develop a Standard Interconnection Agreement for CSG Facilities, which shall be subject to the review and approval of the Council.

(2) The proposed Standard Interconnection Agreement for CSG Facilities shall be consistent with the provisions of Entergy’s Distribution Design Basis/Standards DR7-01 and DR7-02.

(3) The proposed Standard Interconnection Agreement for CSG Facilities shall be consistent with the provisions of these Rules and shall describe any and all interconnection expenses, and other charges in conformity with the Rules.

C. CSG Facility Project Application Procedure

(1) Within 90 days from the effective date of the Rules, the Utility shall establish a CSG Facility application procedure in compliance with these Rules and applicable Council orders, and consistent with the CSG Facility Standard Interconnection Agreement.

(2) The Utility shall develop its CSG Facility application procedure in a manner designed to encourage achievement of the Council’s community solar guiding principles, timely project development, and equitable allocation of the Community Solar Program Capacity Limits and the CSG Facility Category Limits. In addition to CSG Facility details necessary for the application, the application procedure shall require:

(a) Proof of Subscriber Organization registration with the Council;
(b) Proof of application for all applicable permits to construct and operate the CSG Facility; and
(c) Proof of site control. The Utility shall accept as proof of site control: evidence of property ownership; an executed lease agreement; or a signed option to purchase a lease.

3) A Subscriber Organization shall notify the Utility of the location, capacity and expected energy production of its proposed CSG Facility at the time it submits an interconnection request, or prior to soliciting subscriptions from potential Subscribers, whichever occurs first.

D. Processing of CSG Facility Applications

1) The Utility shall process applications from Subscriber Organizations filed in accordance with the CSG Facility application procedure in the order in which the utility receives the application.

2) Within 10 business days of receipt, the Utility shall notify the Subscriber Organization whether the application is rejected due to the capacity limits established by these Rules.

3) Within 10 business days of receipt, the Utility shall notify the Subscriber Organization whether the application is complete. If the application is incomplete, the Utility shall provide a written list detailing all information that must be provided to complete the application.

4) A Subscriber Organization receiving notice of an incomplete application shall revise and submit the required information within 10 business days after receipt of the list of incomplete information. Failure to submit the required information within 10 business days shall result in the Subscriber Organization losing their place in the queue, but shall not otherwise prejudice the Subscriber Organization’s ability to file a new, complete application in the future.

5) The Utility shall notify a Subscriber Organization within 10 business days of receipt of a revised application whether the application is complete or incomplete.

6) The Utility shall grant an extension of time of an additional 10 days to provide such information upon request from the Subscriber Organization.

7) The Utility shall reject an application that is not submitted in accordance with CSG Facility application procedure.

8) The Utility shall assign each CSG Facility a unique identification number.

9) If the Utility participates as a Subscriber Organization, it will have the same rules applied to it as any other Subscriber Organization.

10) If the Utility or any of its affiliates participate as a Subscriber Organization, the Utility may not recover any portion of its CSG Facility costs through its base rates. If a Utility or any of its affiliates participate as a Subscriber Organization, it must not offer its own CSG Facility, or that of its affiliate any preferential treatment or benefit not available to other Subscriber Organizations.
(11) If a CSG Facility fails to begin operating within 12 months of an approved application by the Subscriber Organization, the Subscriber Organization should provide to the Utility an additional deposit of $50 per kW to continue under the Community Solar Program.

(12) The Utility shall return the CSG Facility deposit upon commencement of operation, unless the CSG Facility fails to begin operating within 18 months of an approved application.

(13) Any forfeited deposits shall be credited back to Utility customers via the Fuel Adjustment Clause.

(14) The Utility’s interconnection process shall include an analysis of any potential reliability impacts, positive or negative, of the interconnection of the CSG Facility at the requested location.

E. Utility Data and Project Information

(1) The Utility shall designate a contact person, and provide contact information on its website for submission of all project application requests, and from whom information on the project application request process and the Utility’s electric distribution system can be obtained.

