## IN RE:

# Supplemental \& Amending Application of Entergy New Orleans, Inc., et al 

## Hearing - Public

December 18, 2017

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BEFORE THE
COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS
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SUPPLEMENTAL AND * UD-16-02
AMENDING APPLICATION
OF ENTERGY NEW *
ORLEANS, INC. FOR *
APPROVAL TO *
CONSTRUCT NEW *
ORLEANS POWER
STATION AND REQUEST *
FOR COST RECOVERY *
AND TIMELY RELIEF *

## PUBLIC

Continuation of the evidentiary hearing in the above-entitled matter before Honorable Jeffrey S. Gulin, held at 601 Poydras Street, 11th Floor, Bayou Rooms 1 and 2, New Orleans, Louisiana 70130, commencing at 8:30 A.M., on Monday, the 18th day of December, 2017.

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| KATHY SHAW-GALLAGHER, | certified |

Court Reporter, State of Louisiana, officiated in administering the oath to the witness.

# PROCEED N G S 

JUDGE GULIN:
Good morning, everyone. Today is the continuation of our hearing, today being December 18. It's about 8:30 in the morning.

Hope you-all had a refreshing weekend, had a chance to have some time to yourself, for those of you coming in from out of town, an opportunity to enjoy the magnificent city as I did.

So we have a couple preliminary matters this morning. Let me start with Mr. Guillot. Any objection based upon Mr. Long's review of Sierra Club's exhibits? I think it was one through four.

MR. GUILLOT:
No, Your Honor.
JUDGE GULIN:
All right. They are admitted into evidence as substantive evidence.

And then the second matter, which I'm hoping will be just as smooth, is the written agreement $I$ was hoping for
between Entergy and the joint intervenors. Have we got that? MR. ALFORD:

Your Honor, we were successful with our homework assignment.
JUDGE GULIN:
That's wonderful.
MR. ALFORD:
We had a productive discussion.
JUDGE GULIN:
I thought I was going to hear
something about the dog or --
MR. ALFORD:
So what we've done, Your Honor, we have a revised version of Mr. Long's testimony that we worked through that removes the areas at issue with your ruling. What we've also done, although I will --
Ms. Stevens Miller pointed out this morning that our table of contents did not carry over the changes, so we will need to make that tweak, but, otherwise, we have ready for the witness's testimony this morning a revised version.

We also -- With respect to the other witnesses that were at issue on the motion, we have agreed that no changes are required to the testimony of witness Charles W. Long. With respect to Dr. Losonsky, no changes will be needed to his testimony, however, there is one Q. and A. that will be removed from Mr. Long's testimony and Dr. Losonsky will adopt in the way of an affidavit that will be submitted to the parties in advance of his testimony.

And, finally, the testimony of Bliss Higgins, there will be a couple of corrections where she references both Mr. Long's testimony and the CK technical report and she'll make a correction when she takes the stand.

JUDGE GULIN:
Thank you for that very much.
Intervenors all agree with that?
MS. MILLER:
Yeah, sure.
JUDGE GULIN:
So I ask you to, when you get all
that ironed out, please work with
Ms. Hand to get the chart reflecting what you indicated.

All right. Any other matters we need to deal with before we go to cross-examination of Mr. Long?
MR. REED:
Your Honor, I would just note that at the request of the court reporter, I have just started to circulate a sign-in sheet for the day for the various counsel in attendance.

JUDGE GULIN:
Very good.
Mr. Edwards, is there any reason why you seem to be going farther and father away from me?
MR. EDWARDS:
My spot was taken when I came in today, so I just moved down. JUDGE GULIN:

Oh, okay.
MR. EDWARDS:
This way I can look straight at the witness.

JUDGE GULIN:
I just wanted to make sure $I$ did not signal anything.

MR. EDWARDS:
No. You did not signal anything.
I'm very happy.
JUDGE GULIN:
All right. So with that, I invite Mr. Long to take the witness stand.

If you would please remain standing, Mr. Long, and face the court reporter, raise your right hand, she will administer the oath to you. JONATHAN LONG,
after having been duly sworn by the above-mentioned Certified Court Reporter, was examined and testified as follows:

MR. ALFORD:
Your Honor, before Mr. Brown gets started, Mr. Long does have a couple of corrections to note to his direct.

JUDGE GULIN:
Has that been brought to the
attention of other parties?
MR. ALFORD:

Your Honor, we have not. There were a couple of those that were previously called to their attention, but there's one that Mr. Long noticed just yesterday. JUDGE GULIN:

I see. Have they been reduced to writing?

MR. ALFORD:
Mr. Long has a copy of it. I don't. JUDGE GULIN:

All right. Let's hear what they are, and then if there's any objections, we can deal with it. And I would ask that they be reduced to writing and be distributed to the parties. Doesn't have to be done right now, but at some point.

So what have you got, Mr. Long?
MR. JONATHAN LONG:
Good morning, Your Honor.
There are three things that need to be corrected. The first is that my business address is now 639 Loyola Avenue, New Orleans, Louisiana 70113. My position with ESI is now vice president capital projects, and the third item is
on page 22 of my direct, Lines 8 or 9, 8 through 9.

JUDGE GULIN:
I'm sorry. What page was that?
MR. JONATHAN LONG:
Page 22 of the direct testimony, lines 8 through 9. I would like to delete the sentence that reads, "Another difference in the two contracts is improved, in parentheses, higher, performance liquidated damages for the NOPS agreement as shown in the table below," and replace that sentence with, "The table below shows differences in liquidated damages provisions among the EPC contracts for Nine Mile 6" -JUDGE GULIN:

Slow down.
MR. JONATHAN LONG:
-- Nine Mile 6, St. Charles Power
Station, and the New Orleans Power
Station CT."
JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. Let's let that be digested a little bit. I don't think there was a
whole lot of controversial statements there.

Any objections as to those errata?
MS. HAND:
Your Honor, could you please have the witness read that one more time?
JUDGE GULIN:
Sure. That last sentence?
MR. JONATHAN LONG:
Yes. The last sentence, it should read, "The table below shows differences in liquidated damages provisions among the EPC contracts for Nine Mile 6, St.
Charles Power Station, and the New Orleans Power Station CT."

MS. HAND:
Thank you.
JUDGE GULIN:
All right. With that, Mr. Brown.
MR. BROWN:
Thank you, Your Honor.
For the benefit of the court reporter, $I$ think I'll try standing here today.

EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. Good morning, Mr. Long.
A. Good morning.
Q. My name is Michael Brown. I'm an attorney representing the Sierra Club in this case. And you and I have met once before; is that right?
A. That's true.
Q. We had a deposition on December the 8th?
A. That's correct.
Q. Mr. Long, you're Entergy -- you're the only witness being offered in this case on behalf of Entergy New Orleans as to the capital costs of various generating resources; is that correct?
A. Yes, that's correct.
Q. And in the course of this case, you've looked at a variety of gas-fired peaking power plant options; is that correct?
A. Yes, that's correct.
Q. Neither you nor your group at Entergy Services, Inc., does cost estimates for battery storage. That's Jim Schott's purview?
A. It's true that in my group, we have not done estimates for battery storage. There
may be groups other than Mr. Schott's that looks at that as well.
Q. But not your group?
A. That's right.
Q. And you weren't asked to look at batteries in this case, were you?
A. I was not asked to look at batteries in this case. I have at times read about batteries. I'm familiar with batteries and their cost, but in this case, I did not apply that knowledge.
Q. Neither you nor your group at Entergy Services, Inc., looks at demand response options; is that correct?
A. That is correct.
Q. And you weren't asked to do that in this case?
A. I was not.
Q. In this case, you were not asked to look at solar power alternatives to the NOPS generating resource, were you?
A. I was not. This was -- I was asked to provide a peaking resource and I do not consider -- we do not consider solar panels capable of providing peaking resource.
Q. But you do have a staff member who occasionally consults on solar projects; is that correct?
A. We get engaged very often in the project management of the various solar projects that we consider, and, so, yes.
Q. No one asked you in this case to look at the cost of doing transmission upgrades as an alternative to a generating resource; is that correct? That's Charles Long's purview?
A. That's correct.
Q. Or other folks who work underneath Jim Schott, the transmission group at Entergy Services, Inc.?
A. Would you restate your question?
Q. Sure.
A. I think I understood it, but I'm not sure.
Q. So you answered my first question. And my second question is just that, that would be the purview of folks who work in the transmission planning group at Entergy Services, Inc.?
A. Estimates of transmission upgrades?
Q. Yes.
A. That is true.
Q. Okay. Thank you.

And although you occasionally --
your group has occasionally worked on solar options, your primary focus is fossil fuel units; is that correct?
A. That is correct.

MR. EDWARDS:
Mr. Long, could you pull that microphone toward you? I can barely hear you.
MR. JONATHAN LONG:
I apologize for that.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. Could we turn to page 10 of your supplemental amending direct testimony? It's going to be Focusing on Table 1.
A. Okay.
Q. Okay. And is it correct this is a table that shows several alternative peaking units that you examined and the company considered?
A. That's correct.
Q. And the first row, the units listed there, those are the seven RICE -- what we
refer to as the RICE units?
A. That's right. That's the Wartsila reciprocating turbine combustion engine.
Q. And looking at all of these, it looks like, five units that were analyzed here, all of these are gas-fired units; is that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. Now, focusing back on the RICE units, Mr. Seth Cureington, came to you about three or four years ago first asking you to look at these RICE units; is that correct?
A. Mr. Cureington and I would have had discussions over the last several years prior to getting to this point in early last year and talking about options for power generation in a peaking resource mode for Entergy New Orleans in the hundred megawatt range. So we had had prior discussions about that.
Q. And those discussions included these RICE units?
A. They did. That's right.
Q. And then Mr. Cureington about ten months ago, sometime in February of March of this year, came back to you, is that correct,
concerning these RICE units?
A. He came back to me concerning needing a power generation resource to serve in a peaking role in the 100 to a hundred and thirty megawatt range.
Q. Right. And he specifically asked you for something in that hundred, hundred and thirty megawatt range?
A. That's correct.
Q. In fact, he also said within that range, more is better than less?
A. That is true.
Q. As a result of Mr . Cureington's instructions, did you ever look at installing fewer than seven RICE units?
A. Yes. We analyzed six units. Six units would have also put us in the same range from the hundred to 130.
Q. And do you still have the results of that analysis of six units?
A. I believe that some of the documentation that was provided in discovery shows some of the analysis around the six-unit configuration.
Q. Are you aware today of what the cost
would have been to do the six units?
A. I don't have here in front of me the cost of these six units and I wouldn't remember that off the top of my head, no.
Q. Would it be less than the cost of doing seven units?
A. It would be less than the cost of doing seven units, but it would be higher on a dollar per kW basis. So there were benefits of economies of scale on going to seven from six.
Q. And those results were not included in this table or as part of your Entergy New Orleans' application; is that correct?
A. To my knowledge, we didn't provide that six-unit analysis in the application.
Q. And part of the reason for that was Mr. Cureington said more was better than less within that range of 100 to $130 ?$
A. It's my understanding that the resource that we needed in order to resolve the reliability need in the region led us to seek to maximize that within that range and it was based on that that $I$ believe Mr. Cureington gave me that direction, yes.
Q. Now, looking at Table 1, the, I
guess, fourth column over from the left is the installed cost in millions of dollars for each set of units. Now, you have a footnote here that notes that these are based on the Electric Power Research Institute estimates. Is that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. And the figure listed for the RICE units is a hundred twenty million three hundred thousand dollars; is that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. And, of course, the total cost that you quote of the RICE units once installed would be $\$ 210$ million and some change. As far as we know right now, that would be the cost. The reasons for that higher cost is that there's specific factors in New Orleans that require raising the cost estimates; is that correct?
A. That's part of the explanation, yes.

One, I would characterize the information in the piece model from EPRI as being standardized. It allows us to make a apples-to-apples comparison across the different -- the cost of the different types of
technologies, the different units that we've described.

In the piece model, they do not take into account specific differences and, yes, there are elements of that that would be specific to this site in New Orleans. There also would be different elements around their assumptions in the estimate itself that could be different than, let's say, an EPC contractor would say the project could be built for.

So the answer to your question is yes, that there are elements there that are different because it's a standardized model. It doesn't take into account the specific site, the specific needs for that site, but there are other elements there as well, such as the way the estimate is put together.
Q. Okay. One of those specific factors in New Orleans is the cost of flood insurance; isn't that right?
A. Please ask your question again so I make sure that $I$ get this right.
Q. Sure. One of specific cost factors associated with building in New Orleans is flood insurance; is that right?
A. So the cost of insurance, which is part of the builder's all risk policy which would protect the cost of the project during construction from flooding is an element of the cost, and I wouldn't say that it was a major factor in that, but it would be a factor.
Q. You have provided to the City Council a specific figure for the flood insurance cost for this plant?
A. I believe in my direct testimony, I provide a figure for the CT project.
Q. For the RICE units?
A. For the RICE units, I have not.
Q. My next question would be for the RICE unit?
A. So we provided a cost for the builder's all risk policy insurance for the CT and in my supplemental and amending, I state that the insurance that we would place would be similar to that and the pricing is similar, but we have not provided a specific number to date.
Q. But Entergy New Orleans will ask New Orleans ratepayers to pay the cost of flood insurance; is that correct?
A. We will ask them to cover the cost
of builder's all risk insurance for the project, yes.
Q. Do the site specific factors also include the fact that in New Orleans, you have to float a construction project on mud versus building on bedrock?
A. Well, I believe that you're quoting something I would have said during the deposition as an example of the difference between building a power plant in Colorado and building one on the Gulf Coast. And the foundation here in New Orleans requires pilings, whereas in another area such as Colorado, it wouldn't. So that's an example of the difference. And, yes, if we're going to build a power plant in Orleans Parish or near Orleans Parish, this is a factor that we'll have to take into account.
Q. And New Orleans ratepayers will pay for those added construction costs?
A. It's a reasonable cost of
constructing a power plant in Orleans Parish. (Witness nods head affirmatively.)
Q. Now, the RICE units have a contingency budget of 6 percent; is that
correct?
A. My supplemental and amending testimony provides an estimate of the --
Q. Sure. I believe that's on page 17,
line 12 -- sorry, line 13.
A. I'm sorry. What page did you --
Q. It's in your supplemental and amending on page 17, line 13.
A. This document that I have in front of me is numbered differently.
Q. Oh, I can read out what I've got here. It's on Question 25 towards the end of that answer. You say, The current project estimate contains a contingency line item of approximately 6 percent of the total project costs. (As read.)
A. Yes, that's accurate.
Q. And that was determined using a Monte Carlo analysis; is that correct?
A. To say that it was determined using the Monte Carlo analysis is, you know, pretty significantly understated how that process works. So our risk management procedure, our procedure for setting contingency, is that we compile a register of risk that we identify
related to the development and construction of the project. We characterize each of those risks in terms of probability of occurrence and impact to the project, both in terms of cost and schedule.

Once we've characterized them, we put them in a model that uses Monte Carlo simulation to run iterations of those potential essential risks. Based on the outcome of that, we select a contingency level. So that is how the Monte Carlo simulation plays into the process.
Q. And in selecting the contingency level, are there confidence intervals there associated with the contingency interval that you choose?
A. Yes.
Q. What was the competency interval that applied to the 6 percent figure?
A. We target P50, and P50 means that that that contingency should be sufficient by our analysis to cover approximately half of the outcomes that are created through that simulation process.
Q. So there's a coin flip chance that
the contingency could go over?
A. No. I wouldn't state it that way. We are always trying to balance out cost to customers and mitigating the risk. So if these risks occur and they're prudently incurred, it would be a cost to customers. If we set -- If we were to do something more risk adverse for us and, say, select a P80, meaning that 80 percent of all the things that we've identified and all those outcomes that are run through that simulation were to occur, we'd be subject to the argument that we are adding more contingency than is needed. We're being too risk adverse.

So our position is that P50 is a reasonable level based on the notion that half the things we've identified in that simulation would be covered by our contingency.

MR. ALFORD:
Your Honor, can I make sure that the witness has each version of his testimony because it looked like he wasn't able to find --

JUDGE GULIN:
Sure. Go ahead.

MR. BROWN:
Okay.
JUDGE GULIN:
And, Mr. Brown, while that's going on, maybe you could be of some assistance when you refer to testimony. Give a date also of the testimony. That might be helpful.

MR. BROWN:
Sure. I'm only going to be referring there to his supplemental and amending direct, which was July 2017. So if that makes it easier, then --

MR. JONATHAN LONG:
Thank you.
MR. BROWN:
No problem.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. So one question then first. The unused portion of the contingency budget, that would be refunded to ratepayers; is that correct?
A. Refunded is actually the wrong term. We would just not apply for it in rates. So if we don't spend it, the cost of the project is
never -- the cost is never incurred.
Q. And if you -- Generally speaking, if you use a higher confidence interval, that would generally mean a higher contingency budget?
A. That's right.
Q. And if that budget was not exceeded, the New Orleans ratepayers would not be charged for it?
A. That is correct.
Q. But the project cost would look higher. The estimate would be higher because it would be a larger contingency?
A. That's true.
Q. Do you know what chance there is of this project going over budget?
A. Would you restate your question because I want to make sure I understand?
Q. Sure. My understanding is when you use a 50 percent confidence interval, there's an equal chance you'd be over budget as within your budget; is that correct?
A. If you're referring -- Well, if you refer to how we set the contingency, then 50 percent of those risk items, if they occur,
we would have sufficient contingency to cover. That doesn't mean that there is any certainty that any of those risk items would occur. So to say that there's a 50 percent chance of us going over the cost that we set, I wouldn't agree with that.

JUDGE GULIN:
Did you ever use the word
"confidence" level in your testimony, in your written testimony?
MR. JONATHAN LONG:
I do not believe I did.
JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. Confidence level refers to a statistical analysis of some sort of chances of something happening as opposed to selecting a particular contingency percentage; is that right?
MR. JONATHAN LONG:
So the confidence interval is purely a statistical measure. When you take a range of risk, you've assigned them probabilities and impact -- potential impact levels that allows you to say, you know, "I want to be able to cover with
confidence that I've covered a percentage of these," and so that's what's meant by confidence interval. So if I say it's a P50, that means that that number is equal to 50 percent of the outcomes in the simulation analysis.
JUDGE GULIN:
Thank you.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. Do you know what the contingency budget would have been if you used a 95 percent confidence interval?
A. I do not know off the top of my head. Our model would have told us the answer to that.
Q. But you chose not to select the 95 percent?
A. That's correct. And that is our practice, by the way, on our other projects that we have recently put forward as well.
Q. Will Entergy admit, Entergy New Orleans, that if the price of units goes beyond the contingency budget that it will hold ratepayers harmless for that?
A. It's not our practice to do that.

We are on the hook to prove that all the costs that we incurred are prudently incurred and will be subject to that prudency review at the end of the project.
Q. Is it your understanding that this proceeding was delayed almost 5 months because of Entergy New Orleans' requests for a stay?
A. Mr. Brown, I apologize. I'm not an attorney. I'm not sure about the words you're using, if it's right. I am aware that we asked for the procedural schedule to be put on hold, I guess, is the term that $I$ would use not being an attorney.
Q. Sure. And I'm not asking you to answer as an attorney. If there's anything I'm saying that's unclear, let me know. Okay?

And each of the engineering, procurement, and construction, or EPC, contracts, one for the combustion turbine, one for the reciprocating engines, each has an escalator clause, is that correct, in which the contract price will go up if there's delay?
A. That is true. There are provisions that provide additional cost for delay in the project.
Q. Is Entergy New Orleans prepared to hold ratepayers harmless for increases due to triggering the escalator clause in the contracts?
A. Mr. Brown, my role at the company is to provide cost estimates and to provide project management for these projects when we build them and to do it prudently. It's not my place to say what Entergy New Orleans is willing to do with regard to rates.
Q. But you've already passed the escalator clause trigger date for the combustion turbine; is that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. And that's going to add at least \$3.1 million to the price; is that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. We will pass the escalator date for the reciprocating engines before this case is decided, say February or March of $2018 ?$
A. So the original date we were planning for this process to be finished in November. We know now that it's not going to be finished in November, so we have negotiated pricing through -- until March the 2nd. And so
the hundred and forty million number that we have provided in my testimony about the EPC cost of this project, it will hold true through that date. After that date, there will be additional escalation.
Q. Now, each of these contracts has renegotiation clauses that would allow the builder to negotiate new terms and potentially a new price if the project is not approved by a date certain; is that correct?
A. It's correct, and it is typical of contracts. You cannot ask providers of equipment or providers of EPC services to indefinitely give you pricing, and that applies to virtually everything we buy. So, yes, these contracts, as every EPC contract, has a sunset date at which the pricing has to be renegotiated.
Q. And so if we pass those dates, the contractor could raise the price?
A. If we pass those dates, we will have to renegotiate the pricing.
Q. Now, the time from a notice to proceed being issued to delivery for the combustion turbine is 31 months; is that
correct?
A. No. Delivery of the combustion turbine is an 18-month process. Completion of the project is approximately 30 months.
Q. Okay. That's what I -- I may have used the wrong term, but from the date of notice to proceed to the combustion turbine being in a position to come online would be at least 31 months according to your testimony?
A. It's approximately 30 months from notice to proceed.
Q. And that same time period for the reciprocating engine units would be 24 months; is that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. So speaking hypothetically now, if you were to gain the notice to proceed on January 1st, 2019, either or both of the -- I guess it would be either of those units would be able to operate or be in a position to operate before January 1st, 2022, three years later; is that correct?
A. Just ask me that one more time just to make sure that I'm clear before I do the mental math.
Q. Sure. That was a complex question so I'll break it down a little here.

Let's assume that the Council issues a notice to proceed on January 1st, 2019, so basically a year from today. Would you be able to have the combustion turbine online by January 21st, 2022, in that scenario?
A. So, in theory, if we're able to retain the 30 -month schedule, we would be within that time frame.
Q. And for the reciprocating engine units, which, of course, have a shorter time frame, you would also be able to, assuming notice to proceed is issued on January 1st, 2019, that they would be able to be constructed and ready to be operated by January 1st, 2022?
A. Yes.
Q. Mr. Long, you're not aware of anyone who has estimated how many times these units will start up or shut down in a given year; is that correct?
A. I don't believe that that's correct.
Q. Okay.
A. So your question to me was whether I was aware that anyone has estimated the number
of times these units would start and stop?
Q. Uh-huh (indicating affirmatively).
A. We have spent a considerable amount of time trying to estimate how many times these units will start and stop. I believe what I might have said previously was that it's not possible to know how many times they will start and stop. But we have forecasted them. In our air permit applications, we modeled a certain number of starts and shutdowns for both units for -- for both projects, and in the economic model, there would have been assumptions about that as well. So we have and we have needed to estimate that. But it is not actually possible to know.
Q. What is the estimate for the reciprocating engines? Can you tell me that today?
A. We applied in our air permit based on 400 starts, it's a combination of cold and hot starts, and 400 shutdowns.
Q. So if we were averaging that over the course of a year, that would be more than one start up or shut down per day, 365 days a year?
A. In the course of asking for air permits, we look at what we believe would be the highest possible number of starts. We want to make sure that we'll allowed to do that if it's needed. If it were needed, yes, it would be more than one a day.
Q. And when you say "if it's needed," is part of that dependent on MISO?
A. Yes, in the sense that MISO dispatches these units, and they dispatch them for two reasons. First, are economics; second, are for reliability. Economics based upon locational marginal pricing and reliability based on system situations.
Q. And would one of the reliability reasons for dispatch and that has been talked about in this docket -- I believe Mr. Charles Long spoke to it -- is voltage support. Is that your understanding?
A. Yes, that is one of my understandings of why we dispatch it is for reliability is to support voltage in a local area.
Q. Do you know how frequently a unit would need to be dispatched for voltage support
reasons?
A. I do not, no.
Q. Now, you may have touched on this, but bear with me. In part of the determination that MISO uses in determining when to dispatch these units in addition to reliability is an economic analysis; is that correct?
A. I'm sorry. I didn't follow the question. Ask me again, please.
Q. Sure. In addition to reliability reasons, another reason that $M I S O$ - another factor that MISO considers is whether it's economic to dispatch the unit?
A. Yes. As I was saying, they look at the locational marginal prices as bid in for the unit and on the system and they dispatch the unit to support the system.
Q. Now, you've -- It's the case, isn't it, that the RICE units, the reciprocating engine units, one of the reasons that this technology was chosen is because they're capable of being started and stopped daily; is that correct?
A. I would characterize it slightly differently.
Q. Sure.
A. Broader. These units were chosen for their flexibility. As the interest in having more renewables in the area and our commitment to deliver more renewables and the way that those renewables act on our system, the need for flexibility is greater, will be greater as that happens, and so these units have greater flexibility, including the ability to start and stop daily. The CT units can also start and stop daily.
Q. And, in fact, the RICE units can be started and stopped multiple times per day; is that correct?
A. That is true.
Q. Now, just to be clear, as you define the term "black start," the combustion turbine does not have black start capability; is that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. One moment.

MR. BROWN:
This will be my last question. Just
want to make sure I've got the right citation for it. Hold on one second.
(Whereupon a pause occurred in the proceedings.)
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. Mr. Long, is one of the construction contractors in this case Burns and McDonnell?
A. Yes.
Q. Are you familiar with Burns and McDonnell's website?
A. I'm sure I've been there more than a few times, but I wouldn't say that I'm familiar with it.
Q. Are you aware of the fact that Burns and McDonnell on its website touts battery options for their black start capability?
A. I'm not aware of that.

MR. BROWN:
I'll tender the witness, Your Honor.
JUDGE GULIN:
Thank you, Mr. Brown.
Ms. Stevens Miller.
MR. EDWARDS:
Your Honor, before she starts, I'd like to confirm that whatever changes they've agreed to in the testimony of the Entergy witnesses will be provided to
counsel for the rest of the parties to the proceeding.

JUDGE GULIN:
Absolutely.
MR. EDWARDS:
Thank you.
EXAMINATION BY MS. MILLER:
Q. Good morning, Mr. Long.
A. Good morning.
Q. I'd like to start out with asking you a few questions from your initial testimony dated June 2016, I believe. On page 10, starting around lines 7 and 8, you discuss how CB\&I was selected to provide the CT. According to your testimony, CB\&I was selected through a competitive solicitation process; is that correct?
A. Yes.
Q. And the process was finalized in September of 2015?
A. Yes.
Q. When did the process start?
A. In May of 2015.
Q. So that entire process took approximately four or five months?
A. That's correct.
Q. You also state that your project team solicited four contractors to participate; is that correct?
A. Four contractors participated. We spoke with more. Those are the four that agreed to provide proposals.
Q. How many more did you talk to?
A. There were at least two others who declined to participate.
Q. How did you choose these six contractors to talk to?
A. Our first consideration was whether these contractors were in the business of building plants such as the CT project. They were contractors that we had confidence had the capability, and this is not, I believe -- Well, anyway, that's how we did it. We went out to companies that we were aware of that did this sort of work. We're in this market place a lot. We're aware of these folks. We talk to them frequently, and so based on that knowledge, we selected a range of companies to speak to.
Q. How did you determine that you had
confidence in their capability?
A. We looked at their track record for similar projects.
Q. Had all of these companies done work for Entergy in the past? Not necessarily Entergy New Orleans, but Entergy?
A. Ms. Miller, Entergy is a very large company. We do a lot of business with this range of contractors. In my group, in building new power generation, we had not worked with all of these contractors in the past, but I couldn't sit here and speak for the entirety of Entergy.
Q. So this wasn't an open, competitive solicitation in the way that term is generally thought of where anybody who had an interest could look at the RFP and put forth a proposal; is that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. And the RFP was specifically for a generator of a certain size or a certain range of size?
A. Our request for proposals were to build a peaking resource utilizing the Mitsubishi 501GAC gas turbine and a simple
cycle application.
Q. So you had already selected the turbine you wanted before soliciting proposals from the contractors; is that right?
A. That's correct.
Q. How did you select the turbine you wanted?
A. We've been through an extensive process over more than two years prior to this to identify what the best turbine for our fleet would be. We were purchasing the same turbine for the St. Charles Power Station, which are currently being constructed today, for the Lake Charles Power Station, and the Montgomery County Power Station, and it was also based upon our history with suppliers.

Mitsubishi had previously provided excellent service, whereas with -- well, superior service to the other suppliers. It was a belief that since we were going to build a fleet of these machines that there would be benefits from an $0 \& M$ perspective of having the same turbine at this unit and we believe it is the best gas turbine on the market for this purpose today.
Q. When you say fleet of machines, you're talking about Entergy broadly, not in New Orleans; correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. But Entergy never put out requests for proposals that essentially were broader that said, "We have a need for reliability help and generation help in this area. Come to us with your ideas of how to resolve those concerns"?
A. Ms. Miller, I'm not in the business of procuring resources for Entergy. It's my understanding that we didn't. There was some very specific reasons for not doing it, but I believe other witnesses in this case, such as Ms. Lovorn-Marriage, has put forward. I apologize to her now if I mispronounced her name.
Q. Is CB\&I headquartered in Louisiana?
A. No. They have significant operations in Louisiana. Their predecessor to this group, the Shaw Group, was headquartered in Baton Rouge. CB\&I acquired Shaw in 2014.
Q. Can you turn to page 16 of your direct testimony?
A. Okay.
Q. This is the milestone list for the CT project; is that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. And for all of these milestones, all these dates have passed; is that correct?
A. That's correct. Well, August 2018 hasn't, but the beginning ones have.
Q. Thank you.

So you did not receive an air permit for the CT on January 2017; is that correct?
A. That is correct.
Q. Where does the air permit stand now?
A. We applied for the air permit back in August for both of these units. We had -In early last year when the procedural schedule here was suspended or stayed, we were in the process of scheduling public comment period for the air permit for the CT. Knowing we were likely to amend that, we halted that process, put together a application that would cover both projects, which we submitted in August. We are well along in that process of pursuing that application today.
Q. Has the LDEQ set a new public
comment date on that?
A. I'm not aware of that, no.
Q. Who issues the coastal permit?
A. The coastal use permit, which is a collection of documents that are provided by a range of parties in a joint permit application process, is administered by the Corps of Engineers. There are multiple parties that are involved in issuing that coastal use permit suite of documents.
Q. Does the main permit ultimately come from one of those agencies, or is it a combination of agencies?
A. It's a combination. The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers manages that process for us.
Q. And has the CT received its coastal use permit?
A. It did, June of 2016.
Q. 2016?
A. I believe that's correct.
Q. That's the same month that you filed your application with the City Council?
A. So sitting here at the moment, I could be inaccurate about the year, but I believe it was June 2016.
Q. Okay. Has Entergy purchased the turbines listed in the milestones here?
A. No. We will wait for the City Council to approve or disapprove -- approve before we'd make purchases.

MR. EDWARDS:
Your Honor, could I ask the counsel to speak up? I can't hear her when I'm behind her voice.

MS. MILLER:
Sure. I'll give it a try.
MR. EDWARDS:
Thank you very much.
EXAMINATION BY MS. MILLER:
Q. Approximately how long would it take if the CT is approved by the City Council, when you receive that approval and you purchase the turbines?
A. It will be a matter of days. We would -- Once we have the order from the Council, we would issue notice to proceed. Depending on which project gets approved, that EPC vender would then move to issue the procurement for those -- either the turbine in the case of the CT project, or the Wartsila
engines in the case of the RICE project.
Q. Where are the CT turbines manufactured?
A. Savannah, Georgia.
Q. On page 22 of your direct, you state that the contracts allow the owner to suspend or terminate for convenience.

The owner there refers to Entergy New Orleans; is that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. So you would have to pay CB\&I for any expenses or other -- that they would have already incurred at the time of termination?
A. Under the EPC agreement, while we have executed that agreement, the services under that agreement don't start until we issue notice to proceed. We never issue notice to proceed, we never incur any liability. In the two years now that we've been developing this project, CB\&I has had some expenses. We have not talked about this because we still consider the CT to be a viable option. There may be some costs that they ask us to reimburse them for.
Q. So you didn't suspend the CT project
in light of your filing for an alternative project?
A. There was no reason to suspend the project. We had never issued notice to proceed. They were not providing any services under the contract.
Q. And if the City Council selects the RICE alternative, then you would have to terminate the CT contract; is that correct?
A. Since this is a situation that we didn't actually anticipate happening, the contract is not entirely clear about what happens if we never issue notice to proceed, and I haven't yet taken legal advice on whether I should formally terminate it or just let it sit on the shelf for eternity. There are no obligations under that agreement today.
Q. If you could go to your supplemental amending testimony dated July 2017, at page 6. Here it states that the commercial operation date of the CT would have been November 2020 if the NTP had been issued before November 1st"; is that correct?
A. Yes.
Q. Since that date has passed, what
would the new COD be for the CT?
A. It will be 24 months -- For the CT project?
Q. Yes, sir.
A. It will be approximately 30 months. There's a specified number of days that approximates to about 30 months from the day we issue notice to proceed, which we would do within days of approval by the Council.
Q. Now, turning to the RICE generators. It's my understanding that a RICE generator can be either dual fuel or natural gas. Is Entergy intending on purchasing the dual fuel units or the natural gas units?
A. Natural gas units.
Q. And it's also my understanding that RICE units can be either two stroke or four stroke; is that correct?
A. That is a very interesting question, particularly coming from a lawyer, and I have to say that I had not ever been asked that or ever wondered it before. I don't know the answer.
Q. Do you know if the ones that Entergy purchased are two stroke or four stroke?
A. So the answer to your question is no. It's not particularly relevant. I'm sorry. Relevance probably isn't the issue here. It's not been relevant to me whether it was or wasn't.
Q. So you're not aware of what -Whether it's four stroke or two stroke, you're not aware of the difference in the air emissions between a two stroke or a four stroke unit?
A. I'm very aware of the air emissions of the units we selected. The difference -Since I didn't know that there was a difference, no, I'm not aware of it.
Q. On page 12 and 13 of your supplemental testimony, you discuss the fast start capability of the RICE units. My understanding is RICE units can be turned on and get up to full power or full speed, for want of a different term, within approximately five minutes or so; is that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. How are the emissions controls affected by this fast start capability?
A. The emission controls begin working
immediately. There is a warm-up time with the catalytic converters before they become fully effective. It's a matter of minutes, depending on what temperature they were when the start was commenced.
Q. With Mr. Brown, you described a hot start and a cold start. Can you explain the difference between those two, please?
A. The difference is the temperature of the unit when you start and whether it has -If it has operated during the day, the next start will be a hot start. So it's purely the temperature of the engine when you ask it to start.
Q. How long after you've shut a unit down can it remain in, say, hot start mode before it would actually have cooled down so much that it's actually a cold start again?
A. Ms. Miller, that information is contained within the documents that I've seen, but I do not recall exactly how long that is. But be certain that the ambient temperature and other factors would play a significant role in that, so that any number I would give you would not be entirely accurate.
Q. Now, I think you just testified to Mr. Brown that you -- in your air emissions permit, you provided that you would do a hundred and thirty-three cold starts a year approximately?
A. I testified that there were 400 combination of cold and hot starts. I do not remember what the breakdown between the two were. The total was 400 is what I testified to earlier.

MS. MILLER:
May I approach, Your Honor?
JUDGE GULIN:
Please.
MS. MILLER:
This is J2D of your air permit
application.
JUDGE GULIN:
Is this already in evidence, Ms. Stevens Miller?

MS. MILLER:
No, it's not.
JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. Do you wish to have it marked?

MS. MILLER:
Yes, please.
JUDGE GULIN:
Let's mark it as AAE/350 No. 1.
MS. HAND:
Your Honor, it should be No. 2. We already have a No. 1.

JUDGE GULIN:
Oh, my apologies. Number 2. I'm sorry.
MS. HAND:
Thank you.
(Whereupon a pause occurred in the proceedings.)
EXAMINATION BY MS. MILLER:
Q. Mr. Long, my understanding of this chart -- and I admit I use that term loosely -is that it lists a hundred thirty-three cold starts for the unit as part of Entergy's air permit; is that correct?
A. Yes. That is what the chart says, a hundred and thirty-three cold starts. And these would have been the assumptions that they used to estimate the amount of emissions from the unit and taking that into consideration for
a air permit.
Q. So this assumes that less than half the year, you will be doing a cold start for these units, assuming 365 days on a hundred and thirty-three cold starts?
A. As I described earlier, we're permitting here for what we think the highest case might be. So in that highest case, we are using the assumption that we will start a hundred and thirty-three times in a cold start.
Q. So -- But in order to achieve that, the units would have to be operating fairly frequently in order to be doing more hot starts than cold starts and to not be shut off at all for significant periods of time; is that correct?
A. I think you asked me more than one question there.
Q. Okay. I'll try again.

In order to achieve only doing a hundred and thirty-three cold starts a year, the units would have to be running fairly often and running fairly continuously so that they wouldn't be shut down long enough to have to do another cold start; is that correct?
A. No. I disagree with your analysis. They could be started up 133 times during the year and have no hot starts. So it does not assume that the unit would be running more than that. So for you to have a hot start, you would have had to have started the unit, but to have a cold start, you wouldn't -- it does not assume that you would have run the unit. In fact, it assumes the opposite.
Q. But the air permit assumes that they will already be in hot start mode for a significant portion of the year to only need a hundred and thirty-three cold starts; is that correct?
A. No. It doesn't assume that. As I say, we could have a hundred and thirty-three cold starts and only run those hundred and thirty-three times.
Q. But that isn't how Entergy envisions using the units, is it, only using them a hundred and thirty-three times a year?
A. As I described previously, we have attempted to model the market and reliability concerns that would lead us to a number of starts. In the range of potential outcomes
over the life of this unit, it's foreseeable that it could only operate a few times a year. It's also foreseeable that it could operate as often as this implies in this permit. So we would consider the whole range to be possible.
Q. Now, if it ends up only operating several times or a few times a year, the ratepayers still pay for those units sitting there not being used; is that correct?
A. The role of this unit is for peaking and reserve capacity. It has value whether it's actually running or not.
Q. With regard to the RICE units, they actually need a starting unit to start them up from a black start capability; is that correct?
A. The RICE units are started with compressed air. So, no, they have that capability built into the plant. There is a 500 kW emergency diesel generator that provides control power. As I describe in my testimony, if the grid went down, that emergency diesel generator would come on to provide that control power.
Q. And that control power is what enables the RICE unit to black start?
A. That control power is what enables the unit to be controlled as it starts up. The air actually starts the unit.
Q. On page 15 of your supplemental
direct --
JUDGE GULIN:
Are you finished with this exhibit,
No. 2?
MS. MILLER:
Yes, sir.
JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. You've not offered it for any purpose, so I'm just going to go ahead
-- I always give an opportunity for counsel for the witness, since it was used during cross, do you want to have it admitted for cross purposes to give context to the cross-examination? It's up to you.
MS. MILLER:
I'm sorry, Your Honor. That was an error on my part. I would like to have it admitted as substantive evidence.

JUDGE GULIN:
As substantive evidence?

MS. MILLER:
Yes, sir.
JUDGE GULIN:
Any objection to that?
MR. ALFORD:
Your Honor, can we verify this on break and then we'll -JUDGE GULIN:

Okay. But you have no objection subject to verification?

MR. ALFORD:
That's correct, Your Honor.
JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. Very good.
MS. MILLER:
Thank you, Your Honor.
EXAMINATION BY MS. MILLER:
Q. On page 15 of your supplemental direct testimony, you state that after the suspension of the procedural schedule, your project team was asked to select alternative technology and select essentially a contractor for this alternative technology; is that correct?
A. That's right.
Q. On what date did this process actually start?
A. I'm not certain exactly what date it started. It would have been approximately around the same time or shortly after the decision was made to suspend the procedural schedule.
Q. And did this process start with your project team trying to figure out which alternative technology Entergy should look into?
A. As I've communicated previously, there was an ongoing process where we were looking at technology options in this size range previously and we also previously had a competitive EPC process. So we began revisiting that technology selection. We engaged with WorleyParsons to renew the information they provided previously in their analysis. And at the same time, we began to explore with both CB\&I and Burns and McDonnell, who were two top bidders from our previous competitive process in this contractor selection process. So all of that would have begun approximately at the same time.
Q. With regard to WorleyParsons, how did your project team select them to do the study in the first place?
A. We've been using WorleyParsons to do this type of study since 2006, 2008 time frame and they have supported us on this type of selection process. I believe the individual there that we use to be the best in the industry for this type of analysis, and so we have a process at Entergy where we select owners, engineers, companies that provide these services. We have standard agreements with them, general services agreements with them, and we engage them under that agreement.
Q. But you only sought solicitations or proposals from two entities for the alternative project; is that correct?
A. We went back to the two entities that were identified during the CT project as the top two bidders, yes.
Q. When CB\&I was selected for the CT project, was it the lowest cost project?
A. Yes, it was.
Q. And for the alternative project, Entergy did not look at any other options other
than generators; is that correct?
A. I'm not going to speak to what Entergy did. My team and I only looked at the generators that are identified in the testimony.
Q. So approximately how long did this new selection process take?
A. It took -- I'm trying to recall back to last year, a fairly hectic period as we were working our way through this. It took approximately two to three months to work through that, to get proposals from those parties, to evaluate them, and then make a selection.
Q. In your testimony, your supplemental testimony on page 22, you state that at the time of filing of this testimony, you didn't have a final contract for the RICE units. Has that contract been finalized?
A. The contract has not been executed. We've been under intensive negotiations ever since we made the selection back in the spring and if we needed to conclude it, we could. So I'm very confident that by the time the Council considers this matter and they would issue --
if they were to select this issue, a decision on that, we would have the contract in place under the terms and conditions and pricing as indicated.
Q. I believe you indicated to Mr. Brown that there is a clause in each of the contracts that provides that if the NTP isn't issued by a certain date, the contract is renegotiated; is that correct? Can be renegotiated?
A. That's right.
Q. Is there a deadline for when the contractor can ask for it to be renegotiated? It might be easier if $I$ give an example.

Let's say the contract date for it to be renegotiated was January 1st. Is there a time period within which they have to assert that they want to execute that right, or is it open ended that they can execute it essentially up until the time the NTP is issued?
A. The way these provisions work, if we go to issue notice to proceed, there would be a reset of the price at that time. So they wouldn't be coming to us. We would be going to them to issue notice to proceed. If we passed the date, then we would have to reach agreement
on the price.
Q. So at this point in time, the price that the ratepayers will pay for the alternative, either alternative really, could change if the contractor exercises its right under that provision?
A. Would you rephrase your question? I'm not sure $I$ follow you.
Q. Essentially I believe the price that you have, let's say for the RICE units, is approximately $\$ 210$ million, but if the contractor should exercise their right to renegotiate, that price could change; is that correct?
A. If the decision in this process is delayed past those sunset dates, then the pricing will change.
Q. On page 17 of your supplemental testimony, lines 2 through 3, you describe an exchange rate factor and a European producer price index. Can you explain those provisions to me and what their effect is?
A. Just let me review that paragraph to make sure I've got the context for this.
Q. Oh, sure.
(Whereupon a pause occurred in the proceedings.)
MR. JONATHAN LONG:
Okay. Would you would you repeat your question now that I've read that? EXAMINATION BY MS. MILLER:
Q. Okay. You describe in those sentences an exchange rate factor and European producer price index. Can you explain those terms to me, what effect they would have on the price?
A. Escalation provisions in this contract are based upon market verifiable indices. This is referring to the way the indices are structured in the escalation provision of this contract. So just like the U.S. producer price index is based on one that's for Europe and there is an exchange rate index between the euro and the dollar that would come into effect.
Q. So the $\$ 210$ million is the price in American money essentially and that price could alter based on what the exchange rate is with -- I'm not sure what currency is used?
A. Only if we exceed the date on which
that becomes effective.
Q. So that price factor in and of itself could cause the ultimate cost to go up?
A. In this case, only if we go past the dates in the contract. We have certainty up until those dates.
Q. Was your program team involved in the recent RFPs for the renewable units that Entergy is contracted for?
A. Are you speaking of the Entergy New Orleans RFP renewables?
Q. That's correct.
A. I have one individual who has been involved as a project manager as -- assisting with the contract in that case and that's been the extent of our involvement.
Q. Now, I'm just going to ask you a couple of questions about the flooding issues.

Can you explain what overtopping is?
A. My understanding of the use of that term as it applies in this case is when a storm surge goes over the top of a levee, spills over the top of a levee.
Q. During Hurricane Katrina, the levees at Michoud were not breached; is that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. They were just overtopped?
A. That's correct.
Q. Does FEMA still designate the Michoud site as a critical flood zone despite the Army Corps of Engineers' recent upgrades or construction with regard to levees?
A. Ms. Miller, I'm not sure what you mean by "critical flood zone." Could you explain that?
Q. FEMA designates certain areas as critical flood zones and it has certain regulatory requirements for zones that have been designated as critical flood zones. Is Michoud still designated a critical flood zone?
A. If you've got a document you could
refer to me that explains that --
JUDGE GULIN:
If you don't know, you can just say you don't know.

MR. JONATHAN LONG:
Well, I know a lot about the flooding at the site. I'm not familiar with the terminology that she's using, and so I don't know.

MS. MILLER:

That's fine.
EXAMINATION BY MS. MILLER:
Q. In your November 20th supplemental testimony, you describe insurance writers conducting a site visit to the Michoud site; is that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. At the time they visited, the old Michoud units were still in operation; is that correct? It's on page 18 and 19 if you need to check.
A. Yes, that is correct.
Q. Now, with regard to the flood insurance itself, you haven't purchased it for either project yet; is that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. What would the flood insurance actually cover?
A. So as I described earlier, we would procure a builders all risk policy for the construction period, and so that insurance covers the -- both Entergy New Orleans as owner and whichever contractor as contractor for a named -- a list of named perils. Flooding
would be one of those named perils.
Q. But that insurance would only cover the construction period. The insurance would no longer be applicable once the construction is completed?
A. The insurance that $I$ referred to in my testimony applies to the construction period.
Q. Do you know if Entergy intends to purchase flood insurance for the operational period of the unit?
A. That's not an area that pertains for me. No, I don't know.

MS. MILLER:
Your Honor, I have a few other questions, but they're confidential information.

JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. Then at this point, I'm going to ask those who have not -- What level of confidentiality are you talking about here?

MR. GUILLOT:
The minimum one?
MS. MILLER:

Yeah, I think it's lower one. MR. GUILLOT:

HSPM.
JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. Those who have not signed the confidentiality agreement, I would ask to please leave the room at this time, and we'll let you know when you can come back in. I don't anticipate it being too long.
(Whereupon a pause occurred in the proceedings.)
JUDGE GULIN:
All right. Everyone remaining in the room has signed the confidentiality agreement; is that correct?

MR. EDWARDS:
Yes, Your Honor.
JUDGE GULIN:
Please proceed.
And it at this point, we'll be segregating the transcript.






Hearing - Public
12/18/2017

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MS. MILLER:
That's all I have, Your Honor.
Thank you, Mr. Long.
JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. Thank you.
I believe this is a propitious time for a break. Why don't we take a ten-minute break and come back at 10:15?
(Whereupon a recess was taken.)
JUDGE GULIN:
All right. Let's go back on the record. We will now go back into general session. And the prior session of the transcript, which was segregated, will be sealed and we'll start again in general session. And we'll move to the Center
for Environmental Justice, Ms. Harden. MS. HARDEN:

Thank you, Your Honor.
Good afternoon, Mr. Long.
MR. JONATHAN LONG:
Good afternoon -- Good morning.
EXAMINATION BY MS. HARDEN:
Q. In your earlier responses to questions asked of you by Ms. Susan Miller, you said that you don't anticipate or envision contractors changing contracts. Would this take away from your prior testimony that contract prices can go up if timelines are not met?
A. So I should clarify what I said earlier in light of your question. I think what Ms. Miller was asking me about was wouldn't the contractors be motivated and come back and basically, having an upper hand in negotiations, insist on significantly higher cost. And I gave my view about why there would be an offsetting motivation on their part not to do that.

But the testimony about the fact that the longer this goes, you know, escalation
in these contracts is real. These costs do actually go up. So I would -- The difference between the day before the option that they -the renegotiation date and the day after is that before that, we have a formula for figuring it out. After that, the formula doesn't apply, but we have to renegotiate the pricing. So the fact that escalation would still be present hasn't changed.
Q. Thank you.

Who owns the Michoud site property?
A. It's my understanding that Entergy New Orleans owns the Michoud site property.
Q. And would you happen to know what Entergy would plan to do with the property if it doesn't get approval to build the gas plant?
A. That's not in the purview of my responsibility.
Q. I want to go to your supplemental testimony. We know that it's gone through a revision, so I'm going to refer to the new page numbers and line sets of that revision of today's date, December 18th, 2017. And if I can refer you to page 18, lines 12 through 14.
A. Okay.
Q. Okay. So in this testimony, you state that the elevation selected in the building design plan for the proposed CT gas plant is 3.5 feet above sea level; is that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. And in your deposition, you said that this elevation of 3.5 feet above sea level would also apply for the construction plan for the proposed RICE gas facility?
A. That's correct.
Q. Now, looking back to your supplemental testimony, we're still around page -- going back to page 17 through 18. This is in response to Question No. 5 where you describe the working analysis performed on selecting this elevation level. Is it true that according to your testimony, the elevation of 3.5 feet above sea level was determined by the Entergy project team to be the proper elevation required for mitigating flood risk?
A. It's fair to say that the project team landed on that elevation difference based upon our experience of the historic flooding of 2005 related to Katrina. It is true that it is
in excess of what we believe the FEMA guidance to be for flood mitigation in that region and that it is above the level at which we saw flooding in Katrina in that area. We also had our insurer's underwriters take a look at that and verify that they agreed that that was the appropriate height for the top of concrete.
Q. Thank you.

And on page 18, lines 4 through 6, take a look at that. I just want to verify with you that it's your testimony that the elevation of the administration building at 1.5 feet above sea level is the highest point of the Michoud site; is that correct?
A. Well, what I'm referring to is the highest point of elevation identified in that survey that we took in October of 2015, that it was identified as the highest site in that survey.
Q. Do you know if the October 25th site survey measured roadways on the Michoud site to determine that they were higher or what their elevation might be?
A. I do not know specifically if they measured the roadways. We were very interested
in the area where we intend to put the CT unit or the RICE unit. There is a roadway adjacent to that, but I believe that the survey would have focused on the land adjacent to the roadway not the roadway.
Q. So to arrive at the elevation level of 3.5 feet, Entergy's project team -- correct me if I'm wrong -- did three things according to your testimony on page 18, lines 4 through 14. The three things that they added up was 1.5 feet, which was the top of concrete elevation where the administrative building sits?
A. That's right.
Q. They added that 1.5 feet to another one foot that would be the flood height that was adjusted up from Hurricane Katrina?
A. That's right.
Q. And then they added an extra foot above that flood height to arrive at 3.5 feet; is that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. Do you know whether or not the Entergy project team followed the New Orleans city ordinance on flood damage prevention to
determine elevation?
A. I haven't provided any testimony about that, and I, sitting here today, am not -- I don't know the answer to your question.
Q. Okay. Do you know when the work of the project team concluded? Was it before or after May 2016?
A. It would have been before May of 2016. We brought this project forward in 2016. We would have determined the scope of the project, this height, well before then. And so we would have had to have known what the top of the concrete is to be able to do that.
Q. Now, I'd like to go to your direct testimony, Mr. Long, on page 5, lines 6 through 8.
A. I'm sorry. Would you repeat the page number again?
Q. Sure. Page 5 of your direct testimony and I'm looking at lines 6 through 8.
A. Okay.
Q. All right. So in this part of your direct testimony, you state that the originally proposed CT gas plant was -- which is, of course, the alternative one in this second
application. You state that the conditions are such that you would expect the CT gas plant to generate 226 megawatts based on summer conditions of 97 degrees and 59 percent relative humidity; is that correct?
A. Yes.
Q. When the temperature's as hot as 97 degrees in New Orleans, is it realistic to expect 59 percent relative humidity?
A. If I may, I want to explain these statistics. Gas turbines take air and can compress it and combust it with gas. The amount of power that's generated is highly correlated to the density of the air as it goes into the gas turbine. As the air becomes less dense, the power output by the turbine is less. As the air is more dense, the output goes up.