(2) The Utility shall provide information, updated at least quarterly, on its website about the current status of the Community Solar Program and CSG Facility applications, including: name; address; date of application; interconnection status; expected date of operation; percent of the project that is subscribed, and remaining available capacity by year in each program category. The Utility shall also include on its website a link to the Council’s Community Solar web page.

(3) The Utility shall make reasonable attempts to assist all applicants with identifying means to locate and operate CSG Facilities in a manner that minimizes adverse effects or maximizes distribution system benefits at locations identified by applicants. If the Utility or any of its affiliates choose to participate as an owner/developer of a CSG Facility and/or a Subscriber Organization, the Utility must offer other owner/developer and Subscriber Organizations equal access to the information available to the Utility and its affiliates for locating and operating CSG Facilities in a manner that minimizes adverse effects or maximizes distribution system benefits so that neither the Utility’s nor its affiliate’s CSG Facility has preferential access to information inaccessible to other Subscriber Organizations.

(4) The information provided by the Utility on its website shall include studies and other materials useful to understanding the feasibility of interconnecting a CSG Facility on the Utility’s electric distribution system, except to the extent providing the materials would violate security requirements, confidentiality agreements, or be contrary to law.

(5) The Utility may require an applicant to execute an appropriate confidentiality agreement prior to release or access to confidential or restricted information.

(6) The Utility shall monitor and review its distribution system to determine any adverse or beneficial effects resulting from each installed CSG Facility.
(7) The Utility shall maintain for the longer of twenty years or the duration of the community solar program, the following information for each CSG Facility: recorded monthly peak output, monthly energy output, aggregate annual energy credited to Subscribers by rate class; aggregate annual amount of subscription credits provided to Subscribers by rate class; annual amount of unsubscribed energy output provided to the Utility; and annual amount paid by the Utility for unsubscribed energy. Subscriber monthly billing information should be maintained by the Utility consistent with the Utility’s customer billing records retention policy.

F. Utility Reporting

(1) The Utility shall provide the Council with complete data, information, and supporting documentation necessary to monitor the Community Solar Program status, impact on operations, Subscriber and ratepayer impact, and other information upon request.

(2) By May 1 of each year, the Utility shall file an annual report with the Council on the Status of the Community Solar Program Including: (1) monthly energy (MWh) and capacity (MW) produced by the Community Solar Program, including each CSG Facility; (2) total cost of energy and capacity ENO purchases through the Community Solar Program, identifying bill credits separate from unsubscribed energy; (2) $/MW and $/MWh of the capacity and energy purchased, (3) Utility costs associated with administering the Community Solar Program; (4) tons of emissions avoided through utilization of the energy and capacity produced by the Community Solar Program; (5) any positive and negative impacts on the operation of the Utility’s distribution system; (6) any benefits provided to the Utility’s system by the Community Solar Program related to mitigating or recovering from storm events or other outages.

(3) The electric Utility shall maintain a list of projects and total program capacity, and shall provide the list to the Council by June 30 and December 31 of each year.

(4) The Utility shall publish on its website a rolling 24-month report of what the per-kWh and per-kW credit for energy and capacity was in order to assist customers seeking to evaluate whether to enter into or renew a contract with a CSG Facility.

G. Utility Cost Recovery and Charges

(1) Once the Utility’s Community Solar Plan has been reviewed and approved by the Council, the Utility shall have a fair opportunity to receive full and timely cost recovery of costs incurred to administer the Community Solar Program, and any non-reimbursed portion of program bill credit costs and unsubscribed energy costs.

(2) The Utility may not establish a separate surcharge fee or rate for recovery of any Community Solar program costs identified in Section VII.G.1. The
specific mechanisms for Community Solar program cost recovery will be approved by a Council resolution based on the Council’s review of the community solar tariffs proposed in the Community Solar Plan required under Section VII.A.1.

(3) The Utility may assess a Council-approved charge to the Subscriber Organization to cover the Utility’s incremental costs associated with integrating the generation from the CSG Facility into the Utility’s system, administering the contracts with Subscriber Organizations, and administering the CSG Facility’s Subscriber billing credits. This charge shall not reflect costs that are already recovered by the Utility from Customers through other charges. The Utility may seek a revision of this charge no more frequently than once per year.

(4) The Utility’s revenue and expenses associated with the Subscriber Organizations and the Community Solar Program Plan shall be identified separately in general ledger records and maintained in separate revenue and expense sub accounts.

VIII. SUBSCRIPTION CREDITS

A. Subscriber Organizations are required to provide real time reporting of production as specified by the Utility. For CSG Facilities greater than 250 kW, the Subscriber Organization shall provide real time electronic access to production data. The Utility may require different real time reporting for CSG Facilities 250 kW and smaller.

B. The Subscriber Organization for each CSG Facility will provide a monthly report to the Utility listing all Subscribers and the proportion of the CSG Facility Output that shall be applied to each Subscriber’s monthly electric bill. The monthly report shall follow a standard format specified by the Utility in order to integrate data into the Utility’s billing system. The monthly report shall also include the amount of the CSG Facility’s capacity that remains unsubscribed.

C. The Utility shall apply credits to each Subscriber’s monthly bill using the most recently updated monthly Subscriber list and Output data on a two-month lag where actual operational results and the associated bill credit will show up two months following the Utility’s receipt of Output data for the CSG Facility.

D. The Utility shall determine the amount of CSG Facility monthly kWh Output to be credited to each Subscriber by multiplying the Subscriber’s most recent generation proportion of the CSG Facility by the Utility metered Output of the CSG Facility.

E. The CSG per kWh credit rate for all Subscribers that do not qualify as a Low Income Subscriber will be the full retail rate, including all rider schedules that would be applicable to the Subscriber on a per kWh basis. The CSG per kWh credit rate for Low-Income Subscribers shall be the full retail rate, including all applicable rider schedules that would be applicable to the Low-Income Subscriber on a per kWh basis, plus 2.0 cents/kWh.

F. The appropriate CSG credit will be applied to the bill of each Subscriber on a kWh basis.
G. The Subscription monthly bill credit so determined will apply to each Subscriber irrespective of the customer class tariff under which the Subscriber receives service from the Utility, and will apply to all Subscribers in a CSG Facility.

H. If, in a monthly billing period, the billing credit associated with the Subscription of a Subscriber exceeds the Subscriber’s bill from the Utility, the excess billing credit will be rolled over as a dollar amount bill credit from month to month indefinitely until the Subscriber terminates service with the Utility at which time no payment shall be made from the Utility for any remaining bill credits associated with the Subscriber’s Subscription.

I. The Utility shall retain a record of CSG Facility kWh applied to each Subscriber’s account for a period of three years.

IX. UNSUBSCRIBED ENERGY

A. The Utility will pay a Subscriber Organization for up to 20 percent of the monthly energy produced by a CGS Facility and delivered to the Utility if such energy is not allocated to a Subscriber of the CSG Facility.

B. The rate per kWh to be paid for net deliveries to the Utility, pursuant to Section IX.A, shall be the Utility’s estimated avoided energy costs for the appropriate time period from the Utility’s most recent biennial filing with the Clerk of Council of the City of New Orleans pursuant to the Public Utilities Regulatory Policies Act of 1978, Section 210.

X. LOW-INCOME CUSTOMER VERIFICATION

A. The operator of a low-income multi-family dwelling unit may apply to the Council to qualify as a Low-Income Subscriber for the purposes of the Community Solar Program. The operator should demonstrate to the Council that the Subscription Credits will be credited to the tenants of the low-income multi-family dwelling.

B. A Subscriber Organization shall certify to the Utility in writing that the Subscriber Organization has verified the eligibility of all Low-Income Subscribers needed to qualify for the program prior to receiving permission to operate from the Utility.

C. The Council will provide guidelines for acceptable methods for Subscriber Organizations to verify Low-Income Customer status of Subscribers within 90 days from the effective date of these Rules.