What this is simply indicating is that at what Entergy considers to be standard summer conditions for the Gulf Coast region at 97 degrees out and 59 percent relative humidity, this is the output that we'd expect. If it's 90 percent humid, like it normally is around here, which I think is your point, it would actually give us additional output
because the air would be more dense because it has a lot of water vapor in it. So the 59 percent relative humidity is actually a conservative case because, as you point out, it's not usually like that when it's 97 degrees.
Q. I wish it could be.
A. I'm with you on that one. I would enjoy that as well.
Q. So could you just give us the logic of why you would go down on the humidity than --
A. Yes.
Q. -- what you'd expect to find in New Orleans?
A. So when you state the output of a gas turbine, you have to state the environmental conditions because as the environmental conditions change, the output changes. We've chosen 97 degrees and 59 percent relative humidity as a data point to state performance. Nothing else. It's not that we expect it to be that temperature. In fact, we expect it would very seldom be exactly that temperature, but if we were to say -- This
is a little bit different than the RICE units, which are not affected as much by atmospheric conditions. So we just have to add that qualifier when we say how many megawatts it is. And if you notice in the table below, we talk about the maximum --
Q. Just --
A. Excuse me.
Q. I'm sorry. I just want to flag that that's HSPM.
A. A portion of it is.
Q. Okay.

MR. JONATHAN LONG:
I'm right in saying that, that a portion of it is? The output numbers are not HSPM; is that correct?
MR. ALFORD:
(Nods head affirmatively.)
MR. JONATHAN LONG:
So what I identify as ISO
conditions, this is an international
standard, which is 59 degrees Fahrenheit, you can see that under those conditions -- it's 59 degrees Fahrenheit and I believe 57 percent relative
humidity -- the output of the unit is 245.5 megawatts.

So what I'm trying to illustrate here is that under different atmospheric conditions, you'll get a different output out of this turbine. And so, unlike with the RICE units where we can say it's a hundred and twenty-eight megawatts and we don't have to qualify it, with gas turbines, you have to qualify it with a temperature because it changes over a range.

EXAMINATION BY MS. HARDEN:
Q. Sticking with your direct testimony, Mr. Long, going to your page 40, lines 2 through 7, if I could get you to take a look at that.
A. Okay.
Q. So in this testimony, you say that there are no other environmental issues that were looked at beyond archeological historic resources and endangered species; is that correct? This is for purposes of your discussion of the environmental regulatory work that was underway.
A. Okay. So I'm following you here. I'd like to hear your question again to make sure I understood it.
Q. Sure. I just want to know if it's correct that your testimony says that no other environmental issues beyond archeological and historical resources and endangered species were analyzed.

MR. ALFORD:
Counsel, can you provide the witness
a page and line number?
JUDGE GULIN:
Speak up, please. Speak up.
MR. ALFORD:
I'm sorry. Could you reference a
page and line number that you're reading from?

MS. HARDEN:
Sure. Again, it's page 40, lines 2 through 7.
MR. JONATHAN LONG:
The purpose of this Q. and A. is to identify what has been considered in addition to the other areas that are identified in the testimony with regard
to -- you know, to air permitting that came before that. So it's not that these are the only things. These are the other things in addition to what has come before it.

MS. HARDEN:
Thank you for that clarification. EXAMINATION BY MS. HARDEN:
Q. So does this mean that there was no analysis of the environmental impacts on surrounding neighborhoods performed before or on behalf of Entergy when it initially filed the application for the proposed gas plant in east New Orleans?
A. I want to make sure that I'm careful in how I answer you so I'm just taking a moment to --

The permitting process that we go through with the State of Louisiana, which is based on EPA regulations, place -- we provide information into that as to what the emissions are, and the standards that we comply with assess whether they exceed the emissions that would, in the view of the LDEQ and the EPA, impact the local community. So we did not
perform any studies other than what we would have normally done to go through the permitting process.
Q. So with regards to that, does that mean like impacts to quality of life, impacts to people who may be asthmatic, those kind of particular analyses were not part of what took place here?
A. Those type of analysis are not normal in our process. What is normal is for us to take a look at the community and for us to assess and take into account what the construction and location of that power plant might affect on that community. Here in this case, you know, there are not residential neighborhoods at the fence line, which is a bit unusual. Many of our plants do have residential neighborhoods at the fence line of the project. And so we want to engage with the community and make sure we understand their concerns. Doing the kinds of studies that you talk about would not be normal for developing a project like this.
Q. When you said you looked at the community and you engaged with the community,
can you explain or elaborate on what that was prior to the filing of the application?
A. So it's extraordinarily important to us that we engage with the community. So we have customer service representatives in that area. And we -- And what I'm not so sure at about prior to the filing piece of it, we have community engagement meetings and we've engaged with those communities and we plan to continue that through the life of the project, which is the part that I'm primarily involved in.
Q. So is it your testimony that during the environmental application preparations, that there was community engagement also taking place?
A. And I'm using that in the broadest of sense. I'm not saying that we had held forums. I don't -- I don't actually remember exactly what forms this would have taken into account, but my team and the owners of these plants always take into account what the construction project is going to have on those neighbors, and we seek to pursue that through the process.

As part of the air permit
application process, there was a decision made to hold a public comment period to the air permit process and we were in the process of scheduling that. First it was delayed by the tornadoes in New Orleans East, and then when the procedural schedule was delayed and we determined that we would need to amend the application, that was put on hold until we get through the process with the amended application. And it has not been scheduled to date, but there was a plan to have a public hearing about the air emissions early this year, early in 2017.
Q. Do you think that there was at least one community meeting at the time that you were preparing the application? Would you be surprised that there were no community meetings at the time you were preparing the application?
A. So how would you describe a community meeting?
Q. Meeting with members of the community, that every community member has notice, is aware of, to talk about the gas plant and talk about the potential impacts.
A. I am not aware of the timing of
those meetings. I'm not.
Q. And when you say "the timing," does that mean that you're not aware if it happened as the applications for air permits and other environmental permits were being prepared?
A. We did not have community meetings related to the air permit until --
Q. Any other environmental permit?
A. I don't recall.
Q. Thank you.

MS. HARDEN:
Your Honor, I have no further
questions.
JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. Thank you, Ms. Harden.
And I guess we go now to
Mr. Edwards.
MR. EDWARDS:
Yes, Your Honor.
EXAMINATION BY MR. EDWARDS:
Q. Mr. Long, can you hear me from back here?
A. I can, yes.
Q. Good. I seem to be a little lax on the history of the project, but in reading your
testimony, it appears that you were the chairman or the leader of the team that was asked to look for alternate technology that ultimately led to the choice of the RICE unit; is that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. Was Mr. Cureington a member of your team?
A. Mr. Cureington is, in a sense, an internal customer of mine in that process. So he participated in discussions, but it was my job to bring him analysis that showed my recommendations for that selection based on the requirements that he identified.
Q. So, then, did you bring to him the analyses that were done of the reports that the company has on demand needs over a period of time and what the implication of either the CT unit or the RICE units would provide?
A. I'm not sure $I$ follow your question. I'm not sure what you meant by the "demand needs."
Q. Well, load studies?
A. Load studies wouldn't have been something that $I$ participated in.
Q. Do you know whether Mr. Cureington did or not?
A. That's not something that I would have been engaged in. I don't know. I'm sure he can testify about that.
Q. Were you provided with any information of that nature that would show if you adopted and put in the RICE units what the level of reliance would be in terms of if you add the hundred and twenty-eight megawatts and it does or does not take care of the load flow study shows was needed to be generated on site within the City of New Orleans?
A. Mr. Cureington asked me to provide a generating resource, a recommendation on a generating resource that could provide between a hundred and a hundred and thirty megawatts of peaking capacity, and as I described earlier today, we have made forecasts of what we thought the operating regime would be in terms of starts, in terms of how that unit would operate. In terms of whether that met the need or not wouldn't have been something that I would have been involved in.
Q. Okay. I gather just from the stack
of testimony that $I$ carry back and forth from my house every morning that a lot of work went into the generation of the initial proposal to put the CT, the 226 megawatt unit in at Michoud; correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. Then there's a period of -- All of a sudden with all of that work, why were you asked or why was the company asking people on your committee to tell them about a new technology? After everything was filed and we were moving forward on that, then you were asked to look at something else; right?
A. Well, as I've testified previously, there's been ongoing conversation between myself, my group, and Mr. Cureington about smaller resources than a 226, resources in the 100 megawatt range. And so it's my understanding that there was a determination that a smaller unit might be a better fit, a smaller unit with different features, and so he came and asked that we analyze what would be the appropriate resources to meet the need as he described it and so I provided that information.
Q. Would you look at your supplemental testimony, please, at page 15, lines 10 through $14 ?$
A. Is this the supplemental and amending?
Q. Yes.
A. Okay. I'm sorry. I'm going to have to get you to --
Q. That's all right. I find it confusing myself because they made some sort of agreement to leak some of your testimony and I don't know whether that's -- I'm just going to go back to what we were provided originally, which is the supplemental and amending testimony, July 2017 --
A. Okay.
Q. -- page 15, lines 10 through 14.
A. Okay.
Q. It provides that following the suspension in the procedural schedule in this docket, the project team, which I led, was asked to, one, select an alternative technology and, two, to select an EPC contractor to construct the alternate unit. (As read.)

This suggests that there wasn't
really any discussion about the alternate until the interruption in the schedule. Is that correct? That's what I read.
A. Well, as I've testified previously, the discussions around --
Q. May I ask you to just answer my question. If you need to explain it, that's fine. Either yes, what you said on here is correct or no, it's not. Now, I'm welcome to a selection, but first I want a yes or no answer.
A. Fine. Would you ask your question again, please?
Q. The question is, is what's stated on your testimony, lines 10 through 12, accurate?
A. Yes, it is accurate, but you're drawing a conclusion from it that there was no other work that happened before that. It's describing what happened at the time.
Q. Were you discussing the RICE units at the same time you were trying to decide whether to put in the CT, 226 megawatts?
A. In fact, we were. As we worked towards making selections, as the team was working through the question about, you know, what is the need for the city, as I've said, we
also had been considering for some time a unit in the 100 megawatt range. So we had been pursuing those in parallel.
Q. Why seven RICE units?
A. The range that I was asked to provide was between 100 and 130 megawatts. Providing seven Wartsila units gets you to approximately a hundred and twenty-eight megawatts. As testified earlier, the direction that I was given was to be in the higher end of that range to meet the need. Well, so and the issue why there is a range to begin with is that power generation units come in discrete units. We can't just say, "Give me a hundred and thirty megawatts" necessarily. We have to work with what's out there. So in this case, seven units, seven Wartsila units provided a hundred and twenty-eight megawatts and that met the need.

We also looked at six because it
also fell in the range of 100 to 130, but the 128 using seven units best fit the requirement as described by Mr. Cureington to me.
Q. The seven Wartsila units are modular, right, so that they don't have to all
be operated at one time?
A. There are seven discrete units that can be operated in any combination, yes.
Q. Is it anticipated in so choosing the RICE that there would be times when you wouldn't be operating all seven?
A. Earlier $I$ was describing the way in which these units are dispatched. There's dispatch for economic reasons because it's the low-cost provider providing -- you know, for the local marginal price, and there's dispatch for reliability. All these units have the same efficiency. And so, generally, if these units are in the money, as we've describe them, that they would all come on and they would all run. For reliability, it would depend on what was needed. And so we designed this plant so they could run in all the possible combinations. And so the short answer to your question is yes, we could run one through seven independently.
Q. Okay. Have you seen any analysis that shows that you didn't have to run all seven to reach the level that you thought you needed as a peaker, alternate peaker?
A. I have not seen any analysis to that effect, no.
Q. If you would look at page 10, please, of your supplemental and amending testimony, may I assume that these numbers are not confidential on this chart?
A. Yes.
Q. For the RICE units on line 1, the installed cost is shown as a hundred and twenty point three million dollars; correct?
A. Yes.
Q. And then on page 11, your testimony is -- on line 6, your testimony is that the cost estimate is $\$ 210$ million; is that right?
A. That's correct.
Q. What makes up the $\$ 9$ million
difference between your testimony that the cost of the RICE unit installed is hundred and twenty million and yet the total price for the RICE unit is 210 million?

MR. ALFORD:
Your Honor, this is highly sensitive here.

JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. That is highly sensitive
material, Mr. Edwards. You want to continue with that and I'll ask the room to be cleared for executive session?

MR. EDWARDS:
I mean his answer is -- He's got to refer to highly sensitive material to give me the answer to explain between 210 million and a hundred twenty that's his testimony? I don't see how it is, but I hate for everybody to just get up and leave the room just to give me an answer to that one question.

MR. ALFORD:
Counsel, he can try. I just wanted to alert both you and the witness that to give you a complete answer to your question, you may well have to head there.

JUDGE GULIN:
Mr. Long, do you think you can
navigate that without getting into sensitive material, the answer to that question?
MR. JONATHAN LONG:
I will try to do that. And I'll ask
my attorneys to -- if they see me going wrong with that to give me the indication.

So, first, $I$ want to explain what the $\$ 120$ million, the source of that.

MR. EDWARDS:
Thank you.
MR. JONATHAN LONG:
The $\$ 120$ million was provided by WorleyParsons. They get that number from -- as the Footnote No. 3 describes, as every piece model and those estimates are used here to compare across units. So those estimates that you see in that column called "Installed Costs" were estimated on exactly the same basis across all those units and it gives us the ability to give a comparison.

The assumptions within those -- that cost estimate were developed using standardized information. These are what I would call standardized costs and they do not include anything related to site specific issues with projects. They do not take into account any regional
differences in cost. They also don't take into account differences related to owner expenses, owner costs. And so they are not -- They're used here for a comparison basis.

The $\$ 140$ million price that we got from Burns and McDonnell, and have from Burns and McDonnell, is based on their contract to engineer, procure, construct this plant, and so there will be differences in things like the foundation design, regional labor rates, and the amount of risk that they're taking on in their contract.

So since we do not have that kind of pricing for all of the units, we use the piece model, this everyday, the standardized data to be able to compare among the units. What we have is a competitively bid price from the contractor. To get from the hundred and forty higher, which I believe is highly sensitive protected materials -MR. ALFORD:
(Nods head affirmatively.)

MR. JONATHAN LONG:
-- requires us to add cost beyond the EPC contract, such as the cost of these proceedings, the cost of my management team, the cost for allowance for funds used during construction, AFUDC, and that's -- how you get to the difference of 210 is, one, is the contractor specific costs, and, secondly, the owner's cost.
EXAMINATION BY MR. EDWARDS:
Q. If we use 210 million as the total installed cost for the seven units, my math shows that each unit is basically worth \$30 million; is that right?
A. (Witness nods head affirmatively.) On a gross basis, yes.
Q. Thank you.

And as an Entergy New Orleans
ratepayer, $I$ know you're obligated to try to get recovery for that $\$ 210$ million, right, in rates?
A. The company would be doing that, not me personally, but, yes.
Q. Sure. You're absolutely correct.

So if we put in less than seven units for the time being, for example, it's roughly $\$ 30$ million less than $I$ and other ratepayers, residents of New Orleans, would have to pay until you installed the additional unit or two; right?
A. Well, I don't -- I don't agree with your math in that context. So if we were to reduce it to where there were six units, most of -- it is true we wouldn't have to buy the equipment associated with that unit. But the rest of the infrastructure in the plant is not that different. So I don't want you to believe from your math that if you take the total and divide it by seven and you reduced it by one unit that you would get a full $\$ 30$ million reduction. It wouldn't be as significant as that.
Q. It wouldn't be significant?
A. It wouldn't be as high as a \$30 million reduction.
Q. How high do you think it would be?
A. I haven't done the math on that. It would be less than 30 million.
Q. Over 17 million?
A. I haven't sat down and thought through the cost of the engines and cost of the equipment associated with it, so I'd struggle a little bit to give you a number off the top of my head.
Q. Do you have any recollection of what you -- what the company paid for each of the independent seven Wartsila units?
A. We bought them as a package of seven, so I do not recall now what they were per unit.
Q. Well, is that what the testimony of the cost of them being a hundred and twenty, is that -- I'll rephrase that.

On page 10 in your Table No. 1, you put down the installed cost of each of the Wartsila units, Wartsila by seven of a hundred and twenty million. So it would be at least a hundred and twenty divided by seven; wouldn't it?
A. The hundred and twenty is not the cost of the equipment. Like I say, if I knew what the cost of the machines and the equipment was, I could total that up and try to give you a number, but I do not have that information
available.
Q. Would you at least agree that if you put in less than seven, you would be saving some money for me and the other ratepayers in the city?
A. It would cost less.
Q. At the time this matter was opened and your original testimony was filed, most of us would have thought you wanted to stay with what you proposed, which is a 226 megawatt CT technology. Would you agree with that? When you started this, that's what you had decided was the thing to do? You, the company?
A. It is what we decided to do and when we amended our application, we said it still was -- in our view, we supported that option still.
Q. Then why did you go into the difficulty of coming up with another unit that wasn't in the original consideration, not part of the original filing? Something had to have happened to cause the company to want to go to this smaller unit, whether it was politics or it could be done cheaper?
A. There are other witnesses that are
going to attest to this in more detail, but it's my understanding that we had a load re-forecast and the load re-forecast resulted in a perception of a lower need, and that's what drove us to take a look at a smaller unit.
Q. That's basically what I thought your testimony said that I read to you. You have stated that, which was, Following the suspension in the procedural schedule in this docket, the project team, which I led, was asked to select an alternative. (As read.)

Is that when you really began to look at the -- using the Charles RICE units, or something else?

He's going to really get me some day for me teasing him about this.
A. As I described, we had ongoing conversations with Mr. Cureington prior to this around a smaller option and we reengaged on that, and so I don't think I would change anything I said previously.
Q. I'm sorry?
A. I don't believe I would answer the question any differently than I did previously. What my testimony says is that after procedural
schedule was put together, we were asked to take a look at it, but that was not the first time we had looked at it.
Q. Did politics have anything to do with making the change or looking at the alternate proposal?

MR. ALFORD:
Objection, Your Honor. There's no foundation for that question to this witness.

JUDGE GULIN:
Say it again so the court reporter
can hear you.
MR. ALFORD:
I object, Your Honor. There's no foundation laid with this witness to support that question.
MR. EDWARDS:
Your Honor, the foundation lies in
his testimony and the fact that the lower forecast of need generated a lot of different attitudes about how this project should go forward and even after they put forward the idea of an alternate peaker, the company's position was still
favored, the 226 CT technology unit. I'm just asking what factors went into making this decision, and one of them could have been politics.

JUDGE GULIN:
Well, I think the scope of his
testimony is simply he was asked to do
it. You're asking him what the
motivation was behind him being asked.
I'll allow you to ask the question in that way.

If you know, Mr. Long.
MR. JONATHAN LONG:
I believe it's simply as I stated.
The load forecast went down and they wanted to revisit and present an
alternative, and --
EXAMINATION BY MR. EDWARDS:
Q. Are there any other witnesses for

Entergy that had more involvement in the decision to convert to a lower output unit than yourself that will appear in this testimony?
A. Yes. Yes.
Q. Who are they?
A. Mr. Cureington.
Q. Thank you.

Did you look in making the decision or making a recommendation for the alternate peaker at something other than the seven individual Wartsila units?
A. So the table that we were looking at previously lays out the -- you know, the combinations of equipment configurations that we considered. This is what I would call the short list. The long list was actually quite a bit more extensive for this. And in this list, you will see air derivative gas turbines and one frame industrial gas turbine. So in addition to reciprocating internal combustion engines, we looked at three different configurations of air derivative technology and one of industrial gas turbine technology.
Q. Thank you very much.

Another factor that fits into this generally speaking is -- I don't have it with me where I showed -- the City Council passed a resolution requiring Entergy to construct at least a hundred and twenty megawatt unit within the City of New Orleans. Do you recall that?
A. I'm aware of that, yes.
Q. Do you know what led to that resolution?
A. I don't. That's not an area that I would typically get involved in.
Q. Do you know whether that resolution led, in part, to the decision to look at an alternate technology to the CT, 226 megawatt unit?
A. I do not have knowledge of that. I wasn't present in those conversations.
Q. Who would? Do you know?
A. Mr. Cureington.
Q. Mr. Cureington.

Is in here today?
A. He is.
Q. He's the next witness. I know.

Please tell me what in the load forecast that came out that resulted in the suspension of this proceeding, what came out of the technology that said we need to put in a lower unit, whether it's the three or four that you've got or the one you actually adopted, which is the RICE units?
A. I'm sorry. I didn't follow your question.
Q. I'm asking you what was it in the reduced load study that led you to going to the smaller output unit, the RICE units, the seven Wartsila units?
A. What led me to do it was

Mr. Cureington asking me to come up with a alternative proposal. He would be better placed to describe what in the load forecast changed. That's not something that I would get involved in.
Q. Is that a handoff or a pass?
A. Are you a rugby fan? Have you heard of hospital passes?
Q. In doing the analysis that you did do, did your team give any consideration to less than seven Wartsila units?
A. Yes. We considered six. It fits within the range that $I$ was asked to meet. And, however, we chose the larger one because, as I said earlier, the direction given was that being in the higher end of that range was better than in the lower end.
Q. Why is the specific need for up to a hundred and thirty megawatts when you have 226? What's the -- Why the smaller units as an
alternate? It isn't going to be a supplement. It would be an alternate. Either you're going to get approval to do the original CT or approval to do -- hopefully from your perspective, do the RICE units?
A. Yeah. I really don't -- I really feel bad that I'm passing everything off to Mr. Cureington here, but, you know, we selected the 226 based on the fact that we believe that was the, you know, most economical way to meet the need that we identified. And it's my understanding that as the load forecast changed, the perception of what that need was or the estimate of that need changed as well. But there's been testimony by others, including Mr. Charles Long, about the need, the reliability need that he's much better suited to describe to you than I am.
Q. I gather that the original thought was you wanted as much reliability as you could get, which 226 would be much more reliable from being left as an island than 128; right?
A. You've made a statement that makes logical sense. That's really not something that -- That's not a decision that I would be
involved in, but 226 is larger than 128. I would agree with that.
Q. Is it more reliable for purposes of needing an alternate peaker or an alternate way to take care of the needs in New Orleans in the event that transmission lines were cut off by hurricane, etc.?
A. Yeah. I believe that Mr. Charles Long has testified to that fact that it is more reliable. Again, that's not something that -That's really a transmission system issue that I'm not an expert on.
Q. Okay. No problem. Thank you.
(Whereupon a pause occurred in the proceedings.)
MR. EDWARDS:
I thank you, sir. I have no other questions.
MR. JONATHAN LONG:
You're welcome.
JUDGE GULIN:
Thank you, Mr. Edwards.
Let's take a very quick five-minute break before we proceed to the advisors. So we will return at 11:15. Very quick.
(Whereupon a recess was taken.)
JUDGE GULIN:
Back on the record.
We'll go to the advisors. Mr. Reed. EXAMINATION BY MR. REED:
Q. Mr. Long, Presley Reed for the Council advisors. Just a couple of questions.

In the cross-examination that was presented by Ms. Harden, you made a statement with reference to the fact that the residences around the Michoud site is not up against the fence line; is that correct?
A. Yes, I did.
Q. Do you know how far away the closest residence or business is from the Michoud site?
A. I don't know that piece of data. I do know that if you drop a pen in the center of the site, and you draw a one mile radius, you will not cross any residence.
Q. Okay. So the closest residence and/or business is at least one mile away?
A. From the center of the site, that's right.
Q. From the center of the site.

All right. In talking with

Mr. Edwards, he asked you a question regarding a Council resolution. And in that particular question, the way he phrased it, it says that the Council issued a resolution that required ENO to build a hundred -- at least a hundred and twenty megawatt unit in New Orleans. And I think, if I remember correctly, your answer was yes; is that correct?
A. I answered that -- My understanding what I was answering, that I was aware that there was a resolution broadly to that effect.
Q. Okay. If I am not mistaken, and this is obviously subject to check on your part, the Council's resolution was directing Entergy New Orleans to consider building a facility of that size in Orleans Parish, not requiring Entergy New Orleans to build a facility of that size. And you appreciate the distinction I'm making?
A. I can appreciate the distinction.
Q. Would you agree with me that my explanation of the resolution is that they were required to consider not to build?
A. That actually --

MS. HARDEN:

Your Honor, I have to object here. Instead of -- Why won't you just read the resolution? It would be a proper way to ask the question.
MR. BROWN:
I thought we already established that this is a legal conclusion as to what this resolution means.

MR. REED:
I understand, but Ms. Harden was the one who raised the question and asked the question specifically and incorrectly described the resolution. I'm sorry. Mr. Edwards. So I just wanted to clarify the record. That's really all I'm trying to do in that regard.

JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. I suspect --
MS. HARDEN:
I think you're adding a correction to it.

JUDGE GULIN:
Mr. Long, are you sufficiently
familiar with this resolution to be able
to recall what, in fact, the resolution
provided so that you are able to answer the question of Mr. Reed?

MR. JONATHAN LONG:
I am not.
JUDGE GULIN:
All right. Thank you.
MR. REED:
Those are all my questions, Your
Honor.
JUDGE GULIN:
That gives us a little time before
lunch. Is there any redirect?
MR. ALFORD:
Very few, Your Honor.
JUDGE GULIN:
okay.
EXAMINATION BY MR. ALFORD:
Q. Mr. Long, a moment ago you mentioned a one mile radius drawing from a pen at the center of the site. Were you referring to residents within --
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. Ms. Harden had previously asked you some questions about potential community impacts. Do you recall those
questions?
A. I do.
Q. What did you know about the site throughout the development that related to potential community impacts?
A. Well, as I said earlier, there are no residentially zoned properties or residences at the fence line of this site, which is actually unusual in my experience in developing plants in this region. This site has a number of things that are very attractive about it.

I understand from Mr. Charles Long that there's a need for power for reliability at this site. The infrastructure that is there in terms of fuel supply, water supply, and transmission interconnection are excellent. And, also, we've owned and operated on this site for at least 50 years and our knowledge of this site is also excellent, which is very much a risk reducing factor. So as sites for new power plants go, all of those things taken into account, this is an excellent site.
Q. Ms. Stevens Miller asked you a series of questions concerning different provisions in the EPC contracts. Do you recall
those questions?
A. I do.
Q. Just so the record is clear, is there an opportunity for either contractor to renegotiate if full notice to proceed is issued within the deadline specified in those contracts?
A. No, there isn't. So if we issue a full notice to proceed or a notice to proceed prior to that expiry date, there is no opportunity to renegotiate.
Q. Mr. Edwards asked you a series of questions about Table 1 on page 10 of your supplemental and amending direct. Do you recall those questions?
A. I do.
Q. Do you have that table before you?
A. I do.
Q. One of the questions that

Mr. Edwards asked concerned consideration of less than seven RICE units. When you looked at six versus seven, did you find any economies of scale?
A. Yes. So as I was saying earlier, when you reduce by a single unit, the reduction
in price is not equal to the total price divided by seven minus the total. And so you do get economies of scale as you make the unit bigger, and it's because, as I said earlier, you are there establishing the infrastructure, you have the work crews involved. And so there are economies of scale of going from six to seven.
Q. And at this date prior to Council approval, the company hasn't actually purchased any of those units; correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. If the company were not to deploy the full seven, would you expect there to be additional costs if you needed to add additional units later?
A. So if we were to build a unit with fewer Wartsila units in it -- So if we were to build a plant with fewer Wartsila units, first of all, the total cost of that smaller plant on a per kilowatt installed basis would be higher. And then, secondly, the incremental add one or two units later would cost more than a dollar per kW of the seven unit plant initially.