XI. SUBSCRIPTION TRANSFERS AND PORTABILITY

A. A Subscriber may release all or part of their Subscription back to the Subscriber Organization for transfer to any person or entity who qualifies to be a Subscriber in the CSG Facility.

B. A Subscriber who desires to transfer all or part of his or her Subscription to another eligible Customer desiring to purchase a Subscription may do so only through the Subscription Organization and in compliance with the terms and conditions of the Subscription contract and the transfer will be effective in accordance therewith.
C. If the CSG Facility is fully subscribed, the Subscriber Organization shall maintain a waiting list of eligible Customers who desire to purchase Subscriptions. The Subscriber Organization shall offer the Subscription of the Subscriber desiring to transfer their interest, or a portion thereof, on a first-come, first-serve basis to Customers on the waiting list.

D. A Subscriber that moves to a different premise located within the Utility service territory may change the premises to which the Subscription is attributed, however, the Subscriber must adjust their Subscription so that it does not exceed 100 percent the Baseline Annual Usage at the new location and release any portion of their Subscription beyond that level back to the Subscriber Organization. A Subscriber Organization may not charge an unreasonable transfer fee to such a Subscriber.

E. The Subscriber Organization and the Utility shall jointly verify that each Subscriber is eligible to be a Subscriber in the CSG Facility. The CSG Facility Subscriber enrollment records shall include, at a minimum, the Subscriber’s name and Utility Account number, the percentage share owned by the Subscriber, the effective date of the ownership of that Subscription, and the premises to which the Subscription is attributed for the purpose of applying billing credits. Changes in the Subscriber enrollment records shall be communicated by the Subscriber Organization to the Utility, in written or electronic form, as soon as practicable, but on no less than a monthly basis.

F. Prices paid for Subscriptions in a CSG Facility shall not be subject to regulation by the Council. However, to ensure that Subscriber Organizations are acting fairly and transparently, the Subscriber Organizations must provide materials to the potential Subscriber clearly showing the Subscription cost.

G. To ensure fairness and transparency regarding the transfer of subscriptions and Subscription Credits, the Utility, in consultation with the Council and its Advisors, will develop a process and requirements therefor. The Subscriber Organization will be responsible for any costs associated with the transfer of subscriptions and/or Subscription Credits.

XII. RENEWABLE ENERGY CREDIT OWNERSHIP

A. Subscribers are not customer generators.

B. The ownership and title to all renewable energy attributes or Renewable Energy Credits associated with the CSG Facilities shall belong to the individual Subscribers.

C. The Subscriber Organization may enter into an agreement with Subscribers to transfer ownership of RECs from the Subscriber to the Subscriber Organization. Any such agreement to transfer ownership of the RECs must be included in the subscription agreement in terms that can be easily understood, and must be highlighted, clearly stated, and initialed by the Subscriber.
XIII. CONSUMER PROTECTION & DISCLOSURE

A. Unauthorized Subscriptions.

(1) No person shall subscribe a Customer to a community solar energy generation system without the Customer’s express written consent.

(2) A Subscriber Organization may not add a new charge for a new service, existing service, or service option not described in the Subscriber’s contract with the Subscriber Organization without first providing written notice to the Subscriber and providing them an opportunity to terminate their Subscription without penalty if the new charge is unacceptable to the Subscriber.

B. Discrimination Prohibited.

(1) A Subscriber Organization may not discriminate against any Customer, based wholly or partly on race, color, creed, national origin, or gender of an applicant for service or for any arbitrary, capricious, or unfairly discriminatory reason.

(2) A Subscriber Organization may not refuse to provide service to a Customer except by the application of standards that are reasonably related to the Subscriber Organization’s economic and business purpose.

C. Prohibition of Unfair, Deceptive, or Abusive Acts or Practices.

(1) Each Subscriber Organization shall conduct all aspects of its business that touch on Consumers or their interests without any unfair, deceptive, or abusive acts or practices.

(2) Each Subscriber Organization shall regularly examine and consider the possibility of unfair, deceptive, or abusive acts or practices violations in all aspects of its business that touch on consumers or their interests, including, but not limited to, marketing, sales, origination, contract terms, contract options, installation, servicing, and loss mitigation.

(3) Subscriber Organizations shall not harass or threaten consumers and should avoid high-pressure sales techniques. Subscriber Organizations should not take advantage of a consumer’s lack of knowledge, and if they become aware that a consumer clearly misunderstands a material issue in a community solar transaction, they should correct that misunderstanding. Consumer questions must be answered honestly, Subscriber Organizations may not make any statements to consumers that are false or without a reasonable basis in fact.

D. Limitation of Liability

(1) In the event of the failure, termination, or disqualification of a CSG Facility or Subscriber Organization, Subscribers’ liability will be limited only to loss of the funds that they commit to invest in a community solar project.
E. Advertising, Marketing, and Solicitations.

(1) Advertising Permitted.
   (a) A Subscriber Organization may advertise its services.
   (b) A Subscriber Organization may not engage in an advertising, marketing or trade practice that is unfair, false, misleading, or deceptive.
   (c) All advertising claims must be supported by factual, verifiable sources. Advertising claims should avoid underestimating costs, overestimating performance and overvaluing financial and incentive benefits.
   (d) Subscriber Organizations should be familiar with all advertising laws, rules, regulations, and guidance, including federal, state, and local guidance on advertising and marketing.
   (e) Prices quoted must be accurate and complete, including, but not limited to disclosure as to any initial pricing incentives, such as “teaser rates” that include future price increases, and whether the quoted price includes any price incentives, such as government tax incentives or utility program incentives, and the terms of eligibility for such incentives.
   (f) Any projections of future utility prices presented by a Subscriber Organization or its Agents to consumers must be based on accepted sources and methods. They must be clearly identified, verifiable, and be based on one or more of the following sources:
      (i) Energy Information Agency ("EIA") data from the Annual Energy Review, Annual Energy Forecast, Monthly Energy Forecast, or similar EIA publications for the state in which the system is located;
      (ii) Council resolutions, orders, publications, or filings with the Council by the Utility;
      (iii) Industry experts or other qualified consultants; or
      (iv) Other similar reliable sources qualified by the Council or CURO office.
   (g) Accepted methods for Utility electricity price projections include:
      (i) If based on historical data for the utility servicing the installation site, combined average growth rate using no less than five years of data ending with the most recent year for which data is publicly available;
      (ii) If based on projections of third-party sources, then it must be an accurate representation of any data within the timeframe of the source of the data, and when projecting beyond the timeframe of the source data, a combined average growth rate projection using a time period that is the greater of source data timeframe or five years.
   (h) Any endorsements of the Subscriber Organization or its products or services by individuals used in any media format either owned by the
Subscriber Organization or initiated or sponsored by the Subscriber Organization through media owned by a third party must be authorized by the endorser, accurate, genuine, in proper context, and without misrepresentation, whether the misrepresentation is affirmative or by omission. It must be clear as to whether the endorser is providing an opinion as a consumer with true firsthand experience, as an expert, or as a spokesperson, and transparent as to whether any connections exist between the endorser and the Subscriber Organization beyond that which a consumer would ordinarily expect.

(2) Marketing.

(a) A Subscriber Organization’s marketing or solicitation information shall include the name under which the Subscriber Organization is registered with CURO.

(b) A Subscriber Organization may use an Agent to conduct marketing or sales activities. A Subscriber Organization is responsible for any fraudulent, deceptive, or other unlawful marketing performed by its Agent while marketing or selling Subscriptions on behalf of the Subscriber Organization.

(c) Subscriber Organizations and their Agents must follow all applicable marketing laws, such as the National Do Not Call Registry, the CAN-SPAM Act of 2003, etc.

(d) Door-to-door marketing and sales: A Subscriber Organization may not permit a person to conduct door-to-door marketing on its behalf until it has obtained and reviewed a criminal history record. Subscriber Organizations shall be solely responsible for carefully screening individuals used for door-to-door marketing purposes to include only those individuals having no history of fraudulent conduct or violent behavior.