MR. ALFORD:

Your Honor, if you give me just a second.

JUDGE GULIN:
Sure.
MR. ALFORD:
Thank you, Mr. Long. Those are all the questions I have for you.

JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. Mr. Brown, any recross within the scope of redirect?
MR. BROWN:
No, Your Honor.
JUDGE GULIN:
Ms. Stevens Miller?
MS. MILLER:
No, sir.
JUDGE GULIN:
Ms. Harden?
MS. HARDEN:
Not for me, Your Honor.
JUDGE GULIN:
Mr. Edwards?
MR. EDWARDS:
Yes, Your Honor. I have one question.

RE-EXAMINATION BY MR. EDWARDS:
Q. I only have a public education, but it seems to me that the cost of putting in seven units is $X$. Putting in one less unit or two less units doesn't make it cost more.

Maybe if you have to put them later, but if you put them originally, which is what the question is, I can't image that it would cost any more money to just put in five to six instead of seven when you put it in in the beginning.

MR. ALFORD:
Your Honor, I didn't hear a question there.

MR. EDWARDS:
Okay. I'll make it a question.
Easier for you to follow, Counselor.
MR. ALFORD:
Thank you.
EXAMINATION BY MR. EDWARDS:
Q. I asked you a question -- Your counsel after meeting with you outside came back and asked you would it cost more money to put in just six than to put in seven initially. Is that a correct statement that it would cost more money to put in one less or two less than
the total seven at the beginning when you first put the project on the ground?

MR. ALFORD:
Your Honor, I'm going to object.
That is --
JUDGE GULIN:
Sustained.
MR. ALFORD:
It's a mischaracterization.
JUDGE GULIN:
You can rephrase if you like.
MR. EDWARDS:
Okay. I'll try one more time.
EXAMINATION BY MR. EDWARDS:
Q. You're building a plant that has seven separate Wartsila units; correct?
A. That's correct. Yes, that's correct.
Q. Oh, I'm sorry. I didn't hear you. And if for whatever reason, you didn't need all seven, you only needed five or six units to begin with, is it your testimony that it would cost more money initially to put in five instead of seven?
A. My testimony, which I appreciate is
confusing, is that it would cost more on a per unit basis for the five than it would on a per unit basis for the seven. It would not cost more in total for five than it would for seven.

I've also testified if you added that additional generation later, that would also cost more on a per unit basis.
Q. And the need of five or seven
depends upon load forecast; correct?
A. Again, that's not my area of expertise. And I will say, though, that my understanding is that reliability is a huge play in there, not just load forecast. So as I believe Mr. Long -- the other Mr. Long has testified, a big driver of that capacity number is transmission system reliability, not just the load forecast, if you will. MR. EDWARDS:

I'm sorry. Could you read the answer from the witness back, please, Madam Court Reporter?
(Whereupon the following was read back by the court reporter.)
A. Again, that's not my area of expertise. And I will say, though, that
my understanding is that reliability is a huge play in there, not just load forecast. So as I believe Mr. Long -the other Mr. Long has testified, a big driver of that capacity number is transmission system reliability, not just the load forecast, if you will.
EXAMINATION BY MR. EDWARDS:
Q. How are you using the term "reliability" in response to those questions?
A. It's my understanding, per my
colleague, Charles Long, that in order to prevent cascading outages on the system, the system has to be designed for a certain capability and that if you don't have that capability, it forces reliability issues or cascading outages and the amount of generation that we have at that location affects that. That's what I mean by reliability.

MR. EDWARDS:
Okay. Thank you.
That's all I have, Your Honor. JUDGE GULIN:

Thank you, Mr. Edwards.
Mr. Reed?

MR. REED:
No questions, Your Honor.
JUDGE GULIN:
Mr. Long, I thank you very much for
your testimony, and you're excused at this time.

MR. JONATHAN LONG:
My pleasure. Thank you.
JUDGE GULIN:
All right. It's 11:30. Any
thoughts on whether we should go to
Mr. Cureington or go right to lunch?
MR. BROWN:
Your Honor, Michael Brown on behalf of Sierra Club. I think I'll be going first. It's a fairly lengthy cross, so I'd ask for either a short break before or go straight to lunch and do it after. JUDGE GULIN:

That being the case, why don't we just take an early lunch? Come back at 12:15, please.
(Whereupon the lunch recess began at 11:28 A.M., and the proceedings reconvened at 12:17 p.m.)

JUDGE GULIN:
Let's go on the record.
Welcome, Mr. Cureington.
SETH CUREINGTON,
after having been duly sworn by the above-mentioned Certified Court Reporter, was examined and testified as follows:

JUDGE GULIN:
Mr. Brown.
MR. BROWN:
Your Honor.
Hello, Mr. Cureington.
MR. CUREINGTON:
Good afternoon.
MR. BROWN:
Afternoon.
MR. CUREINGTON:
Can you hear me?
MR. BROWN:
Yes.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. My name is Michael Brown. I'm an attorney representing the Sierra Club in this case. And you and I met for a deposition before; is that correct?
A. Correct.
Q. That was December 7th?
A. Correct.
Q. You're currently employed by Entergy

New Orleans; is that right?
A. That is correct.
Q. You worked there since 2011?
A. That's correct.
Q. Before that, you worked for Entergy Services, Inc., starting in 2006?
A. That's correct.

JUDGE GULIN:
The court reporter needs a minute.
(Whereupon a pause occurred in the proceedings.)
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. And you filed testimony in New Orleans City Council proceedings before; is that right?
A. That's correct.
Q. And that testimony has always been on behalf of Entergy New Orleans; is that right?
A. Correct.
Q. In this proceeding, you're not
testifying as an expert in transmission reliability. Am I right about that?
A. That's correct.
Q. You're not testifying as an expert in restoring an electrical system following a hurricane or a major storm?
A. I'm sorry. Could you clarify what you mean by restoring the electrical system?
Q. Sure. Bringing the service back online after disruptions from a storm?
A. No, I'm not testifying to that.
Q. And you're not here to testify as to how best to site a power plant to avoid damage from storms; is that correct?
A. I'm not testifying to that effect.
Q. I want to get a couple of points out just about the production cost modeling in this case. First, in the course of this docket, you've never run any production cost model that includes these two things; one is the 2 percent load forecasts as it reflects the Council's 2 percent demand-side management target and the transmission upgrades required in the absence of the New Orleans Power Station?
A. So in this proceeding, we've run a
number of analyses, including analysis that includes the Council's 2 percent goal, but I did not specifically request an analysis that included a 2 percent goal and no transmission simply because I had no reason to believe that the cases that included the 2 percent goal were feasible in the first instance as a basis to evaluate those transmission upgrades.
Q. And just now before we get too far in, I think I may invoke the Lanny Edwards rule, which is just that I'd prefer it if you could give me the yes-or-no answer. You can clarify as you need to see fit, but when it's a yes-or-no question, first give the yes or no if you can.

You never did a production cost model in this case in which -- that involved installing battery storage at Michoud, but no gas plant also being installed?
A. Actually in the IRP, we conducted analysis that included just looking at batteries.
Q. And I'm talking about in this case, this docket.
A. Right. So we attached the IRP, you
know, as a part of my testimony, but in the subsequent analysis since the batteries were screened out in the IRP as not as cost effective nor capable of meeting the identified needs, no, we did not evaluate them independently, but we did include batteries in Case 4 of the supplemental analysis conducted last fall.
Q. And we'll get to Case 4 in a moment, but outside of Case 4, in this docket, you did not run a production cost model that included battery storage; is that right?
A. I'm sorry. We did not run a case that just included battery storage simply because it couldn't meet the identified needs.
Q. Okay. Thank you.

You've never done in the course of this case a production cost analysis of installing a resource of less than 100 megawatts at Michoud?
A. No. The needs that were identified were significantly higher than that. So I would have no basis to evaluate in the production cost model resources smaller than what would meet the need.
Q. And what you're talking about here, the need identified, are you referring to the need in the IRP that the company identified?
A. Actually I'm talking about both the IRP and in this proceeding because we've consistently identified both an overall capacity need and a peaking and reserve need that has persisted through all of those evaluations and continues to exist today.
Q. And that need at the IRP stage was approximately 300 megawatts of capacity; is that correct?
A. So I'm sorry. I don't know if you could cite me specifically to what you're referring to.
Q. You know, we'll get into it later. Well, actually, you know what? Might as well just do it now.

If you turn to your deposition, which I have a copy here.

MR. BROWN:
May I approach, Your Honor?
JUDGE GULIN:
Please.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. Page 24, lines 9 through 11.
A. I'm sorry. Can you just say, where are the page numbers?
Q. Twenty-four.
A. No. Where are the page numbers?
Q. Oh, they're at the top left.
A. The top left. Yeah. Sorry. I didn't see them.
Q. Been there.
A. Okay. I'm on page 24.
Q. Yeah. And you talk about -- so the peaking -- On lines 9 through 11, you say, So peaking and reserve capacity need has consistently been -- has been consistently over 300 megawatts. (As read.) This is in the course of our discussion of the 2015 IRP.
A. I see the reference.
Q. So you would agree with that
testimony that you gave just a few days ago?
A. So what this is referring to is how our peaking and reserve deficit has consistently been over 300 megawatts throughout both the IRP and this proceeding.
Q. Thank you.

Do you agree on -- And you were
here, Mr. Cureington, when Jonathan Long testified a little earlier today; is that right?
A. Correct.
Q. Do you agree with his -- that he presented you the option of a -- using six reciprocating engine units as opposed to seven?
A. I did not specifically request that he look at that. I simply asked him to conduct an evaluation of the technologies that were available within a range around the needs that we had identified.
Q. Are you aware that Mr. Charles Long -- Let me step back for a second.

Mr. Jonathan Long testified that you said within that range, more is better than less. And one of the reasons he gave for that, he cited, was reliability concerns. Was that one of the reasons you were asking him to get something on the higher end of the range?
A. So the range was identified for several reasons, but the upper end of the range, as I understand from Charles Long, is what -- is the minimum to meet the transmission reliability constraints that he identified over
his planning horizon, which is the first ten years of my planning horizon.
Q. And, Mr. Cureington, were you aware at the time that Charles Long had run load flow analyses in this case that have been part of the record in this case assuming a hundred ten megawatt unit at Michoud?
A. While I don't specifically know all of the evaluations that he conducted, I am aware that he looked at different scenarios, but $I$ can't say specifically, you know, all of the different scenarios that he looked at.
Q. But you never ran a production cost model analysis of that six-unit RICE peaker?
A. No. As I said earlier, the needs that we identified exceeded the six-unit configuration. The minimum that Charles Long identified for the transmission constraints to be addressed set effectively a floor, if you will, and the needs $I$ identify through the planning process far exceeded that.
Q. Did Mr. Long just not tell you that he was running a hundred ten megawatt peaker through the load flow model?
A. I'm sorry. I don't know
specifically what you're referring to. If you could point me to something.
Q. We'll move on.

Okay. I'd like to show you
Mr. Joseph Rogers' testimony, and it's already in the record so I'll hand you a copy and the judge, but I believe all the attorneys should -- I'd like you to turn to page 9, Figure 1.
A. Okay.
Q. And this is a graph that shows the various load forecasts Entergy New Orleans has used from the IRP through where we are today as its reference scenarios.

Now, I'd like to ask you, would you agree that the last two reference load forecasts you used, the 2015 IRP forecast as shown here, and the business plan '16 update forecast that's also shown here, both of those have had to be revised downward in the subsequent year?
A. So the chart is not in color, so it's a little hard for me to track exactly which one of these lines you're referring to. But I'm sorry, more generally, could you just
restate the question to make sure that $I$ understand?
Q. Sure. Let's start with the 2015 IRP forecast. It's that one that looks basically as if it's just a straight slope that's just going straight up at an even rate. That's that one.

I'll represent to you, even though it's not in color, that the second forecast there is the 2016 DP update. And the one that's the lowest is the 2017 business plan update forecast.

Now, do you agree that starting in the out years from 2021 out, the business plan '16 update forecast is lower, is now lower than -- was lower than the 2015 IRP forecast?
A. Yes. The business plan '16 load forecast is lower in the years after 2021 based on the updated inputs.
Q. And that's despite adding the Algiers transfer, despite adding large hospital customers to Entergy New Orleans customer rolls, is it not?
A. Yes. The impacts of other changes in the underlying load have offset the
increases after 2021 that you referred to.
Q. And the decreases in the underlying load you're referencing, your testimony in your rebuttal is that a major reason for those revisions was energy efficiency and behind-the-meter solar?
A. I think my testimony was -- I'm sorry.

MR. OLSON:
Objection. There was no question there.

MR. BROWN:
I think there was.
JUDGE GULIN:
I think I heard the inflexion at the end of his statement, so I believe it was a question.
MR. CUREINGTON:
Could you restate it just to make sure I understand what you're asking?
MR. BROWN:
Sure.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. That a major reason for the downward revisions -- not necessarily the only reason,
but a major reason was more energy efficiency and behind-the-meter solar than had been projected?
A. No. I wouldn't agree with that. The revisions I discussed in my testimony were with respect to the changes from BP '16 update to BP '17 update where I described that 90 percent of the change was driven by a decline in usage for customer among our residential and commercial classes.
Q. I'd like you to turn to page 55 of your supplemental and amending testimony, lines 8 through 11.

MR. EDWARDS:
I'm sorry, Counsel. What page?
MR. BROWN:
Page 55--
MR. OLSON:
Fifty-five?
MR. BROWN:
-- of his supplemental and amending.
I'm sorry. His rebuttal testimony.
MR. CUREINGTON:
Page 55?
MR. BROWN:

Yes.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. I want to make sure I got this
right. I'll read to you what you wrote here. You said, As Mr. Rogers points out -- I believe we're referring to the same witness whose testimony we're looking at -- the company's forecast of the load has declined since the final 2015 IRP due to decreases in customer demand associated with historical energy efficiency needs and behind-the-meter rooftop solar. (As read.)

Do you agree with that?
A. Yes, I agree with that. I thought your question was with respect to the BP '16 update to the BP '17 update, which is a separate reference in my testimony.
Q. And you would say -- So getting us from the 2015 IRP to now the BP '17, you would agree with that statement, that those --
A. Yes. As I indicated in the testimony, I think there's a general trend that we've recognized has impacted the load forecast from these factors, and so that's accounted for in the load forecast, even though going
forward, we don't actually know if those trends will continue.
Q. But, in fact, in last February, your company had stayed these proceedings for over four months in part because of these downward revisions in the load forecast; is that correct?
A. So I can't speak to all of the reasons why it took as long as it did. You characterize it as just solely because of the downward revisions in a load forecast, so I wouldn't agree with that.
Q. That was the cause, though, of seeking -- that was the reason, the impetus for seeking the stay?
A. Certainly that was the reason why we asked the Council for approval to stay the proceeding, so that we could evaluate the impacts that that would have on our load.
Q. Now, I know that a load forecast -making a load forecast, you don't have a crystal ball, but it's fair to say that you've in these prior forecasts underestimated the energy efficiency in behind-the-meter solar that was actually attained in the City of New

Orleans; is that correct?
A. No, I wouldn't agree with that. Effectively the load forecasting process is designed to identify the expected value for load over the planning horizon, but we also include an upper and a lower bound that statistically captures 90 percent of the possible outcomes. And so the changes that we're talking about here are certainly within those statistical boundaries, and the idea behind the load forecast, specifically the reference case, is not to exactly pinpoint every single hour, but, instead, give you some certainty around what the -- you know, the load could be within those boundaries.
Q. Now, the load forecast that is the most current, that would be the BP -- business plan '17 update; is that correct?
A. That is still the current forecast, yes.
Q. That was prepared by Entergy Services, Inc.; is that correct?
A. Yes, it was prepared by the system planning organization that works under the Entergy Services, Incorporated, company.
Q. But you've reviewed it. Do you agree with it?
A. Yes, I support the forecast in my testimony.
Q. That referenced forecast does not reflect the Council's 2 percent energy efficiency goal; is that correct? And before I -- Maybe I'll step back before I ask that question just to define the terms here.

When I say "2 percent goal," I mean the goal of reducing customer sale -- reducing energy consumption in the city by .2 percent annually incrementally until it reaches a level of 2 percent per year. This business plan update forecast does not include the effects of that program; is that correct?
A. As I indicated in testimony, it does not simply because we have no basis to include that in our reference case. The analysis conducted by Navigant led me to conclude that that was neither cost effective nor achievable and the idea behind a referenced case load forecast is to provide the Council with a forecast that we are certain includes the information that we can rely on.
Q. It does not -- The forecast does not also include Navigant's forecast achievable .85 percent annual reductions; is that correct?
A. I'm sorry. Which analysis are you referring to?
Q. The Navigant study that you just referenced as the basis for your decisions in this regard also reference a scenario in which the company could achieve . 85 percent annual reductions in customer sales. That's not included in this business plan '17 forecast, is it?
A. It sounds like you're referring to Navigant's high case --
Q. Yes.
A. -- which was the first of three cases that they evaluated --
Q. Uh-huh (indicating affirmatively).
A. -- to establish effectively the upper bound to what might be possible over the planning horizon, but as Navigant indicated, they had to make very aggressive assumptions even in that case in order to get to .85, as you referenced, of average annual savings per year.

So, no, that's not included in the reference case simply because we have no basis to conclude that that is achievable or sustainable based on our experience with the first six years of Energy Smart, which is our energy efficiency programs that we administer here in the city.
Q. And that would be -- The forecast does include -- only includes Energy Smart programs up until year six?
A. That's correct, because we can rely on the fact that we've been able to achieve approximately between 0.3 and 0.4 percent annual savings each year through Energy Smart, and that's important because that's despite -and we have not been able to achieve more than that despite increasing the funding for Energy Smart. The Council has approved an increase of an average of 21 percent over the last three years and yet we still have not been able to achieve more than . 4 percent.
Q. And, Mr. Cureington, I will get into some of the assumptions and your opinions later on in this testimony. Right now I'm just asking some yes-or-no questions.

MR. OLSON:
Your Honor, the witness needs an opportunity to be able to respond to the question without these preemptory instructions from counsel when he's talking.
JUDGE GULIN:
I don't think there's any harm in him simply indicating he's asking yes-or-no questions.

If you have an explanation, you simply don't have to answer yes or no. You can explain your answer.
MR. CUREINGTON:
Thank you.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. There is no assumption of incremental additional programs beyond year six in this business plan '17 update forecast?
A. I'm sorry. Could you define what you mean by "incremental"?
Q. Additional program year in energy efficiency saving programs beyond those that are up until year six.
A. So I guess let me just clarify what

I mean by annual incremental savings that we have achieved today through Energy Smart. When I say "annual incremental savings of . 4 percent," that's incremental to what we saved in prior year. So that incremental growth is baked into the business plan '17 update load forecast. But, no, we're not assuming that that growth rate increases over time, but we are assuming that we'll be able to sustain that incremental level that we've achieved today over the 20-year planning horizon.
Q. Right. And those would be the programs that had -- Year six roughly would correspond to programs that had been adopted up until about 2016 by the Council?
A. Yes. Program year six ran through a portion of 2016.
Q. Okay. Thank you.

Mr. Cureington, you believe that
Entergy New Orleans cannot meet the 2 percent energy efficiency target or cannot likely meet it; is that correct?
A. I don't have any basis to conclude that it's either cost effective or achievable,
which is what I need in order to include that in my long-term plans. That doesn't mean that we aren't trying to, but I just have no basis upon which to conclude that it is at this point.
Q. Okay. Mr. Cureington, you would agree that as a regulated utility, Entergy New Orleans must comply with the orders of its regulator, the New Orleans City Council?

MR. OLSON:
Objection, Your Honor. That calls
for legal conclusion.
JUDGE GULIN:
I think he can answer that question.
I don't think that requires --
MR. BROWN:
I think we'd have a problem if he could not answer that question.
MR. CUREINGTON:
I'm certainly not going to suggest
that we would not comply with the Council's directions.

EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. And as you take it, those orders are generally expressed in the form of City Council
resolutions?
A. That's my understanding.
Q. You're aware that in April of 2017, the Council passed a resolution approving the Energy Smart programs for years seven through nine?
A. I am aware that they passed a resolution that approved the programs and the savings levels that we identified for program years seven through nine, but they deferred on specific budgets necessary to get there.
Q. And, in fact, just last week, they approved the budgets?
A. That is correct. They did approve the budgets.
Q. So it's fair to say now the programs and the budgets have been approved?
A. Yes, as of today, that's correct.
Q. And you agree that the years seven through nine programs, if implemented effectively by Entergy New Orleans, would roughly double the program's energy savings; is that correct?
A. I would agree that if we could achieve it, it would roughly double the savings
rate that we've achieved to date, however, that is a very aggressive target. And as I indicated, we've been at this for six years now and have been unable to exceed .4 percent savings per year. And so while we've targeted to achieve that and will do our best, just because the program design group has identified a plan to try to get there doesn't mean as the long-term planner, I can assume that's achievable for the next 20 years.
Q. And you'd agree that those years seven through nine, the specific programs that the Council approved, were the ones that were consistent with meeting or being on the road to meet that 2 percent energy efficiency goal?
A. So you referred to the Council's orders earlier and my understanding is the Council has ordered us to increase -- target an increase in the savings rate of 0.2 percent per year, and so that's what the plan that we proposed attempts to do, but, again, it's not a guarantee. It's just being consistent with the Council's directive.
Q. Gotcha. And I was only asking you about what the plan says, not -- I think you've
already made clear the caveats as to what you think is achievable.

And you'd agree that this resolution was passed in April of 2017, which was three months before Entergy New Orleans filed its supplemental and amending application in this case in July of 2017?

MR. OLSON:
The application of which?
MR. BROWN:
The one that we're here -- This docket is all about the application to build a New Orleans Power Station.

MR. OLSON:
Fair enough. Energy Smart applications?

MR. BROWN:
Yes.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. And my question, just to go back, was that that resolution that we were just discussing, you and $I$, about the program years seven through nine, that was passed three months before Entergy filed its supplemental and amending application in this docket; is
that correct? And you filed your supplemental testimony in this docket?
A. Yes. Just to be clear, the resolution you're referred to was in a separate docket, but, yes, it was passed prior to us filing our supplemental application in this docket.
Q. And that in April of 2017 when that resolution was passed, this is the resolution relating to the years seven through nine programs, this document was, in fact, stayed precisely so that, in part, you could consider the implications of your declining load forecast. Is that correct?
A. I'm sorry. It's a little hard without the resolution to be sure what you're referring to. I don't know if you have a --
Q. I do have a copy. I don't think we need to get into that.

I'm just asking you April 2017, what was going on at that point was that you were considering the implications of your declining load forecast. This docket was stayed, was it not, in April 2017? Or do you not know?

JUDGE GULIN:

You're asking a bunch --
MR. CUREINGTON:
Yeah. I'm confused.
JUDGE GULIN:
-- of different questions. Let's
stick with one question. Start from the beginning. What is your question?
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. In April of 2017, do you agree that this docket was stayed?
A. I don't recall the exact date, but I know that it was earlier this year when the Council stayed this docket.
Q. We don't need to get into this for right now.

And that when the case was stayed, it was stayed, in part, so that you could consider the implications -- Entergy New Orleans asked for the stay to consider the implications of its declining load forecast?
A. I'm sorry. Are you asking me?
Q. Yes. That was the reason it was stayed?
A. Yeah, that was the reason why we asked the Council for the stay.
Q. And if you had wanted to, you could have included program years seven through nine, those demand-side management reductions, in your application that you filed in July; is that correct?
A. I'm sorry. What do you mean by "include"?
Q. You could have included in your load forecast, your referenced load forecast, assumptions that reflected decrements to load due to implementing effectively the program years seven through nine targets?
A. So as I've described earlier, we've already included decrements associated with the savings rate we've been able to achieve today, so I don't have a basis --
Q. And I'm not asking about those.
A. Right. But I don't have a basis to have included the decrements that you asked specifically about.
Q. But you could have at that point?
A. Well, as a responsible resource planner, I need to include things that I know we can rely on. And at this point, while we will target to achieve those savings, I can't
rely on that, and, more importantly, I can't say that it's achievable for the next 20 years.
Q. But if the City Council had specifically asked you to include those, you could have?
A. I'm sorry. I'm still confused by your question.
Q. We'll move on. We'll move on.

By the way, do you expect the -- Let me step back.

Entergy Services, Inc., comes out with annual updates to its load forecast; is that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. And these load forecast updates generally occur in the early part of the year?
A. Generally speaking, that's correct.
Q. Do you expect the business plan 2018 updates to reflect the energy savings from the program years seven through nine?
A. I don't yet know what it will
include because I have not had those discussions yet with the load forecasting group.
Q. Will you commit today to provide
that load forecast, the business plan 2018 update, to the Council when it is issued the same way you did with the business plan '17 update?

MR. OLSON:
Objection. That's a confusing question. JUDGE GULIN.

Overruled.
If you can, answer the question. MR. CUREINGTON:

So I'm not sure what you mean by "provide," but we certainly are transparent about our load forecasting process as indicated earlier when we, you know, asked for permission to stay this proceeding and shared the updated load forecast. So I have no reason to believe that we would do anything different going forward. I just don't know when that forecast may be available.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. But it's your testimony that when it comes out, you will attempt to -- you will disclose it to the City Council?
A. Well, I can't testify to that personally, but I have no reason to believe that once a new forecast is available, that we would not share that with our regulator.
Q. Did the City Council, to your knowledge, ever order Entergy New Orleans to run a production cost model of -- that included -- that reflected the 2 percent demand-side management target and the transmission upgrades required in the absence of the gas plant, NOPS?
A. I'm not aware of any Council order that requires us to do such.
Q. In November 2016, you filed supplemental testimony in this case; is that right?
A. That's correct.
Q. And you testified that the purpose of that -- the main purpose of that testimony was to provide production cost modeling results of four portfolios that the City Council had ordered Entergy New Orleans to run; is that correct?
A. My memory is a little gray in that respect, but, generally speaking, I do recall
that what the Council's advisors recommended we evaluate was ultimately, I believe, included in one of the Council's resolutions.
Q. And do you recall the details of those four portfolios that you had been ordered to run?
A. I'm sorry. The details? What details are you referring to?
Q. The specific parameters of those four portfolios, what inputs you were supposed to have made in the production cost model?
A. So there were a number of inputs. So, no, I can't recall all of them off the top of my head here.
Q. Do you recall that they were contained in a letter from the City Council advisors dated September 19th, 2016?
A. I don't recall the letter specifically.
Q. I'd like to turn to your testimony from November 2016, page 2, and line 7 is where I'd like to start. And I'd like you to just read those first two sentences to yourself. You don't have to read them aloud.
A. I'm sorry. Which page?
Q. Page 2 of your November 2016 testimony.
A. I'm sorry. What references?
Q. I'm sorry. It's -- Line 7 is where we start and go to line 14.
A. Okay.
Q. And specifically I want to draw your attention to lines starting on line 13 through 14. You say -- or starting on line 12, you say, The four proposed Aurora XMP electric market modeling production runs requested by the Council's advisors on September 19th, 2016. (As read.)
A. I see the reference.
Q. Does that refresh your recollection as to where these production -- these four portfolios, these four portfolios you were asked to run, came from from the advisors' September 19th, 2016, communication?
A. Yes, that's what I understand.
Q. And, Mr. Cureington, I'd like to show you what is the Council advisors' response to the Alliance for Affordable Energy's discovery request.

MR. BROWN:

We'll mark this as Sierra Club 5. I believe that's the number we're on. JUDGE GULIN:

Just give him a moment.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. And I'm going to have you turn to the last page.

JUDGE GULIN:
Identified and marked as SC No. 5.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. Now, this chart was provided to -The Alliance for Affordable Energy asked specifically for that communication, that September 19th, 2016 communication. I'd like you to turn to the last page, which shows a chart that says, Alternate runs to inform counsel on pending and upcoming decisions. (As read.)
A. I'm there.
Q. Have you seen this chart before? And take your time to look at it just to make sure.
A. Well, I don't recall whether I've seen this chart specifically. There was an exhibit to my testimony that looked similar to

1
this that summarized the request that the advisors made.
Q. Would you agree -- I'd like to turn your attention to Case No. 2, which as you'll see in the subheading is meant to -- informs Council decision on the combustion turbine. I'd like you to review Case 2 for me, please. And when you're done, just poke your head up.
A. Okay.
Q. Is it fair to say included in Case No. 2 are the assumptions related to the -- Let me rephrase that. I'm sorry.

Is it fair to say that this case,
Case 2, asked you to do a production cost model of a portfolio that would include the following items, and I'm going take all of them one by one and just yes or no to each.

Transmission upgrades to remain NERC compliant absent NOPS?
A. I see the reference.
Q. The 100 megawatts of renewable capacity?
A. I see that reference, too.

JUDGE GULIN:
I'm a little confused now. What
question are you answering when you say that you see the reference? Are you saying that this is accurate, that this is an accurate representation of what was, in fact, requested? Or are you merely saying that you're reading the chart?

MR. CUREINGTON:
I'm merely reading the chart.
JUDGE GULIN:
I'm sorry. I just wanted to be
clear on that. So you can proceed.
MR. BROWN:
Yes, Your Honor, and at this point, that's all I'm asking him for. JUDGE GULIN:

Okay. That's what $I$ wasn't sure of.
Thank you.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. It also includes, towards the bottom, any likely power purchase agreement or combined heat and power resources?
A. Yes, I see the reference.
Q. And at the very bottom, it says, Including, as appropriate, battery storage?
(As read.)
A. Yes, I see the reference.
Q. And in the middle of the chart, it
says, The demand reductions from meeting the Council's 2 percent energy efficiency target? (As read.) That would be the sixth, I believe the sixth row down.
A. Yes, I see the reference.
Q. And you never ran this particular production cost model run, did you?
A. I can't say specifically if all of these factors were addressed, but as I indicated earlier, I summarized in the testimony what was included in the runs that we conducted.
Q. In fact, let's take a look at that testimony, Exhibit SEC-8.

JUDGE GULIN:
Are you finished with this exhibit?
MR. BROWN:
Not quite yet, Your Honor.
JUDGE GULIN:
Okay.
MR. CUREINGTON:
I don't know if $I$ have a copy of

Exhibit 8.
MR. BROWN:
This is in your November 2016
testimony that we were just referring to earlier.

MR. CUREINGTON:
okay.
MR. BROWN:
It's one of your exhibits.
MR. CUREINGTON:
Okay. I'm there.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. Now, this is a similar looking chart to the one that we just looked at; is that correct?
A. Similar in what respect?
Q. In that it lays out four portfolios that you ran or intended to run?
A. No. I wouldn't agree with that. It just simply summarizes the request that was made and we certainly modeled four cases in this particular piece of analysis. But I just don't know if this is consistent with everything $I$ outlined in the table in my testimony that --
Q. And you'll agree at the bottom right corner below the chart, it says "Revision 01"; is that correct?
A. I see the reference.
Q. And if you look at Case No. 2, it does not include the 2 percent energy -Council's 2 percent energy efficiency goal; is that correct?
A. I do not see a reference to the goal. That's correct.
Q. And it does not -- Case No. 2 did not include battery resources; is that correct?
A. I do not see a reference to battery resources.
Q. Mr. Cureington, were you ever given the document that we read through first, the one that's marked Sierra Club Exhibit 5?
A. I'm sorry. I don't know that it's marked. Is that what you handed to me earlier?
Q. Yes. Have you ever seen that chart that we read through first?
A. As I indicated earlier, I can't say specifically whether $I$ had or not. It looks similar to what was attached to my testimony, but --
Q. But it's not the same as the one in your testimony?
A. It does not appear to be.
Q. Somewhere along the line, it could have gotten changed?
A. Well, so the only thing that I can testify to is what's attached to my testimony. So this was provided, I believe, you said through discovery; is that correct?
Q. Yes.
A. Yes. So I don't know that I ever saw this.
Q. And I'm not asking you right now to authenticate that document since you haven't seen it.

MR. BROWN:
I'd just like to mark that for cross purposes at the moment. That's subject to potential revision.

JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. So right now, it's being
admitted for cross purposes only.
Ms. Hand, did you need
clarification?
MS. HAND:

I do. Was that marked for purposes of cross-examination or admitted?
JUDGE GULIN:
It's admitted for cross purposes only at this point.
MR. BROWN:
Thank you, Mr. Cureington.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. Now, I do want to get back to the question that we had started a little discussion on earlier about battery storage. You did run one case in this docket where you paired a battery with the combustion turbine portfolio; is that correct?
A. I recall that we included batteries in Case 4.
Q. I want to turn -- And, actually, before we get there, it was a hundred megawatt battery as far as you recollect; right?
A. That sounds consistent.
Q. You never looked at doing a battery on its own without the gas-fired peaker?
A. So --
Q. And, again, I should clarify, in this docket after you got through the IRP
screening, you never looked at it?
A. Well, I'm sorry, this Case 4
includes batteries, but your question was -I'm sorry. Could you restate specifically?
Q. Yeah. Battery as an alternative to the gas-fired peaker rather than as a supplemental resource, that is, an addition to that?
A. No. As I discussed earlier, we don't believe that batteries are an alternative to NOPS simply because they're nothing more than a way to store electricity. They still require a source of generation, and once the battery has been discharged, you no longer have any energy unless you have another source of generation to charge it. So it would not have met the identified needs.
Q. I'd like to turn to your Table 2 on page 8 of your -- again, we're still on your November 2016 testimony.

MR. EDWARDS:
I'm sorry. What page?
MR. BROWN:
Page 8, Table 2 of the November 2016 testimony of Mr. Cureington.

EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. Okay. And I want to look at Case 4.

This has the levelized real cost summaries.
Now, in Case 4, is it correct that the battery
storage option is estimated at a cost of \$142 million?
A. So that reference is to a levelized real discounted value --
Q. Yes.
A. -- not a nominal installed cost value?
Q. Exactly, yeah.

And you'd agree that that's what that represents, a hundred forty-two million dollars?
A. In levelized real NPV terms, correct.
Q. And that the combustion turbine was \$182 million in levelized real terms, two rows above it?
A. Yes. I see the reference.
Q. Are you aware of the levelized real cost of the reciprocating engine units, the similar figure for that?
A. I'm sorry. What similar figure?
Q. For the levelized real cost of installing the reciprocating engines in this case?
A. I mean, we --
Q. They were not evaluated in the table, were they? Right?
A. That's what I was going to say is that, yeah, the reciprocating engines were not contemplated at the time we filed this piece of testimony.

And I should also clarify that the reference you made earlier to the difference between the installed cost of NOPS and batteries is a function of when you assume those batteries and the generator were installed, which were different. And so the discounting process, the time value to money, is such that there were a variety of things that were different around the assumptions for those two resources.
Q. I appreciate that clarification. I would like to turn -- You have Joseph Rogers' testimony in front of you, I believe. If you turn to Table 1, which is on page 28. Okay?
A. Okay.
Q. And do you agree that just looking at Case 1, it lists the RICE alternative fixed cost as $\$ 214$ million net present value?
A. I see the reference.
Q. Do you have any reason to dispute that figure?
A. No, I do not.
Q. Now, Mr. Cureington, it's part of your job, is it not, to follow developments in the utility sector?
A. Generally speaking.
Q. Technological developments, new projects?
A. General speaking, I would agree with that.
Q. Entergy New Orleans tries to be current with what other utilities around the country are doing; is that correct?
A. I'm sorry. What do you mean by "tries to be current"?
Q. Tries to stay up to date, to be informed as to what other utilities around the country are doing?
A. Yes. We certainly do our own review of what is happening, naturally, but we also
rely on our service company and the planning organization to do a lot of that work on our behalf as well.
Q. Okay. And have you heard of the

Aliso Canyon case in California in which
Southern California Edison earlier in this year installed 70 megawatts of energy storage in less than six months?
A. I'm sorry. It sounded like there were several questions.
Q. I was just asking --
A. You first asked it --
Q. -- are you aware of that case, the Aliso Canyon case in which in January of this year, Southern California Edison installed 70 megawatts of storage capacity in six months?

MR. OLSON:
Objection; assumes facts not in evidence.
JUDGE GULIN:
He's just asking him if he's aware of it.

You can state if you're aware of it and agree with every premise to the question.

MR. CUREINGTON:
So while I don't know the specific details of what you described, I'm generally aware of the Aliso Canyon issue that arose in California and then the California Public Utility Commission's storage mandate that arose as a result of that.

EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. Are you aware of Tesla's recent installation of a hundred megawatt -- hundred twenty-nine megawatt hour battery in Australia that it completed in just 100 days?
A. I'm not specifically aware of that project.
Q. Are you aware of Duke Energy in Florida which recently committed to build 50 megawatts of storage, along with 700 megawatts of solar to replace a nuclear power plant?
A. Well, I'm not aware of the specific numbers you cited. I was aware that they were evaluating their options as a result of canceling the nuclear facility.
Q. Are you aware that Duke Energy in

North Carolina is installing two separate battery systems at present?
A. I'm sorry. Which specific battery systems?
Q. It's installing two different systems in the State of North Carolina. Are you aware of it or not?
A. Generally speaking, I have seen things in the trade press about that, but I don't know the specifics of those projects.
Q. Are you aware of the fact that Tucson Electric Power recently purchased a hundred megawatt solar ray and a 30 megawatt battery at one of the lowest costs ever recorded, 1.5 cents per kilowatt hour for the storage portion?

MR. OLSON:
Again, objection; assumes facts not in evidence, of all the specifics of this case --
JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. I think the witness is doing a good job of indicating whether he's even heard of these things. And then, if he has heard of it, he's certainly not
endorsing all the specifics that are part of the question.

So you can continue answering the questions in that manner.

MR. CUREINGTON:
Yes, that was a well publicized announcement and I am aware of the announcement, but I'm just not aware of the specifics.

MR. BROWN:
And I should just clarify, if you object to any of the specifics or if you're not aware of them, feel free to make that clear. I'm not asking you to agree with everything I say.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. Are you aware of the fact that Portland General Electric is planning to install 39 megawatts of storage at a cost as low as $\$ 50$ million?
A. I'm not aware of the cost, but I was aware that they have been evaluating storage alternatives.
Q. Have you reviewed the December 2016 Lazard study of the cost of storage?
A. I'm sorry. Do you have that study here today? I don't know specifically --
Q. I don't have a copy of it. It was referenced in Robert Fagan's testimony, but I'm just asking if you've read it?
A. I have reviewed Lazard studies previously. I just didn't know in the case of the 2015 study, if I reviewed that exact study.
Q. But you never looked at doing batteries or battery plus solar as a standalone option in this case?

MR. OLSON:
Objection; asked and answered.
MR. BROWN:
I'll move on, Your Honor.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. Okay, Mr. Cureington, you project a -- In the latest -- In the supplemental and amending application, you project a capacity, a total capacity need for Entergy New Orleans of 99 megawatts in 2026; is that correct?
A. That would be the first half of the planning horizon, approximately 99 megawatts of an overall capacity need, but that does not include our supply role needs.
Q. Do you know what would happen, how that 99 megawatt capacity need would change if you had used the 2 percent DSM assumption in your load forecast?
A. We provided a load forecast that assumed the Council's 2 percent goal was achievable.
Q. And -- Sorry. I didn't mean to cut you off.
A. I was just going to say, so that's already evidence in the case. I don't recall exactly, if your question is in 2026, what that impact was.
Q. Okay. We'll get to that in one second.

That 99 megawatts does not yet assume the installation of the hundred megawatts of planned solar; is that correct?
A. No, that's not correct. It does include.
Q. It does?
A. Yes. The load and capability forecast that we produced includes the planned resource -- I'm sorry. You mean before any planned resources?
Q. (Nods head affirmatively.)
A. Subject to check, if your reference does not include any planned resources, then, no, it would not include solar.
Q. And I don't believe it does.
A. Right.
Q. And so the hundred megawatts of
solar for resource adequacy purposes are assumed at a capacity factor of 50 percent?
A. Yes.
Q. Of a nameplate capacity?
A. Yes. We assumed 50 percent capacity credit towards solar in the load and capability forecast consistent with MISO's assumptions.
Q. And so assuming that they were installed --
A. That was --
Q. -- by 2026 --
A. I'm sorry. I was just going to say that's for purposes of resource adequacy -Q. Yes.
A. -- and I wouldn't want folks to think I'm offering an opinion on whether or not that's adequate for transmission plans.
Q. No. And I know Mr. Long has a
different impression of that and you've already said you're not testifying to transmission planning in these hearings, so I'm not assuming that.

So that would be -- For resource adequacy purposes, that would be an additional 50 megawatts that could be subtracted from the total capacity need in 2026 ?
A. You could certainly do that math, but, again, solar resources wouldn't meet the identified need, so I don't agree that that's the right way to look at it.
Q. Okay. Noted. And if you did that math, though, you'd end up with 49 megawatts of capacity need?
A. So, again, you're looking at the first half of the planning horizon --
Q. Yes.
A. -- and as a resource planner, I need to be looking at a long-term horizon consistent with both the life span of all of these alternatives, not just NOPS, so that you have a consistent starting point for the evaluation.
Q. But you'd agree for that first half? We get into the second half later, but the
first half, that effective capacity of 50 megawatts would be subtracting that from 99 megawatts would leave a total capacity need of 49 megawatts?
A. So, again, you could do that math, but I don't agree with that approach. MR. BROWN:

Your Honor, I would like to get into one HSPM exhibit. This probably would be the time to clear the room.

JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. We are going to get into now some highly sensitive materials, and I have to ask those who have not signed the confidentiality agreement to please leave the room at this time. We don't anticipate it to be too long, and we will call you back after we've completed this section of the examination.

Okay. We'll mark this as SC No. 5
-- No, No. 6.
MR. BROWN:
Actually, Your Honor, before we do that, this is actually attached to an existing exhibit, Victor Prep's direct



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Q. Okay.

MR. BROWN:
Your Honor, I think we can bring folks back in.
JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. If we someone would do that for us, we'd appreciate it. And that will end the executive session and the segregation and sealing that section of the transcript.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. Mr. Cureington, if the company overestimates its load, one possible outcome of that is it may have or build more capacity than it needs to serve that load?
A. Yes. However, the opposite's true as well. If we underforecast, we could also be short. And that's the point behind the load forecasting process is to try to forecast the
load so that you minimize the likelihood of that occurrence.
Q. Certainly. But your load forecasts have been off previously?
A. I'm sorry. What do you mean by "off"?
Q. They came in higher than the actual load proved to be?
A. So the forecasts we've referred to earlier were 20-year forecasts. The information we received through historical sales and peak load certainly changed and that influenced additional forecasts that were produced as a result of that.
Q. And that Entergy New Orleans customers will have to pay for the capital costs of new capacity projects, regardless of how much those resources are used by Entergy New Orleans?
A. I'm not following your question. I'm sorry. Can you restate it?
Q. Sure. Entergy New Orleans customers have to pay for the company's capital cost of building generating resources regardless of how much those generating resources are actually
used; is that right?
A. By "used," what do you mean specifically?
Q. Dispatched.
A. So there are fixed and variable costs with all resources, and so my understanding is that the fixed costs would go into rates and the variable costs would flow through different mechanisms, but I'm not a rate expert. And what $I$ would say is that the usefulness of a resource is defined by whether we need it or not. And so you referenced whether MISO dispatches it, which is something that changes hour to hour, day to day, and what I've identified is a long-term capacity need.
Q. Yes. And my question was about Entergy New Orleans customers. It was not about how much Entergy needs the resource.
A. Well, no. When I say Entergy New Orleans, I mean Entergy New Orleans customers.
Q. I'd like you to turn to SEC-15 attached to your July 2017 testimony. I'm sorry. Your rebuttal testimony. A lot of testimonies filed in this case. This would have been in November of this year.
A. I'm sorry. Which page?
Q. Page 16.
A. I'm sorry?
Q. Page 16.
A. Sixty?
Q. Sixteen?
A. Oh, 16?
Q. Yeah. It would be page 38 of the PDF, the numbering in the top margin.
A. I'm sorry. Which exhibit?
Q. This is your Exhibit SEC-15 attached to your testimony.
A. I believe those are not in the document I have. I think they're on a CD.
(Mr. Guillot tenders document to witness.)
MR. CUREINGTON:
Okay. I'm on page 16.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. Now, on this page -- This is a report, is it not, that was issued by the MISO market, independent market monitor? Is that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. And you've reviewed this report? It
was attached to your testimony?
A. That's correct.
Q. On page 16, the IMM, the independent market monitor, says, if you look at the third paragraph, first sentence, Under a vertical demand curve, the cost of surplus must entirely be borne by the load-serving entities' retail customers because load-serving entities will generally receive very little capacity revenue to offset the cost that they incurred to build the resources. (As read.)

Now, Mr. Cureington, would you agree that what the market monitor is pointing to here is a risk, that ratepayers will bear the risk of overbuilding resources because the price that they can expect to receive on the capacity market is very low?
A. No, that's not my interpretation. My interpretation is the market monitor is simply talking about the inefficiencies of the existing one-year capacity market. But he also talks in here about how the reason that you typically don't see utilities wait until they are short is because there's a such a large penalty for being short when you have a
vertical demand curve. And so the point is that the market is simply inefficient, and that doesn't mean, though, that resources that we've identified here in this case, NOPS, are necessary just because of an inefficient market.
Q. But you'd agree that the independent market monitor, which is in charge of monitoring that market, is describing the market as it currently exists?
A. Yes, I think he is describing it as it currently exists, but, I'm sorry, I just don't think it's appropriate to draw the conclusion that simply because you have an inefficient capacity market, that the resource needs that we've identified to support NOPS are somehow in question.
Q. In your production cost modeling of the combustion turbine and the reciprocating engine units, you're projecting that they will make capacity sales?
A. I'm sorry. When you say "capacity sales," could you clarify?
Q. Yes. You're projecting that they will sell some portion of their capacity on the

MISO market; is that correct?
A. I'm sorry. Who is "they"?
Q. Those resources, Entergy New Orleans will sell a portion of their capacity on the MISO capacity market. You're projecting that they will be receiving a payment for their capacity?
A. So we bid all of our resources into the capacity market and so to the extent they clear the market, yes.
Q. And that would be the same market that's being described here?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. Thank you.

And you'd agree at some point, would you not, that there's a risk of overbuilding capacity? For instance, you're not proposing to build 800 megawatts of peakers at Michoud, are you?
A. No, we're not.
Q. And there would be a risk to doing that?
A. So -- We wouldn't propose to build more than our needs would support. So I would agree that if a utility were proposing to build
more than their needs would justify, that that would be unreasonable.
Q. Now, this gets us a little bit into the MISO capacity market. To be clear, in your modeling in this case, your assumption is that the MISO capacity market purchase resource auction price will approach equilibrium in 2022?
A. So our assumption is that it would approach equilibrium, but that's based on the information that I rely on from MISO, OMS survey, NERC's long-term resource assessment, IHS, SERA, and our own planning organization's evaluation.
Q. So you would disagree with the independent market monitor that there's a substantial risk that the price would be low?
A. No. I wouldn't disagree with that. What I'm trying to say is, is that an inefficient market doesn't mean that you won't approach equilibrium. It simply means that as long as there is surplus, it will put downward pressure on prices, but equilibrium is -- when it happens is going to be very unpredictable, and so all we know is that the existing
resources that are committed today are retiring faster than new resources are coming online. And so with that trend, you would expect that prices would rise.
Q. But you are not considering a scenario that -- Let me step back.

There's a scenario that you -- your assumption that the market will rise to equilibrium by 2022?
A. That's consistent with the information from MISO, NERC, and IHS.
Q. You also have run a sensitivity in which the capacity price would be at 60 percent of that price, in other words, 60 percent of the equilibrium price?
A. That's correct, as recommended by the advisors, consistent with, I understand, Patrick Luckow's analysis.
Q. You've never -- In your modeling in this case, you've never run a scenario in which the capacity price would be below 60 percent of equilibrium price?
A. No. I wouldn't have a basis to do that. All of the indications we have continue to indicate that the projected surplus will
decline. And if you defer action until you figure out whether it actually does and it does occur, then you'll be reacting at a time when the price is much higher, possibly as high as the cost of new entry, and at that point, it's too late. As the IMM indicates, the costs of that deficiency are large.
Q. To be clear, though, in a
statistical sense, you've assigned the probability of the market reaching a clearing price that is less than 60 percent of equilibrium, you've assigned that a zero percent chance?
A. I wouldn't agree with that because we didn't do a statistical evaluation.
Q. You didn't even evaluate it?
A. Well, no. As I indicated, we don't have a basis to evaluate it.
Q. And you didn't evaluate it?
A. Correct. We did not evaluate it simply because the information we have would not lead us, you know, to conclude that that's necessary.
Q. Let's be clear about something, Mr. Cureington. The MISO planning resource
auction capacity price has not reached equilibrium in the past, has it?
A. I'm sorry. What MISO capacity market are you referring to? There's a clearing price for each zone.
Q. Load Zone 9.
A. For Load Zone 9, we have not reached the cost of new entry or equilibrium, however, historical auction clearing prices are not an indication of future auction clearing prices. They are just an indication of the dynamics of the market in the year in which that auction was conducted.
Q. In Load Zone 9, the MISO purchase resource auction capacity price has never reached 60 percent of the equilibrium price; is that correct?

MR. OLSON:
Your Honor, just to be clear, he's referring to the purchase resource auction. I'm not sure that's correct.

MR. BROWN:
I apologize. The planning resource auction.

MR. CUREINGTON:

Okay. No. Zone 9 has not reached -- I'm sorry. Your question was whether it reached the cost of new entry? EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. First I asked you before about cost of new entry, you said no, it hadn't. And I'm asking you now about the 60 percent sensitivity, has it ever reached that price?
A. Since we joined MISO in 2013, no, the clearing price has not reached 60 percent of the cost of new entry because there is a surplus today. And because of that surplus, market prices are depressed.
Q. And so to be clear, the most likely -- what you're considering the most likely scenario is one that has never occurred before?
A. So what I'm considering is all of the information available from all of the entities that focus on resource adequacy and all of those entities indicate that the surplus is projected to decline. And our forecast that prices will increase as you approach equilibrium is consistent with that.
Q. In the year and a half that this
docket has unspooled, you have not changed your analysis of the MISO capacity market; is that correct?
A. I'm sorry. What was the word you used? The what?
Q. In the year and a half in which the proceedings in this docket have taken place, you have not changed your forecast of the MISO capacity market?
A. We've had no basis upon which to do that despite more recent surveys and assessments from MISO and NERC that continue to indicate the surplus is expected to decline.
Q. I'd like you to turn to, again, Mr. Rogers' testimony, Table 3, page 33.
A. Okay.
Q. And you agree that Table 3 shows the MISO planning resource auction clearing price for Load Zone 9 both in dollar figures and as a percentage of cost for new entry?
A. Yes.
Q. And would you agree that that price in the years listed here has never risen above 7 percent of cost for new entry?
A. Yes, as I indicated, that's because
there is a surplus today.
Q. And the latest price was 1 percent of cost of new entry?
A. I see the reference.
Q. And it has remained at 1 percent the last three years?
A. I see the reference.
Q. And we are now -- Since this case started, we are now a year and a half closer to the doomsday equilibrium date in 2022.

MR. OLSON:
Objection; argumentative.
JUDGE GULIN:
Rephrase.
MR. BROWN:
I appreciate it, Your Honor.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. We are now a year and a half closer to 2022; is that correct?
A. With respect to the auction before the most recent. Is that your question?
Q. Yes.
A. Yes.
Q. And you have not changed your forecast?
A. The information that I rely on to support the forecast has not changed, so, no, I have not changed the forecast.
Q. I'd like to turn back to your SEC-15, the page before the one we were looking at, which was page 15.
A. Okay.
Q. Okay. And, again, this is the MISO independent market monitor in this section discussing features of the planning resource auction capacity market. Do you agree with that?
A. I'm sorry. What specific --
Q. In Section $F$ ?
A. Okay.
Q. You've reviewed this report; that's
correct?
A. Correct.
Q. And in this section, the independent market monitor is discussing features of the planning resource auction; is that correct?
A. I believe he's explaining what he thinks is the reasons why a slope to demand curve would be more appropriate than the current vertical demand curve.
Q. And just if you look at that section, slope to demand curve, the sentence that begins "The implication" there. The independent market monitor states, The implication of the vertical demand curve is that the last megawatt -- Oh, I'm sorry. I'd actually like to go up. Let's do the second sentence.