(e) A Subscriber Organization must issue an identification badge to any persons conducting door-to-door sales on its behalf to be worn and prominently displayed when conducting door-to-door activities or appearing at public events on behalf of the Subscriber Organization. The badge must accurately identify the Subscriber Organization and display the employee or Agent’s full name and photograph. When conducting door-to-door activities or appearing at a public event, the Subscriber Organization’s employees and Agents may not wear apparel or accessories or carry equipment that contains branding elements, including a logo, that suggests a relationship that does not exist with a utility, government agency, or another Subscriber Organization.

(f) A Subscriber Organization shall ensure the training of its employees and Agents on the following subjects:

(i) Local, state and federal laws and regulations that govern marketing, telemarketing, consumer protection, and door-to-door sales as applicable to the relevant types of marketing and jurisdictions;
(ii) The consumer protections set forth in these Rules, including the prohibition on unfair, deceptive, or abusive acts or practices; and

(iii) The Subscriber Organization’s products, services, and contracts.

(g) Geographic marketing permitted.

(i) A Subscriber Organization may market services on a geographic basis.

(ii) A Subscriber Organization is not required to offer services throughout an electric company’s entire service territory.

(iii) A Subscriber Organization may not refuse to provide service to a Customer based on the economic character of a geographic area or the collective credit reputation of the area.

F. Creditworthiness.

(1) A Subscriber Organization shall apply uniform income, security deposit, and credit standards for the purpose of making a decision as to whether to offer a Subscription to Customers within a given class, provided that the Subscriber Organization may apply separate sets of uniform standards for the purpose of promoting participation by low-income retail electric Customer.

G. Subscriber Funds

(1) Subscriber funds, including deposits, collected by the Subscriber Organization in advance of commercial operation of a CSG Facility, shall be held in escrow. The escrow shall be maintained by its terms until such time as the CSG Facility commences commercial operation as certified by Utility acceptance of energy from the CSG Facility.

H. CSG Facility Reporting

(1) Production from the CSG Facility shall be reported by the Subscriber Organization to its Subscribers at least monthly. To facilitate the tracking of production data by Subscribers, Subscriber Organizations are encouraged to provide website access to Subscribers showing real time Output from the CSG Facility, if practicable, as well as historical production data.

I. Required Disclosures.

(1) Contract Summary

(a) Prior to the time that a contract for a Subscription to a community solar project is executed, a Subscriber Organization shall present the Customer with a completed Contract Summary Disclosure using the form that is approved by the Council. A Customer shall be allowed no less than three days to review the Contract Summary Disclosure.
prior to execution of the contract and the terms of the contract offered to the Customer may not be changed during that three-day period. At a minimum, the Contract Summary must include:

(i) Start and end date of the contract.
(ii) Renewal provisions, if any. If renewal provisions are automatic, explanation of when Customer may cancel renewal without penalty.
(iii) Ability of Customer to terminate early, and the corresponding early termination penalty, if any.
(iv) Ability of developer to terminate contract early, and any remedy provided to Customer.
(v) Ability of Customer to transfer Subscription to another consumer. Ability of Customer to transfer bill credit to new address in ENO service territory.
(vi) All one-time payments or charges, including any deposit.
(vii) All recurring payments or charges.
(viii) All penalties or fees to which the Customer may be subject.
(ix) Total amount to be paid by Customer under contract.
(x) Billing and payment procedure.
(xi) Whether Customer owns or leases the solar panel or capacity;
(xii) A statement regarding the disposition of all Renewable Energy Credits generated by the Subscriber’s portion of the project including whether (a) the Subscriber is retaining ownership of the Renewable Energy Credits; (b) whether the Renewable Energy Credits are being retired on behalf of the Subscriber by the Subscriber Organization or (c) whether the Subscriber is transferring the Renewable Energy Credits back to the Subscriber Organization. The REC statement must include a statement that if the Subscriber transfers the RECs back to the Subscriber Organization or sells them to a third party rather than retiring them, the Subscriber may not lawfully make any claims about the renewable energy nature of the generation at the community solar facility or any claim that its participation in the Community Solar facility satisfies any renewable energy target or goal to which it is subject.
(xiii) Contact information of developer where Customer may call with questions. Must include physical address, telephone number and email address.
(xiv) Address, phone number and email contact information for the CURO, as well as the address of the Council’s community solar webpage.
(xv) Statement that any bill credits are dependent upon the performance of the solar panels and the prevailing electric rates, which may change over time.
(xvi) Notice that the contract does not include Utility charges.
(xvii) Notice that developer makes no representations or warranties concerning the tax implications of the contract and Customer should consult a tax professional for such information and advice.