The marginal cost of selling
capacity for most units is close to zero, so a vertical demand curve will predictably establish clearing prices close to zero if supply is not withheld. (As read.)

Would you agree that that statement by the independent market monitor is saying under current market design with a vertical demand curve, prices will predictably be close to zero?
A. So his analysis is based on the fact that there is a surplus, and so in that circumstance, I would agree that's why we find ourselves where we're at today. However, he also goes on to say that the market doesn't reflect the true reliability value of capacity because of that in advocating for a slope
demand curve.
Q. Exactly. And if the market is undervaluing capacity, doesn't that make it a good deal?
A. I'm sorry. What do you mean "good deal"?
Q. If Entergy New Orleans is seeking to buy capacity and there's a market that is undervaluing that good, doesn't that make it a bargain?
A. Well, if your objective was to only meet needs one year at a time, that might be the case, but I don't agree that that's a good bargain to meet long-term needs.
Q. If the market remained at that level, if you could predict that the market will remain at that level for more than a year, would that change your answer?
A. No, it wouldn't.
Q. Mr. Cureington, is Entergy New Orleans willing to guarantee to ratepayers that the MISO capacity price will reach equilibrium if the Council approves this project? Will it hold ratepayers harmless if the MISO capacity clearing price does not reach equilibrium?
A. I'm sorry. When you say "hold harmless," what do you mean specifically?
Q. Will the company assume the risk that the capacity market will not reach equilibrium?
A. So I can't -- I can't specifically discuss what the company might agree to, but generally speaking, we don't guarantee those types of things. We simply plan to meet long-term needs based on the best available information that we have.
Q. Mr. Cureington, in this application, you did not include any production cost modeling portfolio or any portfolio in your production cost modeling that incorporated a demand response option; is that correct?
A. So I'm sorry. Production cost modeling on demand response? That's not --
Q. Yeah. It would be a portfolio that included demand response to meet a portion of the peaking capacity need.
A. So we've evaluated a demand response at several different steps starting with the IRP.
Q. If you have that --
A. I'm sorry. But the reason I wanted to clarify your question is because demand response will reduce the peak, but it doesn't have energy value. So you mentioned production cost modeling. So those two things don't really comport.
Q. Yeah. And when I use that in this case, I mean just sort of an economic analysis, the total cost of --
A. We certainly have looked at the impact a demand response could have on our long-term needs, however, we just don't have a basis based on those evaluations to conclude that we can use demand response to meet the need that exists today because you have to understand, the demand response takes time to accumulate. And all of the studies that have been conducted for us show that while there is potential, it would take a very long time to achieve -- more specifically, 10 to 20 years in order to get to the level of demand response that we need to even get close to the needs we've identified.
Q. Well, let's start with this. Let's start with the IRP. In the IRP, it's correct
that we found that about 50 megawatts of incremental demand response potential could be achieved in Entergy New Orleans service territory by 2019; is that correct?
A. I believe you're referencing something from my direct testimony; is that correct?
Q. Where I'm referencing it from is we discussed it in your deposition.
A. Okay. So assuming that's what $I$ was referring to, which is where I recall the reference, that was in reference to what ICF -which is the consultant we've hired in the IRP proceeding -- to conduct a DSM potential study. That's what ICF indicated might be achievable by 2019, but that's in isolation, looking just at demand response.

And the Council's own requirements and our planning objectives dictate that we look at both DSM and supply-side alternatives on an equal footing, and so I made that reference just to make it clear that even if we ignored supply-side alternatives, there's not enough demand-side management available in time to meet this need within a reasonable time
frame.
I just think it's important to
understand that ICF was hired to look solely at DSM in isolation and the Council's IRP requirements require that we then take those results and put them on an equal footing with supply-side alternatives. And the IRP did not conclude that 50 megawatts was available by 2019.
Q. But ICF concluded that?
A. Yes, which is -- I wanted to just provide a conservative reference in the testimony to make clear that if you ignored supply-side alternatives, DSM in and of itself couldn't meet this need within a reasonable time frame.
Q. Well, if we assume that the capacity need is, say, more than 50 megawatts -- is that correct?
A. I'm sorry. What capacity need?
Q. If the capacity need at peak was 50 megawatts or less, it would be possible that demand response could meet that need?
A. I'm sorry. I'm not following what you mean by --
Q. If the company needed 50 megawatts of resources to meet its peaking demand, 50 megawatts of demand response is a dispatchable resource that could meet that need?
A. Okay. So I think you're asking me in a hypothetical --
Q. Yes.
A. -- if our needs were simply

50 megawatts of capacity, could the demand response resources I identified meet that?
Q. (Nods head affirmatively.)
A. I think it depends because that's why we have a supply role analysis. You know, base load, load following, and peaking and reserve supply roles are all very different. Base load being in a very energy intensive resource type or resource need which demand response could not meet. Demand response doesn't really provide any energy value. It just shifts a portion of your peak. And so if you're asking me specifically if demand response could meet a peaking need, it certainly could meet a peaking need generally, but in this case, it's not enough to meet the
need we've identified in order to defer or eliminate the need for NOPS.
Q. But you don't dispute if the need were 50 megawatts or less and ICF's forecast turned out to be true, you could meet that need with demand response?
A. So in your hypothetical, if our needs were only 50 megawatts and that need existed in the time frame that that demand response could be available, then I suppose that that would meet the need. But there's other benefits from having generation that demand response can't provide. And so that's a very important part of our story for this resource is that we've identified a number of circumstances that make it very compelling that we need a local source of generation in the absence of what we've had for the last four plus decades at Michoud.
Q. Do you recall that in the 2015 IRP, there was a chart that showed that demand response resources have a total benefit to cost ratio of 34.5 to one?
A. I don't remember the specific reference, but $I$ do recall the fact that we
evaluated each individual DSM measure's cost-benefit ratio in the IRP.
Q. But you did not revisit that in this application?
A. So without the specific reference, I can't be sure if you're talking about ICF study, which was in isolation, or subsequent steps in the IRP where we combined those alternatives together to come up with, you know, the optimal combination.
Q. I'm referring to the fact that in the course of this docket right here, not the IRP -- we just talked about the IRP -- you did not evaluate whether you could meet 50 megawatts of the capacity need using incremental demand response?
A. So I addressed it, but we didn't specifically evaluate it in an economic sense. We identified a need that was far more significant than that, and so the need exists now, not 10 or 20 years from now. So it's just not reasonable to have evaluated demand response in that text.
Q. Do you agree that ICF found that this 50 megawatts would be available by $2019 ?$
A. The 50 megawatts that I identified in testimony in isolation of supply-side alternatives, yes, but that's not how we conduct long-term planning.

JUDGE GULIN:
Mr. Brown, some time within the next few minutes -- five or ten minutes -- I'd like to take a break, so just let me know when you feel you've reached an actual break in your cross and then we will do that. Okay?
MR. BROWN:
I think two more questions and I'll be right there.

JUDGE GULIN:
Sure.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. So Entergy New Orleans owns agreements for -- presently owns agreements for about 20 megawatts of interruptible load; is that correct?
A. So we have a large industrial customer who is on an interruptible rate and that is approximately 20 to 23 megawatts of capacity that can be interrupted. I don't know
if that's what you're referring to, but that --
Q. Yes, sir. Yeah. So just to be clear, if ICF's
forecast turned out to be true and Entergy New Orleans pursued those 50 megawatts, the company could have available as much as 73 megawatts of demand response resources by 2019?
A. So it's important to understand that we've already accounted for the 23 megawatts that you referred to, and the need that I'm talking about is in addition to that. It's incremental to. So I wouldn't agree with the math. I mean, yes, if you just added the two resources together, it would be 73 megawatts.
Q. Yes. I'm just talking about the amount of demand response that would be in your stable of resources.
A. Sure. But I think it's important to understand that the need that we've identified it incremental to. It already accounts for the 23 megawatts of interruptible demand associated with that customer.

MR. BROWN:
Okay. Your Honor, we can take a break.

JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. Let's take a ten-minute break and resume at five after two.
(Whereupon a recess was taken.)
JUDGE GULIN:
Back on the record.
Mr. Brown.
MR. BROWN:
Thank you, Your Honor.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. Mr. Cureington, Charles Long -- Were you here yesterday or Friday when Charles Long testified?
A. Yes.
Q. And he testified that generally in the summertime, the peak in New Orleans occurs between around five to $7 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. Do you recall that?
A. As I recall, he clarified that it could occur earlier, but that, generally speaking, late afternoon to early evening was the time of our peak.
Q. Late afternoon, early evening.

And you don't have any reason to dispute that, do you?
A. Certainly not.
Q. At that time of day in summertime, it's normally daytime; is that correct?
A. Well, it can be if the peak occurs in the late afternoon, but if it occurs in the evening, no, it wouldn't be.
Q. Frequently in the summertime, 7 o'clock, it would still be daylight?
A. Somewhat.
Q. Now, MISO applies a 50 percent capacity credit to solar resources at least initially; is that correct?
A. Yes, initially, until there's data to back it up.
Q. And the reason for that capacity credit is to estimate the peak period contribution from the solar resource; is that correct?
A. So I think what MISO is trying to do is balance the fact that solar, because it's intermittent and relies on the sun, its production falls off typically when the utility's loads start to peak. However, I don't think we can assume that just because they have given it 50 percent capacity credit
that that means that they're confident that it will always be there every time it needs to be at 50 percent capacity factor. I think they're doing that for purposes of planning for resource adequacy. And so we have to make sure that we don't construe that to mean that you can guarantee that it would be there.
Q. And, in fact, MISO allows after a solar unit has built up a history for that credit to be either raised or lowered based on the actual output?
A. That's correct. Consistent with the fact that, you know, the sun's radiance is different in different parts of the United States.
Q. And, Mr. Cureington, you worked on Entergy New Orleans' one megawatt solar pilot project; is that correct?
A. Yes. I was responsible for leading the development of that project.
Q. I take it that that unit, if you will, is not being bid into MISO; is that correct?
A. That's correct. It's behind the meter.
Q. Has Entergy New Orleans developed an assumption as to the output at peak from those solar panels?
A. So the purpose of that project was to actually do research on both solar located within our service area as well as the ability of a battery which we have at the project also to back that up because we recognize that these resource alternatives, you know, might one day be cost effective. And so we wanted to endeavor in a pilot project to better understand what the potential actually is within our service area. But, no, the research is not yet complete.

So just to clarify, we didn't develop assumptions. We endeavored to conduct a pilot to do research to establish what was reasonable.
Q. You also supplied testimony before the City Council and Entergy New Orleans' application to build five megawatts of commercial rooftop solar in the city; is that correct?
A. Yes. I sponsored a piece of testimony in that proceeding.
Q. In the course of your work in that proceeding, have you developed any assumptions about the output of solar panels at peak in New Orleans?
A. So I didn't sponsor testimony specific to that in the case but at the same time, that wasn't, you know, the intent; right? The idea was -- is that we wanted to request approval of a new project recognizing the potential that this resource could have.
Q. Right. And I read your testimony and I know that wasn't the intent. But I'm asking if you ever did do that analysis?
A. I'm sorry. What analysis specifically?
Q. Whether you developed an -- either an assumption going forward or actual data as to the capacity output of the solar panels involved in the project at peak?
A. So we made an assumption, like we do today for any project that's not yet complete, as does MISO, on what the capacity credit is likely to be for those rooftop projects that we ask for approval of and that was included in the modeling, but those rooftop projects
certainly wouldn't be capable of 50 percent capacity factor.
Q. You haven't received the data from that project or obviously the project hasn't been approved yet?
A. No. I just know from experience that rooftop typically has a lower capacity factor by virtue of the fact that it's on a building and typically you have to face it in one direction, unlike utility scale ground mounted where you can install tracking technology to track the sun.
Q. Yeah. And in this case for the hundred megawatts of solar that is being assumed in each of your portfolios, would that be ground mounted tracking solar?
A. So we've evaluated both in the IRP. But, I'm sorry, are you asking about something else?
Q. Yeah. The hundred megawatts of solar that's been assumed in each of your portfolios in this case, can you describe what type of solar resource that would be?
A. Yeah. Generally speaking, it was assumed to be ground mounted solar, that's
correct, at Michoud, which is an impracticable assumption, but it was made to give, you know, those resources the benefit of the doubt.
Q. Would they be tracking?
A. To my recollection, yes, they would be.
Q. And $I$ believe in the one megawatt solar battery pilot project, the solar units are built specifically to be resilient against storms in that they can lie down; is that correct?
A. Yes. That was one of the design features that we incorporated into the project.
Q. In the hundred megawatts of new solar that Entergy is projecting that it could add, we're assuming that it would be ground mounted solar. Would it also have that feature of being able to lie down?
A. With the understanding that we haven't done any detailed design engineering, I think, generally speaking, you know, the industry recognizes that that is an important feature for projects on the Gulf Coast.
Q. Now, Mr. Cureington, I'd like to actually show you some of your testimony from
the five megawatt, the docket -- the testimony you submitted in that docket to the City Council. We'll pass it out as Sierra Club-6, I believe we're at.

I know people are still getting it, but, Mr. Cureington, if you could turn to page 5, that's what I'm looking at.
A. (Witness complies.)

JUDGE GULIN:
So this is marked as [SC-6.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. And, Mr. Cureington, this testimony was submitted to the City Council in October 2017; is that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. And at the bottom of page 5 of your testimony under Roman numeral No. 10, you reference the fact that Entergy New Orleans -earlier in the testimony you reference that Entergy New Orleans conducted an RFP in conjunction with this project. Have you --
A. I'm sorry. I just wanted to clarify. I don't know that that's my testimony. This looks more like the application.

MR. REED:
Yes.
(Whereupon a pause occurred in the proceedings.)
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. I'm sorry. I was looking at the wrong part. This would be page 8 of your testimony. It says the same thing as I was going to point out in the application.
A. Okay. So that's on the back of the very last page?
Q. Yeah. I'm sorry. Back page here. And this is Question 13. Was there robust participation in the 2016 renewables RFP. (As read.)

And your answer on page 8 is, ANSWER: Yes, to the extent that ENO received 17 proposals representing approximately 325 megawatts of total capacity. (As read.)

Is that your testimony? Did I read it accurately?
A. That sounds correct, yes.
Q. Now, Mr. Cureington, in your modeling in this case -- and moving back to this docket that we're in now.

JUDGE GULIN:
Are you finished with this?
MR. BROWN:
Yes, Your Honor.
JUDGE GULIN:
It's being offered for cross
purposes?
MR. BROWN:
Actually, given that it's the
witness's testimony and he's here, I'll offer it as substantive evidence.

JUDGE GULIN:
Is there any objection to that?
And, if so, would you want to adopt a more robust --

MR. OLSON:
Right. We would request optional completeness on this. It's just one page of testimony.
JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. So it will admitted under the condition you can provide the complete testimony.
MR. BROWN:
Sure.

JUDGE GULIN:
So it's conditional at this point.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. Now, Mr. Cureington, turning back to this docket, in your testimony, your assumption is that the total energy produced by rooftop solar systems in New Orleans will remain constant after 2021; is that correct?
A. So my testimony assumes in the economic analysis that the existing systems will continue to provide energy to offset load at their new and clean condition over the 20-year planning horizon, which assumes that customers will make the necessary investments to maintain those systems, including trimming the vegetation back to prevent shading.

MR. BROWN:
And, Your Honor, I'm sorry about this, but I'd like to close the room just for a moment to go through an HSPM exhibit.

JUDGE GULIN:
HSPM? Okay.
I'll ask those who have not signed the confidentiality agreement to please
leave the room at this time. We're not expecting a long delay.
MR. BROWN:
Yeah. It should only be a few questions.
JUDGE GULIN:
I assume you want this as SC-7?
MR. BROWN:
Yes, Your Honor.
Mr. Cureington, take your time to review it. I mostly want to focus on the chart on the second page of this -- on the last page of this.
MR. CUREINGTON: okay.






JUDGE GULIN:
We can invite everyone back into the room, please.

Thank you.
And we're back in regular session.
MR. BROWN:
Thank you, Your Honor.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. Mr. Cureington, you would agree that Louisiana is not the only state in the nation that has in recent years removed its tax incentives for solar?
A. I'm sorry. Do you have a specific example you want me to confirm?
Q. Sure. California. Have you studied California?
A. Not specifically.
Q. Would you agree that other states in the nation have also begun to reduce the tax incentives they offer customers for solar power?
A. I have seen reference to that, yes.
Q. I'd like to turn to SEC-18, which is an exhibit to your rebuttal testimony, and I'm looking at page 41.
A. Okay.
Q. And focused on -- Before I get to the Figure 3.15, I just want to confirm that you've read this report; is that correct?
A. Yes. This was attached as an exhibit to my testimony.
Q. Okay. And the Figure 3.15 here shows the cumulative installations of non-utility scale solar generation in the United States historically from 2010 to 2015 and also provides a forecast of what NERC believes is likely to occur up to 2021; is that correct?
A. At the time that the report was produced and as the footnote indicates, you know, this was based on a second quarter 2016 research report from Greentech Media, which has since been updated numerous times and is actually reflecting a decline in nonresidential PV for the first time.
Q. By "decline," you mean simply the rate of new installations has declined?
A. So there's two declines in the most recent report. There's the first ever actual retraction in 2017 in the growth by 17 percent.

In other words, the number of new systems actually declined 17 percent, and then they adjusted their forward looking forecast down significantly as well.
Q. No one is, to your knowledge, projecting that zero solar units will be installed on residential rooftops going forward?
A. So I think what's important to keep in mind is, is this is a very macro level view of what might happen nationally and what we're talking about what is likely to happen in New Orleans. So because this doesn't apply specifically to New Orleans, I don't think we can assume that just because any of these reports reflect a trend at the national level that that is true in New Orleans.
Q. Sure. But would you agree that looking at this chart contained in an exhibit to your testimony shows that residential solar installations increasing year over year through 2021?
A. Yes. As I indicated, this is an outdated reference point, though, that's been since changed.
Q. Is this report outdated in your estimation?
A. No. It wasn't at the time that I attached it to my testimony.
Q. But you're questioning whether the assumptions in 2016 still apply in 2017?
A. Well, not questioning. I'm just saying that NERC's own reference point here has been updated by Greentech Media reflecting that the residential solar installation companies nationally are facing significant challenges to acquire new customers and that's driven, in part, because they're facing increased costs associated with that market. And as a result, they're focusing more on higher profit margin areas of the country and not trying to grow their footprint nationally. And we see that bear out in the data and, in fact, we seen that in New Orleans. We've seen a decline in the number of installation companies that have a presence.
Q. But your testimony is starting in 2021, there would be zero incremental behind-the-meter capacity installed in New Orleans?
A. Yes. Because, effectively, the decline that is occurring today in New Orleans is an exponential decline and so it's reasonable to expect that at some point, that would level off to a de minimus amount, whether it's zero or five new systems a month. When you talk about the typical size of a residential rooftop system of five kW, you'd need 400 of those systems to equal one megawatt of capacity.
Q. Mr. Cureington, did you run any sensitivity -- other sensitivity to that analysis? Did you assign a probability to a scenario in which you were not correct about this?
A. I didn't run that specific
sensitivity. What I assumed is that by giving these existing systems the benefit of the doubt, that they would always contribute the level of energy that they are today at new and clean conditions for the next 20 years, that that, in effect, would take care of any minor growth that might occur in the number of new systems.
Q. But to be clear, in the load
forecast, for instance, that you use in this case, there are sensitivities of a higher end projection for load that's assigned a certain probability, there's a sensitivity for a low projection of load that's assigned a certain sensitivity, and you determine a reference case. You did not do that in the context of New Orleans behind-the-meter solar installations?

MR. OLSON:
Objection. That's a compound question.

JUDGE GULIN:
Well, I understood the question.
You can answer.
MR. CUREINGTON:
So you reference the upper and lower bound.

MR. BROWN:
Yes.
MR. CUREINGTON:
And that's exactly what $I$ was going to -- to clarify that I don't need to do the sensitivity that you referred to because what we're talking about is
decrements to load from new rooftop
systems that offset the decline in the efficiency of new systems as they degrade over time. And so the process we use to forecast load would account for the minor types of changes that you're talking about.
EXAMINATION BY MR. BROWN:
Q. But you did not run another
sensitivity in this case?
A. No. What I'm saying is the upper and lower bound would have captured the changes that you're contemplating with the sensitivity, rendering it moot.
Q. That's not how I interpreted what you were saying. Did you run multiple scenarios? Did you evaluate multiple scenarios as to the amount of rooftop solar that would be installed in New Orleans? Yes or no?
A. What I'm saying is that wasn't necessary based on the data we have.
Q. So you did not?
A. It wasn't necessary, so I did not.
Q. Thank you.

Mr. Cureington, you oversaw the 2015

IRP for Entergy New Orleans; is that correct?
A. Generally speaking, that's correct.
Q. And I believe in the 2015 IRP,

Entergy New Orleans identified a need of approximately 300 megawatts of capacity; is that correct?
A. So we identified several different needs in the IRP. I'm sorry. Which one are you referring to specifically?
Q. The peaking and reserve capacity need.
A. Yes, it was well over 300 megawatts over the planning horizon.
Q. Well over 300. Okay.

You've also testified at another point that you felt you were ordered by the City Council to evaluate a local peaking resource of at least a hundred twenty megawatts; is that correct?
A. I'm sorry. You said did I testify to that?
Q. Yes. We can turn to your testimony if you like. Your supplemental and amending direct, July 2017, I believe page 19. If you look at lines -- starting at line 16.
A. Okay.
Q. As previously discussed in ENO's original application, the Council has already ordered ENO in Resolution 15-524 to use reasonable diligent efforts to pursue the development of at least 120 megawatts of new build peaking generation capacity for the City of New Orleans. (As read.)
A. I'm sorry. That's on page 20; right?
Q. I have it as page 19.
A. It's page 20 for me.
Q. I'm looking at the HSPM version. It's page 19.
A. I'm looking at the public version.
Q. Oh, okay. I think on mine, there's also a reference on the next page to that resolution.
A. Let me just get the HSPM version to be sure.
Q. Sure. Make sure we're looking at the same thing.
A. Okay.
Q. So in my version, it's page 19 starting at line 16.
A. I see the reference.
Q. And do you agree with that? Did I read your testimony accurately?
A. Would you reread it, please?
Q. Yes, sir. As previously discussed in ENO's original application, the Council has already ordered ENO in Resolution R-15-524, to use reasonable -- and this is quoting from the resolution -- use reasonable diligent efforts to pursue the development of at least 120 megawatts of new build peaking generation capacity within the City of New Orleans. (As read.)
A. I'm sorry. What was the question?
Q. Just did I accurately read your testimony there?
A. Correct. Yes, you did.
Q. Do you believe that that need that was expressed there of at least a hundred and twenty megawatts of new build peaking capacity, was that consistent with the need that you were looking at in the IRP?
A. They're two different things. What I believe this is, is a reflection of the Council's well meaning concern for the fact
that in this proceeding, we were terminating a contract among the Entergy companies that had existed for 40 plus years and at that same time, we were contemplating the early deactivation of Michoud, which we had relied on to support reliability in the city for that same period of time and so they understood that having local generation was an important part of the planning process. I think the number isn't as important as the concept. The IRP identified a need based on the load forecast.
Q. And you'd agree based on the need that the company -- at least just focusing on what the company projects in 2026, the company is projecting now a need of 99 total megawatts of total capacity?
A. In the first half of the planning horizon, it averages, yes, 99 megawatts.
Q. In light of this resolution, did you ever look at a resource that was less than a hundred megawatts?
A. I'm sorry. In light of the resolution? What do you mean?
Q. In light of this resolution asking you to look at resources that are at least a
hundred and twenty megawatts, did you ever look at a peaking resource putting it at Michoud that is less than a hundred megawatts?
A. So we have looked at a very wide range of peaking resource technologies, all the way from 19 megawatts up to 226 , but you can't construe what the Council ordered us to do in this resolution as supplanting -- the process that we go through to identify needs and the best alternatives to meet those needs. This is just guidance to ensure that we had considered at least some amount of local generation because we had over 780 megawatts historically at Michoud and that was going away all at once. And so you have to pick a number and so I think this is just an amount that the Council felt would set sort of a floor, if you will.
Q. Was there any reason you set the floor at a hundred -- and this is not -- What I'm referring to is when you went to Jonathan Long last spring and I think you both testified that you looked at resources within the range of a hundred to a hundred thirty and the bigger, the better in that range. Was there a reason you set the floor at 100?
A. Yes, there were several reasons. We have always planned to have generation at Michoud. The question of how much is a function of our needs. But the number of different peaking technologies that are out there are numerous and so we have for a while now evaluated a combination of smaller units against the larger CT to ensure the Council has the information about which one is the more cost effective way to meet our long-term needs.

So in the direct case, I presented testimony that supported a 100 megawatt unit installed in 2020 followed by another 100 megawatt unit at every year after that in order to inform how that total cost compared against the larger CT.
Q. But you never looked at a unit below a hundred megawatts on its own?
A. So that unit that $I$ described was a hundred megawatts.
Q. But you said two 100 megawatt units?
A. Because the need dictates what you evaluate. So why would I evaluate something that wouldn't meet the need?
Q. Now, in Mr. Jonathan Long's
testimony, he stated that he presented you with the option of six reciprocating engine units. Do you recall that?
A. I do not recall him presenting me with that option.
Q. Would you -- Can you explain why you never -- Strike that. I'll move on.