(b) The Customer shall initial a copy of the Contract Summary Disclosure to acknowledge receipt of the Contract Summary.

(2) Notice of Subscription

(a) A Subscriber Organization shall provide notice of Subscription of a Customer to the utility in a format consistent with Council orders.

(b) A Customer entering into an agreement with a Subscriber Organization shall receive written notice of enrollment from the Subscriber Organization and the Utility.

(c) Notice of enrollment shall include the following:

(i) Customer name;
(ii) Customer service address;
(iii) Billing name;
(iv) Billing service address;
(v) Utility name;
(vi) Utility account number;
(vii) Subscriber Organization name;
(viii) Subscriber Organization account number; and effective date of the enrollment.

J. Contracts for Customer Subscription in a Community Solar Project

(1) Minimum Contract Requirements: A Subscriber Organization’s Subscription contract shall contain all material terms and conditions, stated in plain language, including the following:

(a) A description of the transaction, including:

(i) Whether the Subscriber will own or lease a portion of the community solar project;

(ii) A statement regarding the disposition of all Renewable Energy Credits generated by the Subscriber’s portion of the project including whether (a) the Subscriber is retaining ownership of the Renewable Energy Credits; (b) whether the Renewable Energy Credits are being retired on behalf of the Subscriber by the Subscriber Organization or (c) whether the Subscriber is transferring the Renewable Energy Credits back to the Subscriber Organization. The REC statement must include a statement that if the Subscriber transfers the RECs back to the Subscriber Organization or sells them to a third party rather than retiring them, it may not lawfully make any claims about the renewable energy nature of the generation at the community solar facility or any claim that its participation in the Community Solar facility satisfies any renewable energy
target or goal to which it is subject. The statement regarding the disposition of all Renewable Energy Credits generated by the Subscriber's portion of the project shall be clearly stated, highlighted and initialed by the Subscriber.

(iii) A statement that any bill credits are dependent upon the performance of the solar panels and the prevailing electric rates, which may change over time; and

(iv) Notice that the contract does not include utility charges.

(b) The Subscriber Organization's obligation to maintain its registration with the Council for the duration of the contract.

(c) Term of the contract, including:
   (i) Start and end date of the contract;
   (ii) Renewal provisions, if any. If renewal provisions are automatic, explanation of procedure for consumer to cancel renewal without penalty;
   (iii) Ability of consumer to terminate early and the corresponding early termination penalty, if any;
   (iv) Ability of developer to terminate contract early, and any corresponding remedy to be provided to the consumer, if any.

(d) Transferability and portability.
   (i) The ability of the consumer to transfer Subscription to another consumer.
   (ii) The ability of the consumer to transfer the bill credit to a new address within the same Utility service territory.

(e) The ability of the consumer to reduce the size of their commitment and any fees or penalties related thereto.

(f) The total amount to be paid by the consumer under the contract, including:
   (i) A clear statement of the total amount;
   (ii) A listing of all one-time payments or charges, including any deposit, and whether the deposit is refundable;
   (iii) A listing of all recurring payments or charges (monthly, annually, etc.);
   (iv) A listing of any penalties or fees to which the consumer may be subject and the conditions under which such penalties or fees would be applied.

(g) Billing and payment procedure.

(h) The data privacy policy of the Subscriber Organization, including what data will be collected, for what purpose and to whom the developer may disclose the data.

(i) Evidence of insurance.

(j) A long-term maintenance plan for the project.

(k) The current production projections for the project and a description of the methodology used to develop production projections.
(l) Contact info of Subscriber Organization where consumer may call with questions, including the physical address, telephone number and email address of the Subscriber Organization.

(m) Notice that the Subscriber Organization makes no representations or warranties concerning the tax implications of the contract and consumers should consult their tax professional.

(n) Any other terms and conditions of service.

K. Disclosure of Subscriber Information.

(1) Except as provided under these Rules, or otherwise ordered by the Council, a Subscriber Organization may not disclose energy usage or personally identifiable information about a Subscriber, or a Subscriber's billing, payment, and credit information, without the Subscriber's written consent.

(2) A Subscriber Organization may disclose a Subscriber’s billing, payment, and credit information for the sole purpose of facilitating billing, bill collection, and credit reporting.

(3) A Subscriber Organization shall provide a Customer with a copy of the Subscriber Organization’s Customer information privacy policy.

(4) A Subscriber Organization shall treat information received from prospective Customers, including those who do not subscribe, in accordance with provisions (a) and (c) of this section.

XIV. ENFORCEMENT OF THESE RULES

(1) CURO, with the assistance of a Hearing Officer, as necessary, may impose a penalty on the Council's behalf for any violation of these rules of up to $1000 per violation and may, if appropriate in light of the particular violation, void a Subscriber's contract with a Subscriber Organization and require the Subscriber Organization to refund any monies paid by the Subscriber as a remedy for a violation of these provisions.

(2) Any person who believes that a Subscriber Organization (including the Utility acting as a Subscriber Organization) has violated the provisions contained herein in a manner that aggrieves that person may send a written description of the alleged violation to the Council, through its CURO. The written description shall include the name of the Utility or Subscriber Organization (“Respondent”), a concise description of the alleged violation, and the complaining person’s (“Complainant”) name and contact information.

(3) CURO may, request and obtain additional information regarding the alleged violation from the Complainant and the Respondent. CURO shall also notify the Respondent formally of the complaint, assess whether the Complainant has informed the Respondent of his or her complaint and whether the Respondent has had an opportunity to resolve the issue to the Complainant’s satisfaction without CURO or Council intervention.

(4) If, based on the information obtained by CURO, the CURO finds there is cause to believe a violation of the Council’s regulations may have occurred,
the Complainant and Respondent have not been able to resolve the issue without Council intervention and the Respondent wishes to challenge the complaint, CURO shall refer the matter to a Hearing Officer who shall conduct a process to allow both parties a fair opportunity to present their evidence and arguments and the Hearing Officer will render a decision as to whether a violation occurred and what the penalty should be. If the Respondent admits to the complaint, CURO may impose the authorized penalty on the Council's behalf.

(5) Either the Complainant or the Respondent may appeal the decision of CURO and/or the Hearing Officer to the Council.

(6) Should CURO and/or the Hearing Officer determine that the behavior complained of cannot be adequately remedied by a penalty of up to $1000 and/or voiding the contract between Subscriber and Subscription Organization and requiring refund of any monies paid by the Subscriber, either CURO or the Hearing Officer may refer the matter up to the Council for further proceedings. The Council will then set an appropriate procedural schedule, consider the matter and exercise its penalty authority as appropriate in light of the circumstances.

(7) Should CURO and/or the Hearing Officer observe a pattern of continued violations of these rules by a Subscriber Organization (including the Utility acting as a Subscriber Organization) that is undeterred by the application of the remedies the Council has authorized CURO and the Hearing Officer to impose, either CURO or the Hearing Officer may refer the matter up to the Council for further proceedings. The Council will then set an appropriate procedural schedule, consider the matter, and exercise its penalty authority as appropriate in light of the circumstances.

(8) All other contract or legal disputes that arise between a Subscriber and the Subscriber Organization not pertaining to a violation of these provisions shall be brought in the appropriate city or district court in the City of New Orleans. CURO shall provide the Council with annual reports on consumer complaints related to the program.