Mr. Cureington, did you ever look at a power purchase agreement as an alternative to building a local resource?
A. I have not looked at an alternative to building this resource in the form of a power purchase agreement because there are none that would meet the need. There are no existing resources within the service area or the load pocket, more generally, that could meet this need that we don't already either have a contract for or that have been deactivated. And because we're a hundred percent dependent on transmission today, the idea that I would go out and solicit proposals for a resource outside of the load pocket, load zone, capacity zone, and further exacerbate the problem we're trying to address with NOPS by purchasing an existing resource through a PPA
and using transmission to deliver to New Orleans is just not reasonable.
Q. And, Mr. Cureington, has Entergy New Orleans evaluated any plan for how it would use the property at Michoud if these units were not approved?
A. I'm sorry. When you say "not approved," meaning?
Q. Let's assume the Council rejects both options, both the combustion turbine and the reciprocating engine. Has the company studied how it would use the property at Michoud in that event?
A. I'm sorry. By "use," what do you mean specifically?
Q. What it would do with the property? I mean, it could range from sitting vacant to installing solar capacity to -- You have to answer the question for me. I can't.
A. So we haven't studied specifically what we might do if the Council rejects both options for NOPS.

MR. BROWN:
Give me one moment, Your Honor. I think I'll tender the witness.

Your Honor, I just had a quick question about the exhibit that was the -- Mr. Cureington's testimony in the RFP. That was admitted for substantive purposes subject to provision of the full?

JUDGE GULIN:
Yes.
MR. BROWN:
Okay.
Ms. Stevens Miller, are you next?
MS. OSUALA:
No. Chinyere Osuala.
JUDGE GULIN:
Could you pronounce that for me?
MS. OSUALA:
"Osuala."
JUDGE GULIN:
"Osuala." Okay. Thank you.
MR. GUILLOT:
Your Honor, just for clarification purposes going forward, are we going to continue to allow in cross-examinations the presentation of one page from a rather large document where the witness
can't get the context of the specific language being asked about going forward? I just want to know for my own purposes. JUDGE GULIN:

Are you referring to SC-6 where it was the witness's own prior testimony? MR. GUILLOT:

Yeah. I'm just starting to see a pattern, Your Honor, even with the cross of Mr. Long where they take one or two pages from a larger document and start asking questions about it and just -- You know, it's your preference, but from my experience, the witness is generally allowed to review the larger document to get the full context of what they're asking about.
JUDGE GULIN:
I think we'll have to look at that on a case-by-case basis, but if you have a concern with a particular document that the witness is being asked to review, certainly bring that to my attention and we'll deal with it.

MR. GUILLOT:

Sure.
MR. REED:
Your Honor, in that same light, most of the pages of that exhibit were the application as opposed to the testimony, and I know Mr. Brown spoke in terms of the testimony and I think Mr. Olson had talked about exercising the rule of optional completeness. I was wondering what is getting completed? Is the testimony getting completed or the application? Because there were not complete versions of either to my knowledge.

MR. SMITH:
May I jump in? Joshua Smith on behalf of Sierra Club.

And that's a clarification that $I$ think we were trying to get at as well. I mean, typically the optional completeness is on the adverse party. If they want to complete the document and whatever part they think is incomplete, they are free to present that to provide the context. We chose to provide an
excerpt so as to not clutter the record with what we think is irrelevant information. The relevant portions were in the excerpt.

MR. GUILLOT:
Unfortunately, Your Honor, what tends to happen is there's something adverse to the point they're trying to make on the page before it and so they just give the witness one page and so he can't reference the point on the previous page.
JUDGE GULIN:
Well, in any event, I conditioned the admission of the document as substantive evidence upon it being provided in toto. So if it's provided in toto, it will be admitted.

Now, the question was just generated by Mr. Reed as to whether you really intended to include the application. Does that matter to you whether the application part of the document is included, because I think all we really need is the testimony?

MR. SMITH:
Okay. If that's what Entergy thinks would complete the offer, then that's -that's my point. We're not quite sure what they think needs to be complete.
JUDGE GULIN:
It doesn't really matter what they think. What I'm saying to you is that it's admitted as long as you complete the document as I instructed. So all I'm asking now is whether, in fact, you want the application to be part of that or not? I don't remember any questions about the application of it, so I would say just the testimony.
MR. SMITH:
okay.
JUDGE GULIN:
okay.
MR. SMITH:
Okay. If that will resolve the objection and if that's what the ALJ's order is, then that's what we'll do.
MR. OLSON:
I just want to make sure because
your question started based on pages in the application. I think --

THE COURT REPORTER:
Scott, please talk into the mic because I'm not hearing every word. MR. OLSON:

I just he had asked some questions based on the application. I was just confirming if that was in there and he actually meant to use the whole testimony.

JUDGE GULIN:
Yeah. So I think we're in agreement that you're going to provide just the testimony.

MR. SMITH:
Thank you.
JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. All right.
Yes, ma'am. Whenever you are ready.
EXAMINATION BY MS. OSUALA:
Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Cureington. My is Chinyere Osuala, and I am representing the Alliance for Affordable Energy and 350.org.

I think we've met before; is that
correct?
A. Correct.
Q. I'd like to turn back to

Exhibit SEC-8 in your supplemental direct testimony that was filed in November of 2016.
A. Okay.
Q. And then compare that again with

Exhibit Sierra Club 5, which would be the objection and responses to the advisors for -from the advisors for the Alliance for Affordable Energy's first set of requests of information, the data request.
A. I'm sorry. What --
Q. Do you remember the data request with the chart attached?
A. Is this it (indicating)?
Q. I believe that's it. It should be part of the data request from the advisors.
A. It doesn't have a cover page that indicates it's part of the data request. I'm sorry. That's right. I guess it was just -There were objections on it, so --
Q. Okay.
A. What number is it again?
Q. Just the last page, back to the
chart.
A. Okay.
Q. And do you remember the line of questions from Mr. Brown that -- or I think it was one question that referred to that note at the bottom of your chart, SEC-8, that says Revision 1?
A. I do recall that question.
Q. I just wanted to clarify, have you seen other versions of this chart or no?
A. No, I have not.
Q. Now, do you mind turning to page 31 of your supplemental direct testimony that was filed in July of this year, July 2017?
A. Supplemental and amending?
Q. Yes, supplemental and amending.
A. Is the public version okay?
Q. Yes, that is fine. Because I
believe on that page, it should have a Section B, requested portfolios. Does it have it on your copy?
A. I'm sorry. What page?
Q. Thirty-one.
A. Yes. I see the section.
Q. I just wanted to ask you a few
questions about those requested portfolios. Generally you remember or you're aware of a March 23rd letter from the advisors asking ENO to perform certain -- to submit certain portfolios in regards to NOPS; is that correct?
A. I'm sorry. Are you referring to what they filed in the docket?
Q. Yes.
A. Yes. That's what I'm referencing here, yes.
Q. Yes. And do you remember -- And those -- Strike that.

Do you remember specifically what you were supposed to model?
A. I'm sorry. I don't understand the question.
Q. So it says here on your testimony -Well, I don't have the public version, but line 20, page 31 of your HSPM version, which requested that the company model certain assumptions in those portfolios. Do you see the line?
A. Yeah, I see the line, but I just don't have committed to memory all of the things that we were requested to evaluate.
Q. Okay. No problem.

MS. OSUALA:
Your Honor, may I approach the witness?

JUDGE GULIN:
Please.
EXAMINATION BY MS. OSUALA:
Q. Mr. Cureington, what I have handed you is a copy of advisor witness Joseph Rogers, an exhibit to his testimony Exhibit JWR-4.

MS. OSUALA:
Sorry, Your Honor.
EXAMINATION BY MS. OSUALA:
Q. And looking at that, do you recognize this as the letter or the filing from the advisors as the recommendations with respect to ENO's New Orleans Power Station supplemental filing?
A. It looks familiar.
Q. Okay. And you can use that document to refresh your memory or $I$ can read from it, but do you remember the advisors recommending that ENO do two portfolios that would use the Aurora automated resource optimization logic software or do an optimization analysis?
A. I'm sorry. You're asking me if I recall?
Q. Do you recall doing it, yes. Them asking you to do that?
A. Yes. I recall the request including that specific requirement.
Q. And those two portfolios, one of them was supposed to be a least cost portfolio; correct?
A. Yes. The advisors requested that we run the optimization in two different ways.
Q. And one of them was the least cost portfolio and the second one would be a second best least cost portfolio?
A. Right.
Q. I'm adding words there. I apologize.

But if you turn to Exhibit SEC-12 of your supplemental and amending direct testimony, page 2 of that.
A. Yeah.
Q. I believe that's the New Orleans peaker project inputs and assumptions.
A. Okay.
Q. Here it has four portfolios in terms
of requested portfolios, and I'm assuming or -The requested portfolios here is what you referred to as the ones that were recommended by the advisors; correct?
A. So the requested portfolios are our attempt to try to respond to and accommodate the advisors' request.
Q. And what you did was for requested portfolio -- I just want to, like, understand what exactly you did here. So for requested portfolio Case 3 that has the RICE engines, that's the only major resource within that portfolio; is that correct?
A. No, that's not correct.
Q. What would be another reason?
A. So in all of the portfolios, including the referenced portfolios, we've included a 100 megawatt solar resource as well.
Q. Right, because that's already in your loading capability study; correct? That's already planned?
A. Well, no. These are all proposed resources. None of these are complete. So your question was whether we included the only -- Your question was whether or not Case 3
only included the RICE engines as a significant addition. I just wanted to clarify that, no, a hundred megawatts of solar is a very significant additional resource as well.
Q. Okay. And I didn't mean to say that it wasn't a significant resource, but that is part of what you base this -- Why don't you go through the base assumptions for each request, for each requested portfolio?
A. So what we've done on page 2 of this exhibit is summarize at a high level the different resource additions to each portfolio, and as you can see on the line labeled "ENO peaker" on the far left, the answer to that question indicates whether or not there is a version of NOPS in each of the portfolios, that being either the reciprocating engines or the combustion turbine.

And then from there moving down, you have assumptions about future demand-side management programs, transmission upgrades, and solar resources. And so the matrix indicates, you know, the assumptions that were made in each portfolio.
Q. And then, after you did all of these
things -- and we'll say the RICE engine would be Case 3. The CT would be Case 3G. You have solar tracking, Case 4A, which is an additional hundred megawatts of solar in addition to what you have planned in your load and capability forecast; correct?
A. Yes. Case 4A includes an
incremental 100 megawatts to the 100 that was already in all of the cases.
Q. And Case 4B would be onshore wind?
A. Yes, Case 4B includes onshore wind and a hundred megawatts of solar.
Q. And then, did what you do is just take those four portfolios and just figured out the cost and then compared those costs and then figured out what was the lowest cost out of the four of them?
A. So, generally speaking, that's the idea. We run the optimization production cost model on each of the portfolios to identify the total variable supply cost and then we combine that with the fixed revenue requirement associated with each portfolio to produce what we call a total relevant supply cost and then we discount the value of that over the planning
horizon so that you can compare all of the portfolios to today's dollars on an equal footing.
Q. Is that the same as -- What the advisors asked you to do, is that the same as the optimization analysis using Aurora that the advisors asked in its recommended letter that I gave you today?
A. I'm sorry. Could you point me specifically to what part of the request you're referring to?
Q. Sure. On page 2 and it has the graph numbered two.
A. I'm sorry. The what numbered two?
Q. Graph numbered two on page 2.
A. Graph number?
Q. Paragraph No. 2?
A. Oh, paragraph number. I'm sorry. Okay.
Q. I'm sorry. I was a journalism major.

So it says at the last line, aurora XMP automated resource optimization logic, and they shorten it to, Optimization analysis. (As read.) Is that the same as what you did here?
A. So I don't know specifically if we interpreted the advisors' request exactly correct, but we did use Aurora to run production cost modeling. But as one of the advisors' witnesses, I believe Joe Rogers possibly, my memory could not be correct, discussed the issues we encountered with the optimization engine associated with the capacity expansion component of Aurora, but I explained in testimony why the model simply wouldn't solve under the requested portfolios and so we had to run these portfolios effectively using the same assumptions we would have provided to the expansion algorithm to get to the same answer.
Q. Did you discuss with the advisors prior to doing that that you were going to not do two portfolios, you were going to try and simulate what you were doing?
A. So first let me say that it's not two portfolios.
Q. Sorry. In the recommendations, it does say -- sorry -- on Paragraph 4 on page 2, it says, The optimization analysis should identify two resource portfolios. (As read.)
A. I'm sorry, yes, but we were talking about the problem we encountered with a component of the Aurora model.
Q. Right. Right. And that's why you did these four portfolios; correct? These four different portfolios on SEC-12?
A. No. What I'm saying is that these four portfolios would have been run regardless of the issue that we encountered with the expansion algorithm.
Q. And did you explain that to the advisors before you ran this portfolio?
A. I personally did not explain that to the advisors.
Q. Okay. Mr. Cureington, were you here earlier today during the testimony of Mr. Jonathan Long?
A. Yes.
Q. I just have one question I'd like -Well, I'd like to stay on your Exhibit SEC-12 and go to page 3. And on that page, it's the general assumptions and technology alternatives. That refers to the four requested portfolios; is that correct?
A. No, that's not correct. These are
general assumptions that we employed regardless of the case that we evaluated.

MR. OLSON:
Your Honor, if we could just break for a minute. This exhibit itself is highly sensitive and some of the numbers in here are.

MS. OSUALA:
I wanted to ask about just the installed cost of the CT and the installed cost of the RICE.

MR. OLSON:
Okay. That's fine.
JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. Thank you.
EXAMINATION BY MS. OSUALA:
Q. So earlier today, Ms. Miller asked Mr. Long a series of questions about the EPC contract and its renegotiation figure. I'm not going to say any HSPM. Do you remember that line of questioning?
A. Generally I recall that line of questioning.
Q. I wanted to ask if for the installed cost for the CT -- which would be 232 million;
correct?
A. That's what's listed here, yes.

Correct.
Q. And the RICE, which would be 210 million. Do you see that there?
A. I see the reference.
Q. Do those numbers account for any price changes due to renegotiation of these contracts? Well, I think the EPC contract refers to one, one specific. I think it's just the CT. But do those numbers account for any price changes due to renegotiation of those contracts?
A. I can't say exactly what the price listed here accounts for in the contract. That would be a question for Mr. Long, but I do know that this is the current estimate of the installed cost for these units.

MS. OSUALA:
No further questions, Your Honor.
JUDGE GULIN:
Thank you, Ms. Osuala.
And Ms. Harden next.
MS. HARDEN:
okay.

EXAMINATION BY MS. HARDEN:
Q. Good afternoon. My name is Monique Harden. We've met before. I'm an attorney with for Deep South Center for Environmental Justice. And, Mr. Cureington, my questions for you today start with the site assessment.

According to your deposition at page
130, lines 18 through 22 --
MR. OLSON:
Your Honor, his deposition hasn't even been admitted into evidence yet and it sounds like -- it's happened a couple of times that they've started asking questions out of the deposition, but they haven't been using them to contradict any other testimony. So they've not laid any kind of foundation. They just start diving into these depositions. So I would ask that she lay a proper foundation before directing him to pages that he hasn't been asked about.

JUDGE GULIN:
Are you using the deposition for a prior inconsistent statement? What is the purpose of --

MS. HARDEN:
Just to refresh his memory because he had a very long deposition and $I$ just wanted to just jump right to the point. I thought it would ease the efficiency of this.

JUDGE GULIN:
You can certainly review -- What did
you want him to review, what section?
MS. HARDEN:
It's your deposition,
Mr. Cureington, at page 130 starting with
lines 18 going through 22.
MR. CUREINGTON:
Okay. Give me just a -- please give me just a minute.

MS. HARDEN:
Sure.
MR. CUREINGTON:
okay.
EXAMINATION BY MS. HARDEN:
Q. Now, in this part of your deposition, you say that you reviewed but did not conduct the site assessment that supports the selection of the Michoud location for the
proposed Entergy gas plant; is that correct?
A. That's correct. I rely on the planning organization to conduct that analysis.
Q. Did you in your review look at more than one site assessment involving Michoud as a potential location for the gas plant proposal?
A. I'm sorry. When you say "more than one site assessment," what specifically --
Q. When you said you reviewed site assessment, was it one or multiple -- or more than one?
A. So I think we were discussing Exhibit 5 in the deposition, which is the site assessment that I rely on to support the conclusions that were reached.
Q. Would you say that there was one site assessment, or was there more than one site assessment?
A. So there's just one site assessment that I'm relying on in support of my testimony.

MS. HARDEN:
Okay. Can I refer to his materials that's HSPM? I hate to do it moving the room out, but --
JUDGE GULIN:

Why don't you tell me?
MS. HARDEN:
Well, no. I mean, I'm going to have to do it, but --
JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. All right. Then I'm going to ask that the room be empty of those who have not signed the confidentiality agreement. Thank you for your patience.








So we're out of HSPM, dealing with the site assessment.

JUDGE GULIN:
Yes, thank you so much for bringing --
MS. HARDEN:
That's all right.
JUDGE GULIN:
-- that to my attention.
MS. HARDEN:
Thank you, Mr. Brown.
JUDGE GULIN:
Please, sir. Thank you.
Let us know when you are finished reviewing the resolution.
MR. CUREINGTON:
Okay.
EXAMINATION BY MS. HARDEN:
Q. Okay. So the title of this --

JUDGE GULIN:
Let him finish.
MS. HARDEN:
I thought he was ready.
MR. CUREINGTON:
I'm sorry, ma'am. I was just responding to -- Okay. I'm ready.

EXAMINATION BY MS. HARDEN:
Q. Okay. Just to get all of our bearings straight here, I've just passed to you, Mr. Cureington, City Council Resolution numbered R-15-524. And this resolution was referenced in earlier cross-examination of your colleague, Mr. Jonathan Long, who said that you would probably know the steps leading up to this resolution. So I have a few questions about that.
A. Okay.
Q. Okay.

MR. OLSON:
Your Honor, we don't have a copy of whatever it is they're looking at.
(Whereupon Mr. Olson is tendered a copy of the document.)

EXAMINATION BY MS. HARDEN:
Q. All right. So the title of this resolution is the Proposed settlement terminating the Entergy System Agreement in FERC Docket No. ER14-75; is that correct, Mr. Cureington? (As read.) Is that what your copy reads?
A. Yes, I have that copy.
Q. I want to bring your attention to page 12, the first full paragraph that begins with "Whereas."
A. Okay.
Q. And the paragraph that follows.

Okay?
A. Give me just a second.
Q. Sure.

MR. REED:
Counsel, could you give that page
reference again?
MS. HARDEN:
Page 12.
MR. REED:
Thank you.
MR. CUREINGTON:
Okay.

EXAMINATION BY MS. HARDEN:
Q. So at this section of the Council resolution, it reads as follows, Whereas, ENO will use reasonable, diligent efforts to pursue the development of at least 120 megawatts of new build peaking generation capacity within the City of New Orleans. As part of this commitment, ENO will fully evaluate Michoud or Patterson along with any other appropriate sites in the City of New Orleans as a potential site for a combustion turbine, CT, or other peaking unit to be owned by ENO or by a third party with an agreed to PPA -- which stands for purchase power agreement -- to ENO. This evaluation will take into consideration, among other material considerations, the results of the Michoud site analysis that was completed in connection with the summer 2014 request for proposal.

And, whereas, ENO commits to use diligent efforts to have at least one future generation facility located in the City of New Orleans. And it goes on. (As read.)

The question to you, Mr. Cureington, with regards to those two provisions in the

City Council resolution is what led to this?
A. So my understanding, as discussed in the resolution, is this is a summary of the proposed settlement agreement that was entered into between the Entergy operating companies and, in this case, at the FERC, and then here locally at the retail level between the City Council's advisors and Entergy New Orleans in furtherance of the early termination of the System Agreement.
Q. To your knowledge, was Entergy New Orleans a party to this settlement agreement?
A. To the one summarized here, yes, I believe so.
Q. So before this resolution, at least Entergy was leaning towards agreeing to these terms?

MR. OLSON:
Assuming facts not in evidence.
JUDGE GULIN:
Could you rephrase that question, please?
MS. HARDEN:
It's really more of a chronology I'm trying to establish here.

EXAMINATION BY MS. HARDEN:
Q. Prior to the resolution, was there a proposal for a settlement agreement with these terms that Entergy New Orleans was a party to?
A. So $I$ don't have the exact timing committed to memory, but there certainly was a settlement agreement before this resolution came out because it's summarized here.
Q. Thank you.

And Entergy New Orleans was a party to that settlement agreement?
A. To my knowledge, yes, that's correct.
Q. Did you have any role in setting the 120 megawatts as a minimum for gas plant generation capacity?
A. I'm sorry. What 120 megawatt minimum?
Q. The 120 megawatts that's set as a floor where it says, at least 120 megawatts new build peaking generation capacity. (As read.)
A. So I was aware of the number that's referenced here, but $I$ didn't specifically provide that number.
Q. Do you know the Entergy personnel
who did work on this?
A. No. This was a proceeding that was litigated at the FERC.
Q. So with regards to the proceeding that was litigated at the FERC, were any Entergy engineers involved with capacity or generation, involved in setting this term for a hundred and twenty megawatts? Where did it come from?
A. So to answer your first question, I don't know specifically who was involved in those settlement negotiations because they're confidential and limited to the parties that are involved in that case at the FERC, but what I can say is that, as I indicated to Mr. Brown earlier, this simply reflects the fact that there were a variety of circumstances in play at the time that we were contemplating early termination of the System Agreement and one of those was the early -- the potential early deactivation of Michoud.

I believe the resolution is dated November 2015. We deactivated Michoud in June of 2016. We had already submitted Attachment $Y$ requests to MISO to study transmission upgrades
necessary to deactivate that unit, and so I think this simply reflects that the Council understood that by relying on Michoud for the last 40 plus years, they understood the importance of having local generation. And so I think this amount is just a reference point for some minimum that they wanted us to at least contemplate going forward. It's not a requirement, but it's a minimum for us to consider going forward.
Q. And this resolution, did it come before the completion of the integrated resource plan?
A. As it's dated, it would have been between the draft and the final.
Q. So it was before it was completed?
A. Yes, it was before the final IRP was filed, but we had already identified the preferred portfolio in the draft IRP earlier that year.
Q. With regards to identifying a location with Michoud and Patterson or other locations in New Orleans, were other locations in New Orleans considered?
A. So I'm not aware of any other
locations that are possible alternatives to Michoud and Patterson.
Q. Okay.
A. We considered Michoud and Patterson obviously because we own them and they have electric and gas interconnections that reduced, you know, the cost to construct a new resource.
Q. Were you responsible for overseeing the development of the 2015 IRP, integrated resource plan?
A. Yes.
Q. And would you agree that the process for developing the integrated resource plan is a legal requirement in the City of New Orleans for planning energy to meet future needs?
A. I'm sorry. I don't know what you mean by "legal requirement."
Q. Well, where does it come from?
A. Where does what come from?
Q. Your integrated resource plan, is it pursuant to a law in the City of New Orleans.

MR. OLSON:
Objection to the extent she's asking him to interpret her -- have him explain the legal requirements of the city.

MS. HARDEN:
I'm only asking for that and to the extent that it pertains to his work and overseeing the integrated resource planning process. Either he knows or he doesn't know if there's a law regarding establishing integrated resource plans. JUDGE GULIN:

You can answer that.
MR. CUREINGTON:
Sure. So my understanding is the Council's IRP requirements have been put in place for some time now. I don't know whether or not that rises to a level of a legal obligation, but we certainly attempt to comply with their IRP requirements when we conduct our IRP.

EXAMINATION BY MS. HARDEN:
Q. And in the 2015 integrated resource plan, Entergy selected the 226 megawatt CT gas plant as part of the preferred portfolio; is that correct?
A. I'm sorry. Which IRP?
Q. The 2015.
A. The final?
Q. Yes, sir.
A. Yes, we included a preferred CT
technology in both the draft and the final IRP.
MS. HARDEN:
I'd like to introduce one page from the integrated resource plan and it's page 79.
JUDGE GULIN:
You'd like to introduce that as substantive evidence at this point?

MS. HARDEN:
Yes, sir.
JUDGE GULIN:
Is there any objection to that?
MR. OLSON:
Obviously subject to optional completeness.
JUDGE GULIN:
That will be marked as DSCEJ No. 1.
Let me just understand, is this a public document?

MR. OLSON:

> Your Honor, we --

MS. HARDEN:
Yes, it is.

MR. OLSON:
-- ask that we attach the final IRP also --

JUDGE GULIN:
Let me ask Ms. Harden. This is a public document?
MS. HARDEN:
That is correct, sir. This page is
from the integrated resource plan that Entergy filed with our City Council of New Orleans on, I believe it was February 1st, 2016.

MR. OLSON:
We just wanted to confirm this is the final. You know, there were multiple drafts filed.

JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. I don't think I can even admit it. I can take judicial notice of it, but certainly subject to check, it will be admitted as DSCEJ 1 as substantive evidence.

MS. HARDEN:
Thank you, Your Honor.
EXAMINATION BY MS. HARDEN:
Q. So can you identify the document I just handed to you, Mr. Cureington?
A. I mean, I recognize the table as a format of a table we included in the IRP.
Q. And what is this table showing?
A. It is showing our projections of the company's peak load and total resource requirements and comparing that against our projections of our existing resource portfolio of supply and demand-side resources to get to a comparison of what the net is of those two, in other words, the long-term needs that we have.
Q. And looking at the load and capacity table for the years 2016 through 2035, can one describe some of the data as the projections or forecasts by Entergy New Orleans of future customer demand for energy and electricity?
A. I'm sorry. Could you restate the question?
Q. Yes. Looking at what's titled, Load and capability for the years 2016 through 2035, is it accurate to describe some of the data contained therein as Entergy New Orleans' forecasts of customer demand for electricity in future years? (As read.)
A. Yeah. I just don't see the reference to the load and capability that you described. Is there a specific --
Q. Oh, it's in the --
A. Is there a specific row you want --
Q. Yeah. If you look at the -- It's in the gray shaded -- It may not be very clear.
A. What's the label?
Q. The top line underneath the title.
A. Right. Right. The whole document,
correct. Okay.
Q. So would that be correct?
A. I'm sorry. The --
Q. Say it again?
A. Yeah, say it again.
Q. Sure. So with regards to the load and capability for the years 2016 through 2035, would it be correct to say that some of the data contained herein are Entergy's projections of forecasts of customer demand for electricity in future years?
A. That's precisely what we were trying to do here is use our projected load forecast and compare that to our existing resource portfolio.
Q. This was very tough for me to learn so I just want to kind of show off a little bit.

All right. Thank you,
Mr. Cureington, for agreeing on that. I got that correct.

So I want you to look at the year 2030.
A. Okay.
Q. And what does it project as customer demand for energy?
A. So this is a peak load forecast, not an energy forecast, and it projects our peak load in 2030 of 1,251 megawatts such that when you add our 12 percent planning reserve margin, we projected at this time to need
1,401 megawatts to meet our overall planning reserve margin requirement.
Q. So the total projected amount, including peak load and your reserve margin of 12 percent, totals 1,401 megawatts of capability that would be needed for that year?
A. Yes, from an overall capacity standpoint, that's correct.
Q. Thank you.

Now, I'd like you to take a look at your direct testimony on page 18.
A. Are you looking at the HSPM version?
Q. No, I'm not.
A. There's different page numbers, so --
Q. Yes, I'm looking at the public version.
A. I've got the public. Page $18 ?$
Q. Page 18.
A. Okay.
Q. And this is in your direct
testimony; is that correct?
A. Yes.
Q. And Table 2 shows what exactly? Can you explain what Table 2 is on this document?
A. Sure. So Table 2 takes a snapshot of the long-term resource needs that we've projected at the time the forecast was done for our direct testimony and breaks it down by supply role.
Q. And for the year 2030 as shown in Table 2, the total megawatt resource need is 1,131 ; is that correct?
A. I'm sorry. The total resources? Is
that what your question was?
Q. Yes.
A. Yes. That's not the need. That's just the existing resources.
Q. I'm so sorry. The need is

1,336 megawatts?
A. That's correct.
Q. Sorry about that. Thank you.

So this is different, is it not,
from what was projected in the IRP for the year 2030?
A. That's correct. As we indicated, the load forecast has declined since the IRP.
Q. Would you agree that the difference is 65 megawatts between the two forecasts?
A. Yes, that looks correct.
Q. All right. There's one more forecast I'd like you to take a look at.

MS. HARDEN:
Your Honor, may I approach?
JUDGE GULIN:
Please.
MS. HARDEN:
You might need a looking glass for this. It's a little squinchy.

MR. CUREINGTON:
okay.
EXAMINATION BY MS. HARDEN:
Q. Are you ready for a question,

Mr. Cureington?
A. I'm sorry. Yes.
Q. Okay. Great.

Can you identify the document $I$ just
handed to you?
A. No, I can't.

MS. HARDEN:
Your Honor, for the record, this is
Exhibit 1 to a filing that Entergy New Orleans made to this docketed proceeding of the 2017 forecast of load and capability.

EXAMINATION BY MS. HARDEN:
Q. And does this now look familiar to you at all, Mr. Cureington?
A. Well, so it's not a complete version of the exhibit that we filed. So I don't know if -- I mean, if you're asking me to confirm that this is a portion of that, I would need time to do that.

MR. GUILLOT:

Ms. Harden, is this the public version of the -MS. HARDEN:

This is the -- Exactly. I'm sorry. Thank you, Mr. Guillot.

The information that you're probably used to seeing on the document have been excerpted, redacted by Entergy New Orleans, and this is the public version.

MR. CUREINGTON:
Okay.
EXAMINATION BY MS. HARDEN:
Q. So, again, we're looking at load and capability of the years 2017 through 2035; is that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. And, again, looking in at the year 2030 --

JUDGE GULIN:
Would you like to have this
identified?
MS. HARDEN:
Oh, I'm sorry. Could we have this
identified is DSCEJ Exhibit No. 2?
JUDGE GULIN:

Yes.
MS. HARDEN:
Thank you, Your Honor.
EXAMINATION BY MS. HARDEN:
Q. Can you tell us what the forecasted customer demand for the year 2030 is?
A. Yes. In 2030, we've projected the peak here to be 1,145 megawatts, such that when you add the 12 percent reserve requirement, you get 1,282 megawatts of total need.
Q. Thank you.

Do you agree there's a 54 megawatt decrease between the 2017 forecast and the Table 2 and the 2026 application?
A. I'm sorry. In what year?
Q. Well, what I'm doing is I'm
comparing the forecasts for 2017 with your Table 2 as part of your testimony in the 2016 application.
A. Okay. I was just trying to clarify what year you wanted me to compare.
Q. This is all for the year 2030.
A. 2030. Okay.
Q. I'm sorry.
A. And what was the number again?
Q. Would you agree that it's a

54 megawatt difference?
A. Comparing 2030 for both?
Q. Yes.
A. No, I don't think so. It looks like 48. No. I'm sorry. You're correct. I was looking at the wrong number. That's correct. I was looking at the wrong date.
Q. So what is correct? Is that the --
A. Yeah, the 54 megawatts.
Q. Fifty-four megawatt decrease between the two forecasts?
A. Correct.
Q. And would you also agree that between the 2015 IRP that we first looked at and the 2017 forecast, looking again at the year 2030, that there's a 119 megawatt drop in customer demand?
A. So this is a lot of mental math you're asking me to do here. We're looking at a lot of different documents, so --
Q. So what I'm doing here with this question is subtracting 1,282, which is the total demand forecasted for the year, peak demand for 2030 in the 2017 forecast from the

2015 IRP forecast for that same year of 2030.
A. And what was your number?
Q. One hundred and nineteen megawatts.
A. I'm sorry. I was looking at the IRP
table. I'm not getting that number. You're comparing the 2015 IRP to the most current forecast; is that correct?
Q. Yes. So 1, 401 minus 1,282.
A. I'm sorry. What was your number again?
Q. A hundred nineteen megawatts.
A. Correct. Yes, that's correct.
Q. All right. I'm going to get a prize after this cross.

So based on the February 2017
forecast of lower customer demand, is it correct that Entergy asked for suspension of the Council's proceeding on its initial application?
A. I'm sorry. That was a long question, so --
Q. Based on the forecast --
A. -- can you restate it?
Q. Based on the 2017 forecast of lower customer demand, is it correct that Entergy
asked for a suspension of the proceeding on the initial application?
A. Yes. We asked for a suspension to evaluate the impact that the revised forecast would have.
Q. Is it also true or correct that in response to the lower forecast, Entergy submitted a second application, this time presenting two gas plant options, the 226 megawatt combustion turbine gas plant and 128 megawatt RICE unit?
A. So we conducted an updated evaluation of what we already proposed in the direct case, which was the CT, but we also included an alternative, which was the reciprocating engine option.
Q. Given the drop of 65 megawatts between your projection in the June 2016 application and the 2015 IRP, so looking at just those two data sets, can you explain why Entergy did not make any adjustment or offer an alternative to the 226 megawatt CT gas plant?
A. I'm sorry. When specifically?
Q. Well, let's unpack this.

In the IRP, you have this projection
for year 2030 that drops by the time you prepare your June 2016 gas plant application; correct?
A. Yes. The forecast we used in the direct case was different from the IRP.
Q. And it was a much larger decrease, right, of 65 megawatts versus the 54 that happened between the gas plant application forecast and the 2017 forecast?

MR. OLSON:
Object to the characterization.
MS. HARDEN: What's wrong with saying 65 is
larger than 54 ?
MR. OLSON:
You called it major change.
EXAMINATION BY MS. HARDEN:
Q. Is 65 larger than 54?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay.
A. Focusing just on 2030?
Q. Yes, for the year 2030.
A. There were other years, though, that were different.
Q. Can you explain why there was no
adjustment or offering a different alternative than what was originally proposed in the IRP that was also moved forward and through the application as a proposal?
A. Yes. So although the load forecast moderated, it didn't eliminate the needs that we had previously identified. In fact, there was still a substantial need in both cases for both overall capacity and peaking and reserve capacity.
Q. So in what you just said, did that make you go back and rework or update your planning analysis that was in the IRP?
A. No. The IRP is much too complex to update on the time frame that we're talking about here. We had already drawn the conclusion through that process that a CT was the best way to meet the identified needs and simply because the load forecast moderated did not eliminate that need and so there was no need to revisit that analysis or that assumption rather.
Q. Let me just be clear. My question was not did you revise the IRP. My question is in terms of your work of energy planning, was
there any going back to the drawing board and reconsidering the analysis and the work plans that were part of the -- and certainly part of the integrated resource plan?
A. So the type of analysis that we conducted in support of the direct case and all of the subsequent analysis that we did was consistent with what you would do in an IRP. It was just much more focused on what specific peaking technologies are the most cost effective as opposed to any and all
technologies because we had identified a need for that in the IRP and that need continues to exist today. So just because the peak came down doesn't mean you've eliminated the needs that we identified. They've just moderated a bit.
Q. Did you have to document that analysis and the conclusion that it led to for you?
A. I'm sorry. What analysis?
Q. What you just laid out was sort of a summary of what you considered and the conclusion you came up with, that notwithstanding the lower forecast, it did not
change your position with regards to proposing this gas plant. And what I'm wondering is was there any documentation to the effect of showing reconsideration based on that forecast change and supporting the conclusion you reached?
A. Yeah. I mean, I'm not trying to sound too smart here, but that's what my direct testimony attempted to accomplish. I laid out a very complete summary of all of the analysis that we've done in support of the CT using the current load forecast that existed at that time, which I acknowledge, you know, had moderated from the IRP, but the needs were still there.
Q. Would you say that the same thing holds true for the second application? Like that would be the documentation of your analysis between the last forecast and the forecast that was shown that was developed in 2017?
A. Yes, I would simply because, again, the needs that we've identified have not materially changed. The load has just moderated since the IRP.

JUDGE GULIN:
Ms. Harden, a heads up. You've got about five minutes, $I$ believe.

MS. HARDEN:
okay.
JUDGE GULIN:
And also with respect to Exhibit
No. 2, were you offering that for any
purpose?
MS. HARDEN:
I don't think it's in the record is my only issue.

MR. GUILLOT:
I believe it is in the record. Is
this the exhibit that you took from our
response to your motion to make the load
forecast public?
MS. HARDEN:
Yes.
MR. GUILLOT:
Then it's in the record as an exhibit to that response.

MS. HARDEN:
So is there any problem with making it an exhibit in this line of
questioning, cross-examination then?
JUDGE GULIN:
You can certainly offer it for the
purposes of cross-examination.
MS. HARDEN:
Thank you.
JUDGE GULIN:
okay.
MS. HARDEN:
Is there any reason why it cannot be
also submitted for substantive evidence?
JUDGE GULIN:
Is there any objection to that?
MR. GUILLOT:
Subject to authentication, Your Honor, I think we would not object.

JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. Very well. Subject to authentication, it is admitted as substantive evidence.

MS. HARDEN:
Okay. One last question, Mr. Cureington in the few minutes I've got.

EXAMINATION BY MS. HARDEN:
Q. If the Council approved the seven RICE units, would Entergy expect to add more RICE units for projected increases in customer demand?

MR. OLSON:
It calls for speculation.
MS. HARDEN:
He's an energy planner. That's what he does all day long.
JUDGE GULIN:
Can you just restate the question,
please? Or just repeat it?
MS. HARDEN:
Sure.
EXAMINATION BY MS. HARDEN:
Q. If the Council approved seven RICE units, would Entergy expect to add more RICE units for projected increases in customer demand?

JUDGE GULIN:
If you can answer it.
MR. CUREINGTON:
So understanding that I haven't evaluated what we would do in the alternative if the Council approves the
seven RICE units, but recognize that that would only meet approximately half of the needs that we've identified over the planning horizon. So to the extent the Council chooses that option and we needed to come back in the next few years to ensure that we had the capacity that we needed not met by the RICE alternatives, then that would be one of considerations.

I just don't know how that would compare to the other alternatives just because it -- again, there are a variety of things there that are changing.

MS. HARDEN:
Thank you, Mr. Cureington.
No further questions, Your Honor.
JUDGE GULIN:
Thank you, Ms. Harden.
I think what I'd like to do is -- We still have some time. Let's go ahead and take a ten-minute break, and then we can go to Air Products. We're not going to be able to get through Mr. Cureington today, but at least get a jump on tomorrow, which is a very long day, if we
can take care of Air Products cross today. So ten-minute break. Come back at five after four.
(Whereupon a recess was taken.)
JUDGE GULIN:
We're going to begin with
Mr. Edwards. And you're indicating we're beginning with HSPM?

MR. EDWARDS:
Yes, Your Honor.
JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. I have to ask those who have not signed the agreement to please leave the room at this time.







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Thank you.
(Whereupon a pause occurred in the proceedings.)
EXAMINATION BY MR. EDWARDS:
Q. Mr. Cureington, do you have any familiarity or responsibility with respect to how costs are billed to customers on the rider, the PPCACR, P-P-C-A-C-R?
A. No, I do not.

MR. EDWARDS:
I think I've asked all the questions
I need to ask today of you. I thank you very much for your patience.
JUDGE GULIN:
Thank you, Mr. Edwards.
Ms. Hand, about how much would you estimate you have?

MS. HAND:
If Mr. Cureington doesn't surprise me, probably around a half an hour.

JUDGE GULIN:
And at this point, how much recross, if any, do you anticipate before we hear from Ms. Hand?

MR. GUILLOT:

Very little, Your Honor. Maybe one question.
JUDGE GULIN:
Why don't we try to complete that this afternoon so that Mr. Cureington can be excused after tonight and that will give us a good head start on tomorrow? So let's go to Ms. Hand.
EXAMINATION BY MS. HAND:
Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Cureington. I'm Emma Hand, representing the Council's utility advisors. You and I have met before?
A. Correct.
Q. Do you have in front of you copies of all your prefiled testimony, the transcript of your December 7th deposition, and a copy of the advisors' testimony?
A. Yes to my testimony and the deposition, but no to the advisors' testimony. MS. HAND:

Your Honor, permission to approach?
JUDGE GULIN:
(Nods head affirmatively.)
MS. HAND:
Counsel, would you like to look at
this before I hand it to him?
MR. GUILLOT:
No.
JUDGE GULIN:
You're very adept with the
microphone.
MS. HAND:
Thank you.
EXAMINATION BY MS. HAND:
Q. And in my references to your
testimony, I'm going to be referring to the HSP -- SM number. I think I got those letters out of order, HSPM version.

So in your rebuttal testimony --
A. Okay.
Q. -- on page 28 , starting at about

Line 7.
A. Okay.
Q. Would you agree that in that section, you are criticizing the economic analysis of advisors' witness Rogers for relying on the assumption that the Council's 2 percent DSM goal can be achieved?
A. So what I was trying to do here is simply acknowledge the fact that my
interpretation of advisor witness Rogers'
contention was -- is that we overestimated our needs by virtue of not including the Council's 2 percent goal.
Q. But you would not say that it's unreasonable for Mr. Rogers to suggest that the 2 percent goal should be taken into account in the analysis as the Council is looking at the potential outcomes of the various recommended portfolios?
A. I wouldn't describe it as unreasonable to consider, but I would describe it as unreasonable to rely on for long-term planning.
Q. And you would also agree that it's reasonable to consider the 2 percent goal in, for example, an IRP proceeding?
A. Yes. In fact, I think that's the more appropriate place to consider the Council's 2 percent goal.
Q. Now, in your analysis, isn't it true that you only included -- and I believe I'm referring to your reference case analysis here -- the level of DSM that was in existence for program year nine?
A. No, that's not --
Q. Program year six. I'm sorry.
A. That would be correct, yes. We assumed what we've been able to achieve to date will be sustainable over the 20-year planning horizon.
Q. And earlier this morning, you and Mr. Brown discussed the fact, did you not, that the Council just last week approved the Energy Smart program budgets and kilowatt hour savings goals for program years seven through nine?
A. Yes, I recall that discussion.
Q. Knowing that the Council is committed to continue pursuing as much energy efficiency as is cost effective and that the Council just approved program years seven through nine budgets and kilowatt hour savings goals, which I believe you agreed this morning represent an increase over program year six, would you agree that it would be reasonable to expect that the actual amount of kilowatt hour savings achieved through energy efficiency over the planning horizon is likely to be higher than that which already existed in program year six?
A. No, I would not agree that it's likely. It's possible. But as I described to Mr. Brown, it's not something that I can rely on today because we haven't actually achieved it.
Q. Moving on to the topic of the MISO PRA, which is the planning resource auction, there in the price forecasts, in your testimony, in various places in your rebuttal testimony -- and for one example you can refer to page 7, lines 17 through 23 -- you characterize advisor witness Rogers as having developed a forecast of the MISO PRA clearing prices; is that correct?
A. Give me just a second.
(Whereupon a pause occurred in the proceedings.)

MR. CUREINGTON:
Yes, I see the reference.
EXAMINATION BY MS. HAND:
Q. Isn't it more accurate, though, to characterize Mr. Rogers' analysis as a sensitivity analysis than as a forecast?
A. I think that that is a fair characterization. I think it's important to
understand that although I referred to it as a clearing price forecast, I did not mean that in the sense that he actually attempted to produce a forecast of what might clear the auction for the next 20 years. I guess I just found it interesting that he used that one clearing price projection, whatever you want to call it, to conclude that the transmission only case was the lowest cost solution since it doesn't meet our identified needs.
Q. But because he did not perform a PRA forecast, several of your statements -- and I'm looking at your rebuttal testimony starting at page 24, line 14, and then carrying over through page 25 to line 19. In that portion of your testimony, you're claiming that his forecast was flawed because it rests on things like a static view of demand, speculation that the market will remain over supplied, or that other utilities and regulators will build, but none of that is true, wouldn't you say, if Mr. Rogers never made a forecast, if what he was running was a sensitivity analysis?
A. So I'm sorry. With the distraction, I got a little off track there. Could you
restate the question?
Q. Sure. To the extent that you -- I'm going to rephrase a little bit to try to make it simpler. To the extent that in your testimony, you are putting forth criticisms of a forecast that Mr. Rogers did and arguing that it is not a viable forecast because it rests on things like a static view of demand, speculation that the market will remain over supplied, or that other utilities and regulators will build, none of those criticisms are true if Mr. Rogers never made a forecast, if what he was running was simply a sensitivity analysis?
A. No, I wouldn't agree with that. So whatever we call his projections, the fact is that he relied on those projections as a sensitivity, as you described it, but yet concluded with that one sensitivity that the transmission only scenario was the lowest cost solution, when, in fact, it's not a solution at all.
Q. And you understand that, don't you, that Mr. Rogers is not recommending that the Council base its decision exclusively on the
economic analysis, but that he does recommend that there is a need that has been identified that requires that capacity be built?
A. Yes, generally speaking, I understand that.
Q. So on your rebuttal testimony at page 24, and here I'm looking specifically at lines 14 through 18.
A. Okay.
Q. You state there that, Advisors' witness Rogers claims that the theory of supply and demand may not apply in MISO because most of the load-serving entities are vertically integrated utilities with an obligation to serve and, therefore, will build capacity without an economic incentive. (As read.)

Have I correctly stated your
testimony there?
A. Yes.
Q. But isn't it true that Mr. Rogers recognizes in his testimony -- I'm sorry.
That's the question $I$ just asked you.
Isn't it true, though, that
Mr. Rogers' statement regarding the applicability of the theory of supply and
demand was specific to the MISO PRA and not to the entirety of MISO and its market structure?
A. I'm sorry. I don't understand the distinction. I thought we were referring to specifically the projections of clearing prices in the auction.
Q. Right. But his statement is very specific to the PRA and not to, for example, other markets in MISO and whether they are driven by the theory of supply and demand?
A. Yes, that's my understanding. He was just referring to the capacity markets.
Q. Now, would you agree that utilities have incentives other than the MISO PRA prices that may influence whether or not they build capacity?
A. I'm sorry. When you refer to "incentives," what do you mean specifically?
Q. For example, they could be required by a regulator to build capacity or know that they are -- particularly with a vertically integrated utility, it would be able to earn a rate of return on its investment in the capacity from its ratepayers regardless of what the MISO PRA price is?
A. So from my perspective as the resource planner, I'm focused exclusively on the needs and the best way to meet those needs, but I understand that we have shareholders who invest in the company in order to earn a return on the investments they make in our company, but that's independent of the decisions that $I$ have to make around how best to meet our customers' needs.
Q. Right. So does that mean that you agree that you would have incentives, or perhaps we'll say reasons, other than the MISO PRA prices that influence the decision of whether or not you're going to build capacity?
A. From my perspective, I'm focused exclusively on what our resource needs are and how best to meet those and that does not include what, for example, we might earn on a resource as a result of the investments we're making.
Q. So the answer is yes?
A. I think so. I wanted to qualify that.
Q. All right. And don't you admit in your own testimony -- and I'm looking at your
rebuttal at page 23, lines 4 through 6 -- that there is evidence that PRA clearing prices are not representative of the true value of capacity?
A. I see the reference.
Q. And don't you further state in your rebuttal testimony on page 23, at lines 12 to 15, that, As the utility tasked with long-term resource planning and an obligation to reliably serve its customers, ENO cannot base its long-term planning decisions on prevailing ACPs in MISO's PRA in any given year? (As read.)
A. I see the reference.
Q. That's a direct quote from your testimony, is it not?
A. That's correct.
Q. But isn't that exactly what ENO recommends that the Council do by approving the proposal for the CT unit?
A. No. What I'm referring to here is historical prices.
Q. But the economic analysis that you have presented to the Council demonstrating that the CT unit is the most cost effective unit is dependent upon that unit --

MS. HAND:
And this may be HSPM. May I show it to counsel?
JUDGE GULIN:
Absolutely. Let's go off the record.
(Whereupon a pause occurred in the proceedings.)
MS. HAND:
Okay. My next couple of questions are going to pertain to HSPM.
JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. I'll ask if those who have not signed the agreement to please step out for a few moments, till notified.
(Whereupon a pause occurred in the proceedings.)



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JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. If you would please invite in the people who left. Thank you.

EXAMINATION BY MS. HAND:
Q. So in spite of the noted volatility in MISO's auction clearing prices, you are asking the Council to rely on your MISO PRA clearing price projections in support of your economic analysis of the total relevant supply cost of the CT; aren't you?
A. We're asking the Council to rely on the analysis that we produced in support of my
testimony, that's correct. But, importantly, there are other factors that the Council should consider.
Q. Thank you.

Looking at your supplemental and amended testimony page 31, starting at line 16.
A. I see the reference.
Q. Now, you refer there to four additional portfolios that the companies analyzed as the requested portfolio; is that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. And you state that those were requested by the advisors; correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. However, isn't it also true that in
your testimony, you admit that you were not able to perform the analysis that was actually requested by the advisors, and, instead, you attempted to simulate the results of the analysis by creating the four so-called requested portfolios instead? Is that correct?
A. So just so I'm clear, are you referring to the footnote on page 32 ?
Q. I'm referring to page 32, lines 3
through 6.
A. Three through 6. Yes, this is where I describe how the expansion algorithm component of Aurora would not solve by virtue of the unreasonable assumption that we could achieve 3 percent goal. The model did not have a need significant enough to solve four, so it couldn't iterate to conclusion. So we had to develop a set of cases that included the same inputs we would have provided to the expansion algorithm so that we could end up effectively in the same place with the same information.
Q. Thank you.

Earlier today Mr. Brown asked you if you had heard about the Tesla battery bank that was just built in Australia. Do you recall that conversation?
A. I recall.
Q. And do you know what the capacity of that battery bank is?
A. I think he referenced it, but $I$ do not know specifically.
Q. Would it surprise you, based on what you know about battery storage, to find out that a battery that is the size of a football
field that is approximately a hundred megawatts of capacity and a hundred and twenty-nine megawatt hours can store enough energy to power about 30,000 homes for one hour?
A. Would it surprise me? Not necessarily.
Q. Would you expect that to be the type of resource that would be of use to you in meeting the identified resource needs here in New Orleans?
A. Only if it were cost effective. Technically speaking, batteries have value, but they're just not cost effective at this time.
Q. But if you had a contingency on the system that had a power outage of several days affecting 50,000 customers in New Orleans, would the battery resource, potentially in combination with solar of that size and with that capability, be able to keep or mitigate the outage and keep homes lit until the fault was corrected?

MR. BROWN:
Objection, Your Honor. This witness has already stated he's not an expert in transmission reliability and that's
clearly what this question is designed to elicit.

MS. HAND:
No. I was asking whether this generation resource, the solar battery, would be able to keep the city lit while the transmission problem was being fixed. I was not asking about the transmission problem itself.

JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. And put it in a -- I think you were trying to put it in the form of a hypothetical.

MS. HAND:
Right.
JUDGE GULIN:
Could you restate the premises?
MS. HAND:
Sure.
EXAMINATION BY MS. HAND:
Q. If you have a hypothetical situation where the city had a transmission fault that created a cascading outage that impacted 49 or 50,000 customers in the city, would a battery unit that has a hundred megawatts of capacity
and a hundred and twenty-nine megawatts that would be able to power 30,000 homes for one hour be of much use in addressing that situation?
A. So it would depend obviously on the circumstances of the hypothetical, but, generally speaking, no, I would not expect that to be particularly useful simply because one hour is much shorter, I think, than most transmission outages last.

MS. HAND:
Thank you, Mr. Cureington. That's all I have.

MR. BROWN:
And, Your Honor, I'd just like to reurge my objection for the record.
JUDGE GULIN:
Very well.
All right. Mr. Olson, was there a redirect?
MR. OLSON:
Give us two minutes, Your Honor.
JUDGE GULIN:
okay.
(Whereupon a pause occurred in the
proceedings.)
MR. OLSON:
We do not have any questions, Your
Honor.
JUDGE GULIN:
Okay. That being the case, we will
call it a day. And, Mr. Cureington, thank you very much for your testimony. You are excused.

Tomorrow we will begin with, I guess, Mr. Fagan at 8:30 tomorrow. So have a good evening.
(Whereupon the proceedings were recessed for the day at 5:09 P.M.)

## REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE

This certification is valid only for a transcript accompanied by my original signature and original required seal on this page.

I, Kathy Shaw-Gallagher, Certified Court Reporter in and for the State of Louisiana, as the officer before whom this testimony was taken, do hereby certify that this testimony was reported by me in stenotype reporting method, was prepared and transcribed by me or under my personal direction and supervision, and is a true and correct transcript to the best of my ability and understanding; that the transcript has been prepared in compliance with transcript format guidelines required by statute or by rules of the board, and that I am informed about the complete arrangement, financial or otherwise, with the person or entity making arrangements for deposition services; that I have acted in compliance with the prohibition on contractual relationships, as defined by Louisiana Code of Civil Procedure Article 1434 and in rules and advisory opinions of the board; that $I$ have no actual knowledge of any prohibited employment or contractual relationship, direct or indirect, between a court reporting firm and any party litigant in this matter nor is there any such relationship between myself and a party litigant in this matter nor is there any such relationship between myself and a party litigant in this matter; I am not related to counsel or to the parties herein, nor am I otherwise interested in the outcome of this matter.

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